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CRASH TEST AND EVALUATION OF THE TxDOT T631 BRIDGE RAIL



Test Report 9-1002-12-10

Cooperative Research Program

TEXAS A&M TRANSPORTATION INSTITUTE COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS

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in cooperation with the Federal Highway Administration and the Texas Department of Transportation <u>http://tti.tamu.edu/documents/9-1002-12-10.pdf</u>



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16. Abstract

In August 2010, Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) developed and crash tested a low-cost, energy-absorbing bridge rail for the *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)* TL-3 applications. This low-cost bridge rail was designed to be compatible with the Midwest Guardrail System (MGS) such that an approach transition would not be required between the two barriers. It was desired that the system minimize bridge deck and rail costs. As part of this project, several concepts for an energy-absorbing bridge post were developed and tested. These concepts included strong-post systems designed with plastic hinges and weak-post systems designed to bend near the attachment to the bridge deck. The final post concept incorporated S3 \times 5.7 steel sections designed to yield at their bases. These posts were located on 6 ft-3 inches on center. A W-beam section was used as the rail element and was attached to the posts with a bolt designed to break during and impact event. Two full-scale crash tests were performed according to the TL-2 impact conditions provided in *MASH*. The new bridge rail system successfully met all the safety performance criteria for *MASH* TL-2.

The Texas Type T631 Bridge Rail was developed as a low-cost, energy absorbing bridge rail system for TL-2 applications. Many of the features used for the system tested at Midwest Roadside Safety Facility for TL-3 were incorporated into the design developed for this project for *MASH* TL-2 application. The TxDOT Type T631 Bridge Rail designed and developed for this project was evaluated under *MASH* TL-2.

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DISCLAIMER

This research was performed in cooperation with the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The contents of this report reflect the views of the authors, who are responsible for the facts and the accuracy of the data presented herein. The contents do not necessarily reflect the official view or policies of the FHWA or TxDOT. This report does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation, and its contents are not intended for construction, bidding, or permit purposes. In addition, the above listed agencies assume no liability for its contents or use thereof. The United States Government and the State of Texas do not endorse products or manufacturers. Trade or manufacturers' names appear herein solely because they are considered essential to the object of this report. The engineer in charge of the project was Roger P. Bligh, P.E. (Texas, #78550).

TTI PROVING GROUND DISCLAIMER

The results of the crash testing reported herein apply only to the article being tested.



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CHAPTER 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The project under which the current research was conducted was set up to provide the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) with a mechanism to quickly and effectively evaluate high-priority issues related to roadside safety devices. Roadside safety devices shield motorists from roadside hazards such as non-traversable terrain and fixed objects. To maintain the desired level of safety for the motoring public, these safety devices must be designed to accommodate a variety of site conditions, placement locations, and a changing vehicle fleet. Periodically, there is a need to assess the compliance of existing safety devices with current vehicle testing criteria and develop new devices that address identified needs.

Under this project, roadside safety issues were identified and prioritized for investigation. Each roadside safety issue was addressed with a separate work plan, and the results are summarized in individual test reports.

1.2 BACKGROUND

In August 2010, Midwest Roadside Safety Facility (MwRSF) developed and crash-tested a low-cost, energy-absorbing bridge rail for American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)* Test Level 3 (TL-3) applications (1, 2). This low-cost bridge rail was designed to be compatible with the Midwest Guardrail System (MGS) such that an approach transition would not be required between the two barriers. It was desired that the system minimize bridge deck and rail costs. As part of this project, several concepts for an energy-absorbing bridge post were developed and tested. These concepts included strong-post systems designed with plastic hinges and weak-post systems designed to bend near the attachment to the bridge deck. The final post concept incorporated S3 × 5.7 steel sections designed to yield at their bases. The posts were spaced on 6 ft-3 inch centers. A W-beam section was used as the rail element and was attached to the posts with a bolt designed to break during an impact event. Two full-scale crash tests were performed according to the TL-2 impact conditions provided in *MASH*. The new bridge rail system successfully met all the safety performance criteria for *MASH*.

The Texas Type T631 bridge rail was developed as a low-cost, energy-absorbing bridge rail system for TL-2 applications. Many of the features used for the system tested at MwRSF for TL-3 were incorporated into the design developed for this project for *MASH* TL-2 application. The TxDOT Type T631 bridge rail designed and developed for this project was evaluated under *MASH* TL-2.

1.3 OBJECTIVE/SCOPE OF RESEARCH

The objective of this research was to evaluate the impact performance of the new TxDOT Type T631 bridge rail. The TxDOT Type T631 bridge rail is intended to serve as a low-cost replacement for the TxDOT Type T6 bridge rail for *MASH* TL-2 applications. The TxDOT T631 bridge rail is intended for new construction. The crash testing was performed in accordance with the requirements of *MASH* TL-2.

This report describes the TxDOT Type T631 bridge rail, documents the performance of the rail system according to *MASH* TL-2 specificaitons, and presents recommendations regarding implementation and future work.

CHAPTER 2. SYSTEM DETAILS

2.1 TEST ARTICLE DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION

The test installation consisted of a W-beam rail element and structural steel posts welded to steel baseplates that anchored to a concrete cantilever deck. The bridge rail was anchored on each end using a standard 25-ft ET-PLUS end terminal. The total installation length was 168 ft 9 inches. Twenty-eight posts were equally spaced at 6 ft 3 inches on center. The height of the W-beam rail element was approximately 31 inches to the top of the W-beam rail element.

Bridge rail Posts 7 through 23 were installed as S3×5.7 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) A992 structural steel posts welded to base plates and subsequently bolted through the bridge deck cantilever (see Figure 2.1). The base plates were 8 inches × 8 inches × $\frac{5}{8}$ inch thick ASTM A529 grade 55 steel and were welded to the bottom of each of Posts 7 through 23 with continuous $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch fillet welds. The center lines of the posts and base plates coincided. The base plates contained four $\frac{3}{4}$ -inch × 1-inch oblong bolting slots. Each base plate was attached to the bridge deck cantilever with four $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch diameter × 10-inch long FBX16a ASTM A325 bolts from below with an 8-inch × $\frac{6}{4}$ -inch × $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch thick ASTM A36 steel washer plate on the bottom and corresponding $\frac{5}{8}$ -inch flat washers, lock washers, and hex nuts on top.



Figure 2.1. Cross Section of the T631 Bridge Rail.

For this test installation, a reinforced concrete bridge deck cantilever was constructed by adding on to the existing concrete runway mat. The cantilever was 30 inches wide \times 101 ft 6 inches long \times 8 inches thick reinforced concrete with a minimum specified unconfined compressive strength of 4000 psi. The centerlines of Posts 7 through 23 were located laterally approximately 5½ inches from the field side edge of the cantilevered deck slab.

Transverse reinforcement in the deck cantilever consisted of two layers of #5 reinforcing bars at approximately 2 inches and $6\frac{3}{4}$ inches below the upper surface of the deck. The transverse bars were welded to the existing rebar that protrudes from the edge of the runway. The upper transverse bars were spaced on 6-inch centers and longitudinally joined with #4 reinforcing bars placed at 2 inches, 11 inches, and 20 inches from the field side face of the cantilever and located on the bottom side of the upper transverse bars. The lower transverse bars were spaced on 18-inch centers longitudinally joined with three runs of #5 reinforcing bars placed at 2 inches, $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches, and $17\frac{1}{2}$ inches from the field side face of the cantilever and located on the lower traverse bars.

Longitudinal reinforcement was overlapped a minimum of 15 inches for the #4 rebar in the top layer and overlapped a minimum of 19 inches for the #5 rebar in the bottom layer (see sheet 6 in Appendix A). All unions of longitudinal, traverse, and vertical rebar were wire-tied on site. The bolts were inserted through the deck via four ³/₄-inch nominal diameter EMT conduit sleeves cast into the deck at each of Posts 7 through 23.

Posts 1 and 28 were standard ET-PLUS cable release posts (CRPs) fabricated from W6×8.5 structural steel shape, and embedded in the soil per a typical ET-Plus Terminal installation A standard ET-PLUS anchor cable and cable anchor bracket were used to anchor the W-beam rail to Post 1 and Post 28. A $3 \times 3 \times \frac{1}{4}$ inch steel angle ground strut on the field side of the terminals connected Posts 1 and 2, and Posts 27 and 28 (refer to sheet 3 in Appendix A). Posts 2, 3, and 4 and Posts 25, 26, and 27 were steel yielding terminal posts (SYTPs) fabricated from W6×8.5 structural steel shapes, and embedded in the soil per a typical ET-Plus Terminal installation. Posts 5, 6, and 24 were standard W6×8.5 structural steel line posts (SLPs) embedded in drilled and tamped soil as found in a typical ET-Plus Terminal installation.

The W-beam guardrail was attached to Posts 3, 4, 5, and 6, and Posts 24, 25, and 26 with standard routed wooden offset spacer blocks (type PDB01b).

On the cantilevered deck, posts 7 through 23 were 32 inches in overall height and had two $\frac{3}{8}$ -inch diameter holes drilled in the impact side flange of each post 25 inches above the base to attach the W-beam. The W-beam was attached using one $\frac{5}{16}$ -inch diameter by $2\frac{1}{2}$ -inch long ASTM A307 bolt per post, each assembled with a corresponding standard square guardrail washer, a $\frac{5}{16}$ -inch flat washer, lock washer, hex nut, and jam nut.

Bent backup plates were used between the posts and the W-beam rail at Posts 7 through 23 (see sheet 5 in Appendix A). These backup plates were 14½ inches tall, fabricated from 6-inch wide, ¼-inch thick ASTM A36 strap with a 3-inch wide flat and equal legs (of approximately 1¾ inches) bent longitudinally away from the guardrail at 45 degrees. Each backup plate contained two 5%-inch diameter holes for attaching to the posts (one for attaching the guardrail, and one for a

shelf bolt, below). Additionally, one $\frac{9}{16}$ -inch diameter hole was drilled in one leg of the impact side flange of each post $18\frac{1}{2}$ inches above the base to accommodate the installation of the shelf bolt ($\frac{1}{2}$ -inch diameter by $1\frac{1}{2}$ -inch long ASTM A307 bolt with two hex nuts). W-beam guardrail sections were joined with standard $1\frac{1}{4}$ -inch guardrail bolts and nuts.

Appendix A provides detailed drawings for the installation, and Figure 2.2 provides photographs of the completed installation.

2.2 MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

The TxDOT Class S specified minimum unconfined compressive strength of the concrete for the bridge deck cantilever was 4000 psi. The compressive strengths of the two batches of concrete used in the deck cantilever one and two days after the crash test measured an average of 6770 psi (at 28 days), and 4610 psi (at 28 days). Appendix B provides the concrete strength testing results for the bridge deck test installation.

Reinforcement of the bridge deck was comprised of ASTM A615 grade 60 material that Texas A&M Transportation Institute had fabricated onsite. Appendix B contains mill certifications sheets and other certification documents for the materials used in the bridge deck test installation.

2.3 SOIL CONDITIONS

The ends of the test installation were installed in standard soil meeting AASHTO standard specifications for "Materials for Aggregate and Soil Aggregate Subbase, Base and Surface Courses," designated M147-65(2004), grading B.

In accordance with Appendix B of *MASH*, soil strength was measured on the day of the crash test. During installation of the T631 bridge rail for full-scale crash testing, two standard W6×16 posts were installed in the immediate vicinity of the T631 bridge rail, using the same fill materials and installation procedures in the standard dynamic test. As determined in the tests shown in Figure C1 in Appendix C, the minimum post load required for deflections at 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches, measured at a height of 25 inches, is 3940 lb, 5500 lb, and 6540 lb, respectively (90 percent of static load for the initial standard installation).

On the day of Test No. 490023-1a, August 13, 2013, load on the post at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches was 8300 lbf, 5700 lbf, and 6300 lbf, respectively. The strength of the backfill material was slightly below minimum requirements at 15 inches (see Figure C2 in Appendix C); however, the soil was considered appropriate for testing. On the day of Test No. 490023-2, August 15, 2013, load on the post at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches was 7800 lbf, 8838 lbf, and 7926 lbf, respectively. The strength of the backfill material met minimum requirements (see Figure C3 in Appendix C).



Figure 2.2. T631 Bridge Rail Installation before Test No. 490023-6-1a.

CHAPTER 3. TEST REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

3.1 CRASH TEST MATRIX

According to *MASH*, two tests are recommended to evaluate longitudinal barriers to Test Level Two (TL-2).

- *MASH* Test 2-10: A 2420-lb vehicle impacting the critical impact point (CIP) of the length of need (LON) of the barrier at a nominal impact speed and angle of 44 mi/h and 25 degrees, respectively. This test investigates a barrier's ability to successfully contain and redirect a small passenger vehicle.
- *MASH* Test 2-11: A 5000-lb pickup truck impacting the CIP of the LON of the barrier at a nominal impact speed and angle of 44 mi/h and 25 degrees, respectively. This test investigates a barrier's ability to successfully contain and redirect light trucks and sport utility vehicles.

The tests reported herein correspond to *MASH* Test 2-10 and *MASH* Test 2-11. The target CIP for *MASH* Test 2-10 was 12.0 ft upstream of centerline Post 13, and the target CIP for *MASH* Test 2-11 was 6 ft 8³/₈ inches upstream of centerline Post 11.

The crash tests and data analysis procedures performed for this research were in accordance with guidelines presented in *MASH*, and a brief description of these are provided in Chapter 4.

3.2 EVALUATION CRITERIA

The crash tests were evaluated in accordance with the criteria presented in *MASH*. The performance of the T631 bridge rail is judged on the basis of three factors: structural adequacy, occupant risk, and post-impact vehicle trajectory. Structural adequacy is judged on the ability of the T631 bridge rail to contain and redirect the vehicle, or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop in a predictable manner. Occupant risk criteria evaluate the potential risk of hazard to occupants in the impacting vehicle, and, to some extent, other traffic, pedestrians, or workers in construction zones, if applicable. Post-impact vehicle trajectory is assessed to determine potential for secondary impact with other vehicles or fixed objects, creating further risk of injury to occupants of the impacting vehicle and/or risk of injury to occupants in other vehicles. The appropriate safety evaluation criteria from Table 5-1 of *MASH* were used to evaluate each crash test reported here, and are listed in further detail under the assessment of each crash test.

CHAPTER 4. CRASH TEST PROCEDURES

4.1 TEST FACILITY

The full-scale crash tests reported here were performed at Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) Proving Ground, an International Standards Organization (ISO) 17025 accredited laboratory with American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) Mechanical Testing certificate 2821.01. The full-scale crash tests were performed according to TTI Proving Ground quality procedures and the *MASH* guidelines and standards.

The TTI Proving Ground is a 2000-acre complex of research and training facilities located 10 miles northwest of the main campus of Texas A&M University. The site, formerly an Air Force base, has large expanses of concrete runways and parking aprons well-suited for experimental research and testing in the areas of vehicle performance and handling, vehicle-roadway interaction, durability and efficacy of highway pavements, and safety evaluation of roadside safety hardware. The site selected for construction and testing of the T631 bridge rail was along the edge of an out-of-service apron. The apron consists of an unreinforced jointed-concrete pavement in 12.5-ft \times 15-ft blocks nominally 6 inches deep. The apron is over 60 years old, and the joints have some displacement, but are otherwise flat and level.

4.2 VEHICLE TOW AND GUIDANCE PROCEDURES

The test vehicles were towed into the test installation using a steel cable guidance and reverse tow system. A steel cable for guiding the test vehicle was tensioned along the path, anchored at each end, and threaded through an attachment to the front wheel of the test vehicle. An additional steel cable was connected to the test vehicle, passed around a pulley near the impact point, through a pulley on the tow vehicle, and then anchored to the ground such that the tow vehicle moved away from the test site. A 2:1 speed ratio between the test and tow vehicle existed with this system. Just prior to impact with the installation, the test vehicle was released to be unrestrained. The vehicle remained freewheeling (i.e., no steering or braking inputs) until it cleared the immediate area of the test site, after which the brakes were activated to bring it to a safe and controlled stop, if needed.

4.3 DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS

4.3.1 Vehicle Instrumentation and Data Processing

The test vehicles were instrumented with a self-contained, on-board data acquisition system. The signal conditioning and acquisition system is a 16-channel, Tiny Data Acquisition System (TDAS) Pro that Diversified Technical Systems, Inc. produced. The accelerometers, which measure the x, y, and z axis of vehicle acceleration, are strain gauge type with linear millivolt output proportional to acceleration. Angular rate sensors, measuring vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw rates, are ultra-small, solid state units designed for crash test service. The TDAS Pro hardware and software conform to the latest SAE J211, Instrumentation for Impact Test. Each of the 16 channels is capable of providing precision amplification, scaling, and filtering based on

transducer specifications and calibrations. During the test, data are recorded from each channel at a rate of 10,000 values per second with a resolution of one part in 65,536. Once data are recorded, internal batteries back these up inside the unit should the primary battery cable be severed. Initial contact of the pressure switch on the vehicle bumper provides a time zero mark as well as initiates the recording process. After each test, the data are downloaded from the TDAS Pro unit into a laptop computer at the test site. The Test Risk Assessment Program (TRAP) software then processes the raw data to produce detailed reports of the test results. Each of the TDAS Pro units is returned to the factory annually for complete recalibration. Accelerometers and rate transducers are also calibrated annually with traceability to the National Institute for Standards and Technology. Acceleration data are measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 1.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent (k = 2).

TRAP uses the data from the TDAS Pro to compute occupant/compartment impact velocities, time of occupant/compartment impact after vehicle impact, and the highest 10-millisecond (ms) average ridedown acceleration. TRAP calculates change in vehicle velocity at the end of a given impulse period. In addition, maximum average accelerations over 50-ms intervals in each of the three directions are computed. For reporting purposes, the data from the vehicle-mounted accelerometers are filtered with a 60-Hz digital filter, and acceleration versus time curves for the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions are plotted using TRAP.

TRAP uses the data from the yaw, pitch, and roll rate transducers to compute angular displacement in degrees at 0.0001-s intervals, then plots yaw, pitch, and roll versus time. These displacements are in reference to the vehicle-fixed coordinate system with the initial position and orientation of the vehicle-fixed coordinate systems being initial impact. Rate of rotation data is measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 0.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent (k=2).

4.3.2 Anthropomorphic Dummy Instrumentation

An Alderson Research Laboratories Hybrid II, 50th percentile male anthropomorphic dummy, restrained with lap and shoulder belts, was placed in the driver's position of the 1100C vehicle. The dummy was uninstrumented. Use of a dummy in the 2270P vehicle is optional according to *MASH*, and no dummy was used in the test with the 2270P vehicle.

4.3.3 Photographic Instrumentation and Data Processing

Photographic coverage of the test included three high-speed cameras: one overhead with a field of view perpendicular to the ground and directly over the impact point; one placed behind the installation at an angle; and a third placed to have a field of view parallel to and aligned with the installation at the downstream end. A flashbulb activated by pressure-sensitive tape switches was positioned on the impacting vehicle to indicate the instant of contact with the installation and was visible from each camera. The films from these high-speed cameras were analyzed on a computer-linked motion analyzer to observe phenomena occurring during the collision and to obtain time-event, displacement, and angular data. A mini-DV camera and still cameras recorded and documented conditions of the test vehicle and installation before and after the test.

CHAPTER 5. MASH TEST 2-11 TEST RESULTS

5.1 **TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS**

MASH Test 2-11 involves a 2270P vehicle weighing 5000 lb \pm 110 lb and impacting the bridge rail at an impact speed of 44 mi/h ± 2.5 mi/h and an angle of 25 degrees ± 1.5 degrees. The target impact point was 12.0 ft upstream of centerline post 13 (1 ft downstream of Post 11). The 2008 Dodge Ram 1500 pickup truck used in the test weighed 5050 lb; the actual impact speed and angle were 44.9 mi/h and 24.9 degrees, respectively. The actual impact point was 6 inches downstream of Post 11. Target impact severity (IS) was 57.8 kip-ft, and actual IS was 60.3 kip-ft.

5.2 **TEST VEHICLE**

Figures 5.1 and 5.2 show the 2008 Dodge Ram 1500 pickup truck used for the crash test. Test inertia weight of the vehicle was 5050 lb, and its gross static weight was 5050 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 15.50 inches, and it was 27.50 inches to the upper edge of the bumper. The height to the vehicle's center of gravity was 28.25 inches. Tables C1 and C2 in Appendix C give additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using the cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.

5.3 WEATHER CONDITIONS

The test was performed on the morning of August 8, 2013. Weather conditions at the

time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 9 mi/h; wind direction: 179 degrees with respect to the vehicle (vehicle was traveling in a northwesterly direction); temperature: 89°F; relative humidity: 62 percent.

5.4 **TEST DESCRIPTION**

The 2008 Dodge Ram 1500 pickup truck, traveling at an impact speed of 44.9 mi/h, impacted the T631 bridge rail 6 inches downstream of post 11 at an impact angle of 24.9 degrees. At approximately 0.093 s, the left front tire reached the edge of the bridge deck and began to drop off the edge of the bridge deck. Post 11 fractured at the base plate at 0.114 s, and the rear of the vehicle contacted the bridge rail at 0.285 s. At 0.354 s, the left front tire rode back up onto the bridge deck while the left rear tire slipped off the bridge deck. At 0.545 s, the vehicle lost contact with the bridge rail and was traveling at an exit speed and angle of 30.0 mi/h and 6.3 degrees, respectively. Brakes on the vehicle were not applied, and the vehicle came to rest 119 ft downstream of impact with the rear of the vehicle 2 ft from the traffic face of the bridge rail. Figures C1 and C2 in Appendix C show sequential photographs of the test period.





Figure 5.1. Vehicle/Installation Geometrics for Test No. 490023-6-1a.



Figure 5.2. Vehicle before Test No. 490023-6-1a.

5.5 DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

Post 1 was pulled downstream 0.25 inch, and Posts 10 and 11 were leaning toward the field side 2 degrees and 20 degrees, respectively. Posts 12 through 14 were leaning downstream 90 degrees; there was a partial tear at the base, and the rail separated from the posts. Post 15 was leaning towards the field side 5 degrees and downstream 14 degrees, and the rail separated from the post. The vehicle contacted the installation a second time at the downstream terminal post and anchor. Figures 5.3 and 5.4 show damage to the installation. The vehicle was in contact with the bridge rail 22.25 ft. Maximum dynamic deflection of the bridge rail was 25.7 inches, and permanent deformation was 21.5 inches. Working width was 30.0 inches, and vehicle intrusion was 28.8 inches.

5.6 VEHICLE DAMAGE

Figure 5.5 shows damage to the exterior of the vehicle. The left front wheel assembly broke from the upper and lower ball joints; the left upper and lower ball joints, A-arms, and left front tie rod end were deformed. Also damaged were the front bumper, left front fender, left front brake line, left front door, left front tire and wheel rim, left rear tire, left rear exterior bed, and the left rear bumper. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 6 inches in the side plane at the left front corner at bumper height. No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred. Figure 5.6 provides photographs of the interior of the vehicle. Tables C3 and C4 in Appendix C provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.

5.7 OCCUPANT RISK FACTORS

Data from the accelerometer, located at the vehicle center of gravity, were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk. In the longitudinal direction, the occupant impact velocity was 10.5 ft/s at 0.178 s, the highest 0.010-s occupant ridedown acceleration was 10.0 Gs from 0.342 to 0.352 s, and the maximum 0.050-s average acceleration was -2.6 Gs between 0.303 and 0.353 s. In the lateral direction, the occupant impact velocity was 12.5ft/s at 0.178 s, the highest 0.010-s occupant ridedown acceleration was 5.3 Gs from 0.297 to 0.287 s, and the maximum 0.050-s average was 3.8 Gs between 0.265 and 0.315 s. Theoretical Head Impact Velocity (THIV) was 17.2 km/h or 4.8 m/s at 0.172 s; Post-Impact Head Decelerations (PHD) was 10.1 Gs between 0.342 and 0.352 s; and Acceleration Severity Index (ASI) was 0.49 between 0.380 and 0.430 s. Figure 5.7 summarized these data and other pertinent information from the test. Figures C3 through C9 in Appendix C show the vehicle angular displacements and accelerations versus time traces.



Figure 5.3. Test Article/Vehicle Positions after Test No. 490023-6-1a.



Figure 5.4. Installation after Test No. 490023-6-1a.



Figure 5.5. Vehicle after Test No. 490023-6-1a.



Figure 5.6. Interior of Vehicle for Test No. 490023-6-1a.

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Figure 5.7. Summary of Results for MASH Test 2-11 on the T631 Bridge Rail.

5.8 ASSESSENT OF RESULTS

An assessment of the test based on the applicable *MASH* safety evaluation criteria is provided below.

5.8.1 Structural Adequacy

- *A.* Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.
- <u>Results</u>: The TxDOT T631 bridge rail contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the bridge rail. Maximum dynamic deflection was 25.7 inches. (PASS)

5.8.2 Occupant Risk

D. Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.

Deformation of, or intrusions into the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH. (roof ≤ 4.0 inches; windshield = ≤ 3.0 inches; side windows = no shattering by test article structural member; wheel/foot well/toe pan ≤ 9.0 inches; forward of A-pillar ≤ 12.0 inches; front side door area above seat ≤ 9.0 inches; front side door below seat ≤ 12.0 inches; floor pan/transmission tunnel area ≤ 12.0 inches).

- <u>Results</u>: The rail element separated from four posts but remained attached to the remaining installation; however, this detached element did not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present a hazard to others in the area. (PASS) No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred. (PASS)
- *F.* The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.
- <u>Results</u>: The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 6 degrees and 3 degrees, respectively. (PASS)

H. Occupant impact velocities should satisfy the following:

Longitudinal and Lateral Occupant Impact Velocity		
<u>Preferred</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	
30 ft/s	40 ft/s	

- <u>Results</u>: Longitudinal occupant impact velocity was 10.5 ft/s, and lateral occupant impact velocity was 12.5 ft/s. (PASS)
- *I.* Occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following:

Longitudinal and Lateral Occupant Ridedown Accelerations		
<u>Preferred</u>	<u>Maximum</u>	
15.0 Gs	20.49 Gs	

<u>Results</u>: Longitudinal ridedown acceleration was 10.0 G, and lateral ridedown acceleration was 5.3 G. (PASS)

5.8.3 Vehicle Trajectory

For redirective devices, the vehicle shall exit the barrier within the exit box (not less than 32.8 ft).

<u>Result</u>: The 2270P vehicle remained near the installation as it lost contact, and exited within the exit box criteria.

CHAPTER 6. MASH TEST 2-10 RESULTS

6.1 TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS

MASH Test 2-10 involves a 1100C vehicle weighing 2420 lb \pm 55 lb and impacting the test article at an impact speed of 44 mi/h \pm 2.5 mi/h and an angle of 25 degrees \pm 1.5 degrees. The target impact point was 6 ft 8 $\frac{3}{8}$ inches upstream of centerline post. The 2008 Kia Rio used in the test weighed 2421 lb and the actual impact speed and angle were 43.8 mi/h and 25.2 degrees, respectively. The actual impact point was 6 ft-3 inches upstream of Post 11 (at Post 10). Target IS was 28.0 kip-ft, and actual IS was 28.1 kip-ft.

6.2 TEST VEHICLE

Figures 6.1 and 6.2 show the 2008 Kia Rio used for the crash test. Test inertia weight of the vehicle was 2421 lb, and its gross static weight was 2586 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 6.75 inches, and it was 21.50 inches to the upper edge of the bumper. Table D1 in Appendix D gives additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using the cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be free-wheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.

6.3 WEATHER CONDITIONS

The test was performed on the morning of August 15, 2013. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 2 mi/h; wind direction: 49 degrees with respect to the vehicle (vehicle was traveling in a northwesterly direction); temperature: 87°F; relative humidity: 68 percent.



6.4 TEST DESCRIPTION

The 2008 Kia Rio, traveling at an impact speed of 43.8 mi/h, impacted the T631 bridge rail 6 ft 3 inches upstream of Post 11 at an impact angle of 25.2 degrees. At approximately 0.038 s, the left front tire contacted Post 10, and at 0.061 s, the rail element detached from Post 10. The left front tire reached the edge of the bridge deck by 0.086 s and began to drop downward. At 0.105 s, the rail element pulled away from Post 11, and at 0.156 s, the bumper contacted the bridge deck. The rail element separated from Post 12 at 0.232 s and caught on the left front tire. By 0.242 s, the vehicle contacted Post 12, and at 0.339 s. the left rear tire rode over the base of Post 11. At 0.345 s, the vehicle was traveling parallel with the guardrail. The left front tire contacted Post 13, which detached from the rail element, and the left rear tire rode over the base of Post 13 at 0.550 s. At 0.638 s, the vehicle lost contact with the rail element and was traveling at an exit speed and angle of 20.1 mi/h and 9.3 degrees, respectively. Brakes on the vehicle were not applied, and the vehicle came to rest 49 ft downstream of impact and 3 ft in front of the traffic face of the guardrail. Figures D1 and D2 in Appendix D show sequential photographs of the test period.



Figure 6.1. Vehicle/Installation Geometrics for Test No. 490023-6-2.


Figure 6.2. Vehicle before Test No. 490023-6-2.

6.5 DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

Post 9 was leaning towards the field side 4 degrees. Post 10 was leaning towards the field side 95 degrees and the front flange and webbing were torn. Post 11 was leaning downstream 85 degrees and towards the field side 10 degrees; the front flange was partially torn, and the backup plate released. Post 12 was leaning downstream 85 degrees and the back flange was partially torn. Post 12 was leaning downstream 8 degrees. Figures 6.3 and 6.4 show damage to the installation. The 1100C vehicle was in contact with the bridge rail 17.8 ft. Maximum dynamic deflection of the bridge rail during the test was 22.6 inches, and maximum permanent deformation was 15.0 inches. Working width was 25.5 inches, and vehicle penetration was 30.3 inches.

6.6 VEHICLE DAMAGE

Figure 6.5 shows damage to the 1100C vehicle. The left strut, strut tower, and left tie rod end were deformed. Also damaged were the front bumper, hood, left front fender, left front tire and wheel rim, and the left front door. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 9.5 inches in the side plane at the left front corner at bumper height. No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred. Figure 6.6 provides photographs of the interior of the vehicle. Tables D3 and D4 in Appendix D provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.

6.7 OCCUPANT RISK FACTORS

Data from the accelerometer, located at the vehicle center of gravity, were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk. In the longitudinal direction, the occupant impact velocity was 20.3 ft/s at 0.191 s, the highest 0.010-s occupant ridedown acceleration was 6.7 Gs from 0.460 to 0.470 s, and the maximum 0.050-s average acceleration was -4.9 Gs between 0.035 and 0.085 s. In the lateral direction, the occupant impact velocity was 5.6 ft/s at 0.191 s, the highest 0.010-s occupant ridedown acceleration was 5.3 Gs from 0.465 to 0.475 s, and the maximum 0.050-s average was 3.3 Gs between 0.017 and 0.067 s. Theoretical Head Impact Velocity (THIV) was 23.7 km/h or 6.6 m/s at 0.196 s; Post-Impact Head Decelerations (PHD) was 7.0 Gs between 0.460 and 0.470 s; and Acceleration Severity Index (ASI) was 0.62 between 0.048 and 0.098 s. Figure 6.7 summarized these data and other pertinent information from the test. Figures D3 through D9 in Appendix D show the vehicle angular displacements and accelerations versus time traces.



Figure 6.3. Test Article/Vehicle Positions after Test No. 490023-6-2.



Figure 6.4. Installation after Test No. 490023-6-2.



Figure 6.5. Vehicle after Test No. 490023-6-2.



Figure 6.6. Interior of Vehicle for Test No. 490023-6-2.



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Test Agency	Fexas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)
Test Standard Test No	MASH Test 2-10
TTI Test No	190023-6-2
Test Date	2013-08-15
Test Article	
Туре	3ridge Rail
Name	rxDOT T631 Bridge Rail
Installation Length	168.75 ft
Material or Key Elements	
•	

Soil Type and ConditionConcrete Deck, Dry Test Vehicle Type/Designation......1100C

.) p c/ 2 c c g a a c	
Make and Model	2008 Kia Rio
Curb	2418 lb
Test Inertial	2421 lb
Dummy	165 lb
Gross Static	

Speed43.8 mi/h Location/OrientationPost 10 Exit Conditions Speed20.1 mi/h Angle9.3 degrees Occupant Risk Values Impact Velocity Longitudinal20.3 ft/s Lateral5.3 ft/s Ridedown Accelerations Longitudinal6.7 G Lateral5.3 G THIV23.7 km/h (6.6 m/s) PHD7.0 G ASI.....0.62 Max. 0.050-s Average Longitudinal-4.9 G Vertical1.8 G

Post-Impact Trajectory Stopping Distance 49 ft dwnstrm 3 ft twd traffic Vehicle Stability Maximum Pitch Angle 3 degrees Maximum Roll Angle7 degrees Vehicle Snagging No Vehicle Pocketing......No Test Article Deflections Permanent...... 15.0 inches Working Width 25.5 inches Vehicle Damage CDC 11FLEW4 Max. Exterior Deformation 9.5 inches OCDI LF0000000 Max. Occupant Compartment DeformationNone

Figure 6.7. Summary of Results for MASH Test 2-11 on the T631 Bridge Rail.

6.8 ASSESSENT OF RESULTS

An assessment of the test based on the applicable *MASH* safety evaluation criteria is provided below.

6.8.1 Structural Adequacy

- B. Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.
- <u>Results</u>: The TxDOT T631 bridge rail contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the bridge rail. Maximum dynamic deflection was 22.6 inches. (PASS)

6.8.2 Occupant Risk

D. Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.

Deformation of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH. (roof ≤ 4.0 inches; windshield = ≤ 3.0 inches; side windows = no shattering by test article structural member; wheel/foot well/toe pan ≤ 9.0 inches; forward of A-pillar ≤ 12.0 inches; front side door area above seat ≤ 9.0 inches; front side door below seat ≤ 12.0 inches; floor pan/transmission tunnel area ≤ 12.0 inches).

- <u>Results</u>: The rail element separated from three posts but remained attached to the remaining installation; however, this detached element did not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present a hazard to others in the area. (PASS) No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred. (PASS)
- *F.* The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.
- <u>Results</u>: The 1100C vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 7 degrees and 3 degrees, respectively. (PASS)
- *H.* Occupant impact velocities should satisfy the following:

Longitudinal and Lateral	Occupant Impact Velocity
<u>Preferred</u>	<u>Maximum</u>
30 ft/s	40 ft/s

- <u>Results</u>: Longitudinal occupant impact velocity was 20.3 ft/s, and lateral occupant impact velocity was 5.6 ft/s. (PASS)
- I. Occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following:

Longitudinal and Lateral C	Decupant Ridedown Accelerations
Preferred	Maximum
15.0 Gs	20.49 Gs

<u>Results</u>: Longitudinal ridedown acceleration was 6.7 G, and lateral ridedown acceleration was 5.3 G. (PASS)

6.8.3 Vehicle Trajectory

For redirective devices, the vehicle shall exit the barrier within the exit box (not less than 32.8 ft).

<u>Result</u>: The 1100C vehicle remained near the installation as it lost contact, and exited within the exit box criteria. (PASS)

CHAPTER 7. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

7.1 SUMMARY OF RESULTS

7.1.1 *MASH* Test 2-11 (Crash Test No. 490023-6-1a)

The TxDOT T631 bridge rail contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the bridge rail. Maximum dynamic deflection was 25.7 inches. The rail element separated from four posts but remained attached to the remaining installation; however, this detached element did not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present a hazard to others in the area. No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred. The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 6 degrees and 3 degrees, respectively. Occupant risk factors were within the limits specified in *MASH*. The 2270P vehicle remained near the installation as it lost contact, and exited within the exit box criteria.

7.1.2 MASH Test 2-10 (Crash Test No. 490023-6-2)

The TxDOT T631 bridge rail contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the bridge rail. Maximum dynamic deflection was 22.6 inches. The rail element separated from three posts but remained attached to the remaining installation; however, this detached element did not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present a hazard to others in the area. No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred. The 1100C vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 7 degrees and 3 degrees, respectively. Occupant risk factors were within the limits specified in *MASH*. The 1100C vehicle remained near the installation as it lost contact, and exited within the exit box criteria.

7.2 CONCLUSIONS

Tables 7.1 and 7.2 show that the TxDOT T631 bridge rail performed acceptably for TL-2 of *MASH*.

Table 7.1. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 2-11 on the T631 Bridge Rail.

Te	st Agency: Texas Transportation Institute	Test No.: 490023-6-1a Test D	ate: 2013-08-08
	MASH Test 2-11 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
Str A.	uctural Adequacy Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	The TxDOT T631 bridge rail contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the bridge rail. Maximum dynamic deflection was 25.7 inches.	Pass
	cupant Risk Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.	The rail element separated from four posts but remained attached to the remaining installation; however, this detached element did not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present a hazard to others in the area.	Pass
	Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.	No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred.	Pass
<i>F</i> .	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 6 degrees and 3 degrees, respectively.	Pass
Н.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant impact velocities should fall below the preferred value of 30 ft/s, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.	Longitudinal occupant impact velocity was 10.5 ft/s, and lateral occupant impact velocity was 12.5 ft/s.	Pass
Ι.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant ridedown accelerations should fall below the preferred value of 15.0 Gs, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 20.49 Gs.	Longitudinal ridedown acceleration was 10.0 G, and lateral ridedown acceleration was 5.3 G.	Pass
Ve	hicle Trajectory For redirective devices, the vehicle shall exit the barrier within the exit box (not less than 32.8 ft).	The 2270P vehicle remained near the installation as it lost contact, and exited within the exit box criteria.	Pass

Tes	st Agency: Texas Transportation Institute	Test No.: 490023-6-2 Test Da	te: 2013-08-15
	MASH Test 2-10 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
Stru A.	actural Adequacy Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.	The TxDOT T631 bridge rail contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the bridge rail. Maximum dynamic deflection was 22.6 inches.	Pass
Occ D.	cupant Risk Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.	The rail element separated from three posts but remained attached to the remaining installation; however, this detached element did not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present a hazard to others in the area.	Pass
	Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.3 and Appendix E of MASH.	No occupant compartment deformation or intrusion occurred.	Pass
<i>F</i> .	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.	The 1100C vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 7 degrees and 3 degrees, respectively.	Pass
Н.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant impact velocities should fall below the preferred value of 30 ft/s, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.	Longitudinal occupant impact velocity was 20.3 ft/s, and lateral occupant impact velocity was 5.6 ft/s.	Pass
Ι.	Longitudinal and lateral occupant ridedown accelerations should fall below the preferred value of 15.0 Gs, or at least below the maximum allowable value of 20.49 Gs.	Longitudinal ridedown acceleration was 6.7 G, and lateral ridedown acceleration was 5.3 G.	Pass
Vel	hicle Trajectory For redirective devices, the vehicle shall exit the barrier within the exit box (not less than 32.8 ft).	The 1100C vehicle remained near the installation as it lost contact, and exited within the exit box criteria.	Pass

Table 7.2. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 2-10 on the T631 Bridge Rail.

CHAPTER 8. IMPLEMENTATION STATEMENT

The Texas Type T631 bridge rail met all the performance criteria for *MASH* TL-2. The Texas Type T631 bridge rail, as tested herein, is recommended for *MASH* TL-2 application on new and existing bridge construction.

REFERENCES

- 1. AASHTO, *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware*, American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, Washington, D.C., 2009.
- Jeffrey Thiele, Dean Sicking, Ronald Faller, Robert Bielenberg, Karla (Polivka) Lechtenberg, John Reid, and Scott Rosenbaugh. <u>Development of a Low-Cost, Energy-</u> <u>Absorbing Bridge Rail</u>, MwRSF Research Report No. TRP-03-226-10, Midwest Roadside Safety Facility, University of Nebraska-Lincoln, 2010.





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-12012-2013\490023 TxDOT\-6 T631\490023-6-1a\Drafting\490023-6-1a Drawing

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APPENDIX B. CERTIFICATION DOCUMENTATION

B1. CRASH TEST NO. 490023-6-1a

		MATERIAL USED			
TEST NUMBER	490023-1a				
TEST NAME	T631				
DATE	2013-08-08				
DATE RECEIVED	ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	SUPPLIER	HEAT #	
2013-06-28	Strap-12-05	5/8 x 8 x 240	Mack Bolt & Steel	JW1310233802	
2013-07-23	Hardware-12-01	bolts, nuts, etc.	Trinity	see attached	
2013-05-22	Parts-36	guardrail parts	Trinity	see attached	see note
2013-04-19	S-section-01	S3x5.7 x 240	Mack Bolt & Steel	26008630	
2013-05-23	S-section-02	S3x5.7 x 20' - A992	Mack Bolt & Steel	2302870	
2013-04-19	Strap, 0.2500-03	1/4" x 8" x 20' A36	Mack Bolt & Steel	JW10201238	
2013-04-19	Strap, 0.6250-1	5/8 x 8 x 240	Mack Bolt & Steel	JW12108919	
2013-05-22	W-beam-10	12 ga, 12.5'	Trinity	see attached	
2013-05-22	W-beam-11	12 ga, 9' 4-1/2"	Trinity	see attached	

All guardrail in the length of need is stamped L10613,

ROSWELL, GA 30076- SHIP KLOECKNER METALS 2560 SOUTH LOOP 4 TO: BUDA, TX 78610-		NUCOR STEEL TEXAS				Ship from: Nucor Steel - Texas, 8812 Hwy 79 W JEWETT, TX 75846 800-527-6445					Date: 7-May-2013 B.L. Number: 637177 Load Number: 243601				
Material Safety Da	ta Sheets are available at www.nucorbar.	com or by contac		de sales rep /SICAL TES		/0.			CHEMIC	CALTEST		MG-08 Jenuary	013 1.2012		
HEAT#	DESCRIPTION	YIELD P.S.I.	TENSILE P.S.I.	ELONG % IN 8"	BEND	WT% DEF	C Ni Mn	Cr	Mos	V	SI Ch	CuSn	C.E.		
PO# => JW1310204501 JW13102045	6658775 Nucor Steel - Texas 5x3x3/8 Angle 40' A36/A529GR50 ASTM A36-06, A529-05, A709-09a G R36, ASME SA36-07 Ed 11 Ad	58,000 400MPa 59,300 409MPa	76,500	23.0% 20.0%	l		.14 .15 CE4020 0.37	.86 .18 CEA529 0,41	.014 .039	.025	.23 .002	.38			
PO#> JW1310204601 JW13102046	COMPLIES WITH DIN 50049 P 6660524 Nucor Steel - Texas 5x3x3/8 Angle 40° A36/A529GR50 ASTM A36-08, A529-05, A709-09a G R36, ASME SA36-07 Ed 11 Ad	58,700 405MPa 59,200 408MPa	77,200 532MPa 76,300	22.0%			.14 .13 CE4020 0.37	.89 .17 CEA529 0.40	.018 .037	.031 .042	.21 .002	.34			
PO# =>	COMPLIES WITH DIN 50049 P	ARA 3.1B & E	EN 10204-	3.1											
JW1310233802 JW13102338	Nucor Steel - Texas Siaxa Flat 20' A529 Gr55 ASTM A529/A529M-05 GR 55 COMPLIES WITH DIN 50049 P	61,100 421MPa 60,900 420MPa ARA 3.1B & I	534MPa 77,700 536MPa	20.0% 20.0% 3.1			14 14 CBV 0.080	1.02 .16 CE4020 PB = *	.011 .048 CEA529 0.43	.032 .079 MN/C 07.29	.21 .001	.30			

Certified Analysis



Trinity Hig	shway Products, LLC				
550 East Robb Ave.		Order Number:	1197242	Prod Ln Grp: 3-Guardrail (Dom)	
Lima, OH 4	5801	Customer PO:			As of: 7/17/13
Customer:	SAMPLES, TESTING, TRAINING MTRLS	BOL Number:	76606	Ship Date:	
	2525 STEMMONS FRWY	Document #:	1		
		Shipped To:	TX		
	DALLAS, TX 75207	Use State:	TX		
Project:	PENNDOT WEAK POST				

Part #	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Yield	Т	s	Elg	С	Mn	Р	S	Si	Cu	Cb	Cr	Vn ACW	<i>,</i>
3240G	5/16" ROUND WASHER	HW			C6656														
3245G	5/16" HEX NUT A563	HW			1337002														
3300G	5/8" WASHER F844 A/W	HW			270674														
3319G	1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL	HW			45290														
3361G	5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563	HW			1252029														
4303G	1/2" HEX NUT A563 GR A	HW			1211030														
1	 3240G 3245G 3245G 3300G 3319G 3361G 	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563	D 3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW	D 3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW	D 3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75"X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75" X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029	3240G 5/16" ROUND WASHER HW C6656 5 3245G 5/16" HEX NUT A563 HW 1337002 4 3300G 5/8" WASHER F844 A/W HW 270674 4 3319G 1/8"X1.75" X1.75" WSHR PL HW 45290 5 3361G 5/8" HVY HEX NUT A563 HW 1252029

TL -3 or TL-4 COMPLIANT when installed according to manufactures specifications

Upon delivery, all materials subject to Trinity Highway Products , LLC Storage Stain Policy No. LG-002.

ALL STEEL USED WAS MELTED AND MANUFACTURED IN USA AND COMPLIES WITH THE BUY AMERICA ACT.

ALL GUARDRAIL MEETS AASHTO M-180, ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL MEETS ASTM A36

ALL COATINGS PROCESSES OF THE STEEL OR IRON ARE PERFORMED IN USA AND COMPLIES WITH THE "BUY AMERICA ACT"

ALL GAL VANIZED MATERIAL CONFORMS WITH ASTM-123 (US DOMESTIC SHIPMENTS)

ALL GALVANIZED MATERIAL CONFORMS WITH ASTM A123 & ISO 1461 (INTERNATIONAL SHIPMENTS)

BOLTS COMPLY WITH ASTM A-307 SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

NUTS COMPLY WITH ASTM A-563 SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. WASHERS COMPLY WITH ASTM F-436 SPECIFICATION AND/OR F-844 AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F-2329. 3/4" DIA CABLE 6X19 ZINC COATED SWAGED END AISI C-1035 STEEL ANNEALED STUD 1" DIA ASTM 449 AASHTO M30, TYPE II BREAKING STRENGTH – 46000 LB

1 of 2

Trinity Highway Products, LLC			
550 East Robb Ave.	Order Number: 119724	Prod Ln Grp: 3-Guardrail (Dom)	
Lima, OH 45801	Customer PO:	a la la companya da serie de la companya de la comp	Asof: 7/17/13
Customer: SAMPLES, TESTING, TRAINING MTRLS	BOL Number: 76606	Ship Date:	
2525 STEMMONS FRWY	Document #: 1		
	Shipped To: TX		
DALLAS, TX 75207	Use State: TX		
Project: PENNDOT WEAK POST State of Ohio, County of Allen. Sfrorn and subscribed before m	e this 17th day of July 2013	Trinity High	vay Products, LLC
Notary Public: Was a Court of Aren. Swin and Stosenber Perform	2015	Certified By:	The Kart
Commission Expires	STATE OA		lity Assurance
	MOTANY B X		0
	> Concelosion Multic		

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550 East R	obb Ave.	Order Number:	1197356	Prod Ln Grp: 9-End Terminals (Dom)	
Lima, OH 4	15801	Customer PO:			Asof: 5/17/13
Customer:	SAMPLES, TESTING, TRAINING MTRLS	BOL Number:	75527	Ship Date:	14012000
	2525 STEMMONS FRWY	Document #:	1		
		Shipped To:	TX		
	DALLAS, TX 75207	Use State:	TX		
Project:	TTI TEST 400923-3 31" MEDIAN RAIL (NOT TRINITY)				

hy	Part #	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Vield	TS	Elg	с	Ma	P S	Si	Ca	Cb	Cr	Vn A	ICF
48	11G	12/12'6/3'1.5/5		1.1	2	1.10613	in the second	-			A 7				1. com	1		
			M-180	A	2	4144812	58,600	79,500	22.0	0.230	0.760	0.009 0.007	0.020	0.030	0.000 0.	020 0	.002	4
			M-180	A	2	4144813	57,100	79,000	27.0	0.210	0.770	0.009 0.006	0.020	0.020	0.000 0.	030 0	0.001	4
			M-180	A	2	4144815	56,400	78,000	31.0	0.220	0.750	0.010 0.000	0.010	0.030	0.000 0.	020 0	1.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	4144816	55,600	75,200	22.0	0.220	0.750	0.011 0.000	0.010	0.020	0.000 0.	020 0	1.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	4144819	57,900	79,000	27.0	0.220	0.750	0.010 0.00	0.010	0.020	0.000 0.	020 (0.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	9407528	54,700	75,500	30.0	0.200	0.720	0.010 0.00	0.010	0.020	0.002 0.	030 (1.003	4
			M-180	Α	2	9407531	56,400	78,100	28.0	0.210	0.730	0.008 0.00	0.010	0.020	0.002 0.	030 0	0.002	4
			M-180	Α	2	9407555	56,400	76,700	29.0	0.220	0.740	0.009 0.00	8 0.010	0.030	0.002 0	030 0	0.002	14
			M-180	Λ	2	C63862	61,900	81,600	26.6	0.210	0.840	0.015 0.00	4 0.040	0.110	0.002.0.	060 (0,001	3
8	10545G	12/9'4.5/1'6.75/S			2	1.12013												
			M-180	A	2	166224	58,340	74,860	32.3	0,190	0.730	0.011 0.00	4 0.010	0,130	0.000 0.	090 (0.001	9
			M-180	Λ	2	166282	58,270	74,990	26.7	0.190	0.720	0.011 0.00	2 0.020	0.120	0.000 0	070	0.001	1
			M-180	A	2	166768	59,620	75,820	26.8	0.200	0.740	0.009 0.00	4 0.020	0.080	0.001 0	050	0.000	P
			M-180	A	2	166769	55,220	71,140	28.5	0.180	0.710	0.010 0.00	2 0,020	0.070	0.000 0	.050	0.001	.3
			M-180	А	2	41315760	67,000	87,600	27.0	0.200	0.870	0.007 0.00	2 0.030	0.080	0.000 0	030	0.001	63

TL -3 or TL-4 COMPLIANT when installed according to manufactures specifications

Upon delivery, all materials subject to Trinity Highway Products , LLC Storage Stain Policy No. LG-002.

ALL STEEL USED WAS MELTED AND MANUFACTURED IN USA AND COMPLIES WITH THE BUY AMERICA ACT.

ALL GUARDRAIL MEETS AASHTO M-180, ALL STRUCTURAL STEEL MEETS ASTM A36

ALL COATINGS PROCESSES OF THE STEEL OR IRON ARE PERFORMED IN USA AND COMPLIES WITH THE "BUY AMERICA ACT"

ALL GALVANIZED MATERIAL CONFORMS WITH ASTM-123 (US DOMESTIC SHIPMENTS)

ALL GALVANIZED MATERIAL CONFORMS WITH ASTM A123 & ISO 1461 (INTERNATIONAL SHIPMENTS)

Trinity Highway Products, LLC

	C	ertified A	nalysi	is	Highway Products
Trinity Hi	ghway Products , LLC				
550 East R	tobb Ave.	Order Number:	1197356	Prod Ln Grp: 9-End Terminals (Dom)	v
Lima, OH 4	15801	Customer PO:			Asof: 5/17/13
Customer:	SAMPLES, TESTING, TRAINING MTRLS	BOL Number:	75527	Ship Date:	713511 71 7125
	2525 STEMMONS FRWY	Document #:	à l		
		Shipped To:	TX		
	DALLAS, TX 75207	Use State:	TX		
Project:	TTI TEST 400923-3 31" MEDIAN RAIL (NOT TRINITY)				

BOLTS COMPLY WITH ASTM A-307 SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

NUTS COMPLY WITH ASTM A-563 SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. WASHERS COMPLY WITH ASTM F-436 SPECIFICATION AND/OR F-844 AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F-2329. 3/4" DIA CABLE 6X19 ZINC COATED SWAGED END AISI C-1035 STEEL ANNEALED STUD 1" DIA ASTM 449 AASHTO M30, TYPE II BREAKING STRENGTH – 46000 LB

State of Ohio, County of Allen, Sworn and subscribed before me this 17th day of May, 2013

Notary Public: V Commission Expires

MOTORY PUBLIC IDIS SOT WEDOWS

Toy Buchway Products Certified By Quality Assurance

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Certified Analysis



Trinity Hi	ghway Products, LLC				
550 East R	cobb Ave.	Order Number:	1197242	Prod Ln Grp: 3-Guardrail (Dom)	
Lima, OH 4	45801	Customer PO:			Asof: 5/16/13
Customer:	SAMPLES, TESTING, TRAINING MTRLS	BOL Number:	75489	Ship Date:	1300 01012
	2525 STEMMONS FRWY	Document #:	1		
		Shipped To:	TX		
	DALLAS, TX 75207	Use State:	TX		
Project:	PENNDOT WEAK POST				

Qty	Part#	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Vield	TS	Elg	С	Mu	Р	s	Si	Cu	Cb	Cr	Vu	ACW	
34	3G	12/12*/BACKUP	M-180	A	2	166282	58,270	74,990	26.7	0.190	0.720	0.011	0.002	0.020	0.120	0.000 0.	070 0	0.001	4	-
20	11G	12/12/6/3/1.5/8			2	L10613														
			M-180	A	2	4144812	58,600	79,500	22.0	0.230	0.760	0.009	0.007	0.020	0.030	0.000 0	.020	0.002	4	
			M-180	А	2	4144813	57,100	79,000	27.0	0.210	0.770	0.009	0.006	0.020	0.020	0.000 0	.030	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	4144815	56,400	78,000	31.0	0.220	0.750	0.010	0.006	0.010	0.030	0.000 0	.020	0.002	4	
			M-180	Δ	2	4144816	55,600	75,200	22,0	0,220	0.750	0.011	0,006	0.010	0.020	0.000 0	.020	0.002	4	
			M-180	A	2	4144819	57,900	79,000	27.0	0.220	0.750	0.010	0.007	0.010	0.020	0.000 0	0.020	0.002	4	
			M-180	A	2	9407528	54,700	75,500	30.0	0.200	0.720	0.010	0.006	0.010	0.020	0.002 0	.030	0.003	4	
			M-180	A	2	9407531	56,400	78,100	28.0	0.210	0.730	0.008	0.005	0.010	0.020	0.002 0	0.030	0.002	4	
			M-180	A	2	9407555	56,400	76,700	29.0	0.220	0.740	0.009	0.008	0.010	0.030	0.002 0	0.030	0.002	4	
			M-180	A	2	C63862	61,900	\$1,600	26.6	0.210	0.840	0.015	0.004	0.040	0.110	0.002 (0.060	0,001	4	
4	62G	12/25/6'3/S ET-2000 ANC			2	L11713														
			M-180	A	2	165617	57,070	75,470	30.4	0,190	0.720	0.010	0.004	0.010	0.120	0.000 (0.060	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	165620	59,230	75,960	26.1	0.190	0.730	0.012	0.004	0.020	0.120	0.001	0.060	0.000	4	
			M-180	А	2	165860	57,710	75,180	28.0	0.190	0.720	0.01	0.004	0.020	0.120	0.000 0	0.060	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	166223	58,970	76,290	28,1	0.190	0,720	0.010	0.005	0.010	0.120	0.000 (0.070	0.001	4	
			M-180	۸	2	166224	58,340	74,860	32.3	0.190	0.730	0.01	0.004	0.010	0.130	0.000 0	0.090	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	166225	61,810	77,130	28.6	0.190	0.73	0.01	0.002	0.020	0.120	0.000	0.080	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	166226	54,560	73,550	30.6	0.190	0.720	0.01	0.005	0.020	0.130	0.000	0.080	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	166404	61,640	77,570	24.9	0.180	0.72	0.01	1 0.003	0.030	0.100	0.000	0.060	0.001	4	
			M-180	A	2	166405	56,380	72,870	29.4	0,190	0.73	0.01	0.003	0.010	0.100	0,000	0.060	0.001	4	
6	533G	6'0 POST/8.5/DDR	A-36			25161	47,000	69,000	24.1	0,130	0.670	0.019	0.030	0.230	0.260	0.000 0	.160	0.003	4	
4	704A	CABLE ANCHOR BRKT	A-36			JJ1621	50,000	72,500	28.1	0.150	0.970	0.027	0.009	0.220	0.090	0.000 0	.260	0.021	4	

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1 of 3

						Certifie	ed Analy	sis	6							tine.	Highwa	Products	5
Trinity Hig	ghway Pr	oducts, LLC														-			
550 East R	obb Ave					Order	Number: 119724	2	Prod Ln Gr	p: 3-0	Guard	rail (D	om)						
Lima, OH 4	5801					Custo	omer PO:								As	of 5/	16/13		
Customer:	SAMPI	ES, TESTING, TRAI	NING MTRLS	6		BOL	Number: 75489		Ship l	Date:					110	MA. 31	1015		
	2525 S	TEMMONS FRWY				Doc	ument #: 1												
						Shi	pped To: TX												
	DALLA	S, TX 75207				Ŭ	se State: TX												
Project:	PENNI	OOT WEAK POST						_				_	_			_			_
Qty	Part #	Description	Spec	CL	TY	Heat Code/ Heat	Yield	Т	S Elg	¢	Mu	P	s	Si	Cu	Сь	Cr	Vn AC	.w
	704A		A-500			D43983	66,767	75,76	9 23.0	0.190	0.820	0.015	0.007	0.014	0.030	0.007	0.040	0.001 4	
	10545G	12/9/4.5/1/6.75/S			2	L12013													

M-180 166224 58,340 74,860 32.3 0.190 0.730 0.011 0.004 0.010 0.130 0.000 0.090 0.001 4 2 A 166282 74,990 M-180 2 58,270 26.7 0.190 0.720 0.011 0.002 0.020 0.120 0.000 0.070 0.001 4 M-180 166768 59,620 75,820 26.8 0.200 0.740 0.009 0.004 0.020 0.080 0.001 0.050 0.000 4 2 A M-180 41315760 67,000 87,600 A 2 27.0 0.200 0.870 0.007 0.002 0.030 0.080 0.000 0.030 0.001 4 12 15000G 6'0 SYT PST/8.5/31" GR HT A-36 11333 47,000 68,000 19.5 0.110 0.630 0.021 0.026 0.240 0.250 0.002 0.280 0.004 4 4 33795G SYT-3"AN STRT 3-HL 6'6 A-36 DL13101192 55,000 74,000 25.0 0.140 0.690 0.020 0.025 0.200 0.440 0.003 0.140 0.028 4

TL -3 or TL-4 COMPLIANT when installed according to manufactures specifications

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ALL GALVANIZED MATERIAL CONFORMS WITH ASTM A123 & ISO 1461 (INTERNATIONAL SHIPMENTS)

BOLTS COMPLY WITH ASTM A-307 SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED.

NUTS COMPLY WITH ASTM A-563 SPECIFICATIONS AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM A-153, UNLESS OTHERWISE STATED. WASHERS COMPLY WITH ASTM F-436 SPECIFICATION AND/OR F-844 AND ARE GALVANIZED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F-2329. 3/4" DIA CABLE 6X19 ZINC COATED SWAGED END AISI C-1035 STEEL ANNEALED STUD 1" DIA ASTM 449 AASHTO M30, TYPE II BREAKING STRENGTH -- 46000 LB

way Produce **Certified Analysis** Trinity Highway Products, LLC Prod Ln Grp: 3-Guardrail (Dom) Order Number: 1197242 550 East Robb Ave. Lima, OH 45801 Customer PO: As of: 5/16/13 Ship Date: BOL Number: 75489 Customer: SAMPLES, TESTING, TRAINING MTRLS 2525 STEMMONS FRWY Document #: 1 Shipped To: TX DALLAS, TX 75207 Use State: TX Project: PENNDOT WEAK POST Allen. Sworn and subscribed before me this 16th day of Mass Thinky Highway Products , LIC State of Ohio, County 2013 ATEOP 0, Notary Public: Certified By Commission Expires: Quality Assurance NOTARY PUBLIC ID# 2011NT0014 AIZE C

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NUCOR STEEL -	BERKELEY				CERTIFI	ED MILL T	EST REPOR	т				3/19/	13 16:05
P.O. Box 2259								-	100% M	ELTED ANI	MANUFAC	TURED IN	HE USA
Mt. Pleasant,	S.C. 29464						14.	Al	1 beams p	roduced h	by Nucor-	Berkeley a	re cast a
Phone: (843)								ro	lled to a	fully k	illed and	fine grai	in practic
						Mercu	ry has no	t been use					
											Customer	#.: 997	- 12
									-		Customer	PO: HOU-1	52130
									, ,			: 10024	
20											Transfer of		MOS:
	100												
	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A	529-05-50	/A572-1	2-50/A7	0911 50	s,	4						
ASME : SA-3	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w			*******			; ; 1 Mp	•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	si		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	CE1
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat#	Yield/	Yield	Tensile		c	, Mn Mo	P' +	S B	si v	Cu เพื่อ		CE1 CE2
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A993 CSA : G40.2	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w			*******			, Mn Mo Ti	P' Sn ******		Si V N	Cu Nb		CE1 CE2 Pcm
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 1	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat# Grade(s)	Yield/ Tensile	Yield (PSI)	Tensile (PSI)	Elong	c cr	Mo	Sn	в	v	Nb	*****	CE2
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 1	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW 2302870	Yield/ Tensile Ratio	Yield (PSI) (MPa)	Tensile (PSI) (MPa)	Elong	Cr Cr	Mo Ti	Sn ******	B +++++++	V N	Nb +++++		CE2 Pcm
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 1 S3X5.7	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW 2302870	Yield/ Tensile Ratio	Yield (PSI) (MPa) 59100	Tensile (PSI) (MPa) 72500	Elong	C Cr ++++++	Mo Ti .81	Sn ******	.036	V N .20	Nb ++++++		CE2 Pcm .25
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 7 S3X5.7 040' 00.00*	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW 2302870	Yield/ Tensile Ratio .82	Yield (PSI) (MPa) 59100 407	Tensile (PSI) (MPa) 72500 500	Elong % 26.68	C Cr ••••••	Mo Ti .81 .02	Sn ******	.036	V N .20 .004	Nb ++++++	.14	CE2 Pcm .25 .2836 .1357
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 1 S3X5.7 040'00.00" S75X8.5 012.1920m	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW 2302870	Yield/ Tensile Ratio .82	Yield (PSI) (MPa) 59100 407 59600	Tensile (PSI) (MPa) 72500 500 73200	Elong % 26.68 26.23	C Cr ••••••	Mo Ti .81 .02 .001	Sn ******	.036	V N .20 .004	Nb ++++++	.14 5.34	CE2 Pcm .25 .2836 .1357
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 1 S3X5.7 040'00.00" S75X8.5 012.1920m	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50W Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW 2302870 A992-11	Yield/ Tensile Ratio .82 .81	Yield (PSI) (MPa) 59100 407 59600 411	Tensile (PSI) (MPa) 72500 500 73200 505	Elong * 26.68 26.23 105 P	C Cr •••••• .07 .07 C(s) 23,	Mo Ti .81 .02 .001 940 lbs	Sn .011 .012	.036 .0003	V N .20 .004 .0078	ND -26 .014	CI .14 5.34 "Inv#:	CE2 Pcm .25 .2836 .1357 0
ASME : SA-3 ASTM : A992 CSA : G40.2 Description 1 S3X5.7 040' 00.00" S75X8.5 012.1920m S4X7.7	36 07a 2-11:A36-08/A 21-50w Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW 2302870 A992-11 2302796	Yield/ Tensile Ratio .82 .81	Yield (PSI) (MPa) 59100 407 59600 411 56100	Tensile (PSI) (MPa) 72500 500 73200 505 69000	Elong * 26.68 26.23 105 P	C Cr •••••• .07 .07 c(s) 23,	Mo Ti .81 .02 .001 940 lbs	.011 .0112	.036 .0003	V N .20 .004 .0078 .19	ND -26 .014	CI .14 5.34 "Inv#:	CE2 Pcm -25 -2836 -1357 -0 -25

2 Heat(s) for this MTR.

Elongation based on 8" (20.32cm) gauge length. 'No Weld Repair' was peformed. CI = 26.01Cu+3.88Ni+1.20Cr+1.49Si+17.28P-(7.29Cu+Ni)-(9.10Ni+P)-33.39(Cu+Cu)Pcm = C+(Si/30) + (Mn/20) + (Cu/20) + (Ni/60) + (Cr/20) + (Mo/15) + (V/10) + 5B

I hereby certify that the contents of this report are accurate and correct. All test results and operations performed by the material manufacturer are in compliance with material specifications, and when designated by the Purchaser, meet applicable specifications. **END

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CE1 = C + (Mn/6) + ((Cr+Mo+V)/5) + ((Ni+Cu)/15)CB2 = C+((Mn+Si)/6)+((Cr+MO+V+Cb)/5)+((Ni+Cu)/15)

Bruce A. Work Metallurgist

TR No. 9-1002-12-10

10; SIE 50		COR COR COR STEE				Ship fr Nucor	om: Steel - Texas							Nucor	0
SHIP NAMAS SOUTH TO: BUDA,	CO LOOP 4 TX 78610-					JEWE	Hwy 79 W TT, TX 75846 27-6445				Date: Number: Number:		012	Stee]	ű
	ata Sheets are available at www.nucorbar.com	n or by contac		de sales rep /SICAL TES		/8,			CUE	MICAL TEST		(G. DB January	1, 2012		
LOT # HEAT #	DESCRIPTION	YIELD P.S.I.	TENSILE P.S.J.	ELONG % IN 8"	BEND	WT% DEF	C N Mn	Cr	PMo	SV	SICE	Cu Sn	C.E.		
P0# ->	6477584	- S	10.00			1.00 million (1.00 million)		5.1		1.5		-	G2.1	6/4/2012	
JW1210123503 JW12101235	Nucor Steel - Texas 1/2x8" Flat	45,600 314MPa	65,200 450MPa	29.0%			.10	76	.005	.030	24	.32	.30	1/2	1
14112101200	20' A36	45,700	66,100	26.0%			-61	12	.003	.002	.002			0	
	ASTM A38/A36M-08, A709/709M-11 G R36, ASME SA36-10 Ed '11 Ad.	315MPa		Lucono										12 9:35:	
PO# =>	6477584		-				1.04	1.00						to	
JW1210123801 JW12101238	Nucor Steel - Texas 1/4x8" Flat	49,500 341MPa	70,500 486MPa	26.0%			.12	.77	.014	.030	.20	.30	.33	č	0
14412101230	20' A36	49.000	71.400	29.0%			REDRAT	20	1009	.003	.002			15	Order-
	ASTM A36/A36M-08, A709/709M-11 G R36, ASME SA36-10 Ed '11 Ad.	338MPa		20.070			PB -*	۳						AN	line
PO# =>	6478956		-	-			10				1.1			PAGE	1
JW1210291801 JW12102918	Nucor Steel - Texas 3x2x1/4 Angle	49,900 344MPa	71,000 490MPa	27.0%			.12	.64	.019	.030	.18	.35	.32	GE	7863649
34412102318	20' A36	49,000	70.400	23.0%			.15	,20	.002	.003	.001			1	36
	ASTM A36/A36M-06, A709/709M-11 G R36, ASME SA36-10 Ed '11 Ad.	338MPa		20,070										1/003	19/5
P0# ->	PCS: 189 / TONS: 7.75 COMPLIES WITH DIN 50049 PAF 5471915	A 3.1B & E	N 10204-	3.1									≤ 1	03	9/5
JW1210341702	Nucor Steel - Texas	53,000	72,800	27.0%			.12	.74	.013	.030	.23	35	.32	Fax	100
JW12103417	1/4x12" Flat	365MPa					16	18	.054	.003	.003		-	X	
	20' A36	52,300	71,100	26.0%										ι Ω	
	ASTM A36/A36M-06, A709/769M-11 G R36, ASME SA36-10 Ed '11 Ad ASTM A709/A709M-11 GR 36 ASME SA36-2007 EDITION-2011 ADDE NDA	361MPa	490MPa											Server	
The specifications and s 1) Weld repair was no 2) Meteo and Manufa 3.) Mercury, Redum, o	NDA material opportund hadon material count manages, and we accord santado lond of the one final index requestors (section and on the one decail (section and one of the one of the one of the one of the production of the melemal.	eno: wih F				QUAI	LITY IRANCE: Na	than S	ilewart	Я	<u>b</u>	t)	-		

UPLE-S STE 709 NDARD T'BEAM A-30 17 X 20 NO		t 50					129*97 TEEL SUP	FLY CO.						Certificate of Mill Test Resul BL HOU-167922-002
SPBCIPICATION AASITO : MJ ASITO : MJ ASITO : MJ ASITO : ASJ	B.C. 29464 336-5000 RIPLE S STE 5000 JERSEN 70 BGE 21119 NOCSTON, TI 1: Tested 10 170-36-00/M2 16	EL COMPAN DRIVE 77226 ACCORDEN 70-50-00	ica vien		ecificat:	To: TRIP TRIP 6000 HOUS ion 16/A6	LE S STRO JENSER I TUN, TI H and All	AJ EL CONDANY EL CONDANY RIVE 77026	blied to a	Toduced	filled and Customer Customer	6/06 TUBED IN Beckeley Iflee gred 8.: 397 PO: HOU-J : 3405	re cast a la practic - 1 108530	
Description	Heats Grade (a) Test		Yield			C CT PD	Ko No Ti	P So Ca	8 A1 8	SL V	Cl Mb		CR3 CR2	
8115.7 940' 00.00* 87518.5 012.1520#	2608630 A992-04n	.89 .78	53400 368 51800 357	67109 463 66200 456	26.79	.0560 .0350 .0088 140 Pi	.9110 .0220 .0018	.0083 .0057 .0042	.01¢6 .0022 .0013	.1810 .0051 .0063	.0105 .0000	CI .0360 2.6978	Pcm .2369 .3711 .1329	
\$3%7,5 040° 00.60° #75%11.2 012,19200	1608754 A992-04a	.82 .61	59000 407 57200 354		24.75 26.03	.0690 .0356 .0059	.0200 .0200 .0014	.0089 1800.	.028) .0012 .0013	.2370 .0038 .0060	.1000 .0273 .0000	10v61 .0450 2.9542 Invit:	.2364 .2914 .1363	
\$317.5 040' 00.00- \$75x11.2 012.1920m	2608760 A952-048	.81 .81	58100 401 58400 403	72100 497 72400 499	26.48 25.36	.0320 .0320	.6350 .0200 .0021	.0098 .0065 .0038	.0340 .0030 .0037	.2330 .0041 .0052	.0990 .0378 .0000	.0410 2.9121	.2257 .2683 .1325	
3 Heat (o)	for this M	TR.										Iov ë ;	a.	
Elongation has CI = 25.02Cu: Pew = Cr(51/30) I hareby certi correct. All t	ed on #* (20 3.8801+1.200)+(Mn/20)+(0 Cy that the	Diatents	17.20P- 1/60)+(C) of this	report	419-13.4	/101+58	1.39 (Cu*C	 CE1 	1 - C+(100/ 2 - C+(D10	O+HCrel		i (#1+0u) /1 +00) /5) + ((5) Ri+Cu)/15	
sanufacturar s sben designate **END							B	nica A, No stallurgie	at .			¥ 94		1
0														

TR No. 9-1002-12-10

60
B2. CRASH TEST NO. 490023-6-2

MATERIAL USED

TEST NUMBER 490023-6-2

TEST NAME F631

DATE 2013-08-15

DATE RECEIVED	ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	SUPPLIER	HEAT #
2013-08-12	S-section-03	S3x5.7 x 20' - A992	Mack Bolt & Steel	see attached

This material was used to fabricate posts 11 = 15, which were damaged in the previous test. All other material and parts are the same as the previous test.

NUCOR STEEL - BERKELEY P.O. Box 2259 Nt. Pleasant, S.C. 29464 Phone: (843) 336-6000

MILL TEST REPORT

6/08/06 0:23:35

100% NELTED AND NANUFACTURED IN THE USA All beams produced by Ducor-Berkeley are cast and rolled to a fully killed and fine grain practice.

> Customer f.: 997 - 1 Customer PO: HOU-108530 B.o.L. f...: \$40529

SPECIFICATIONS: Tested in accordance with ASTM specification A6/A6H and A370. AASHTO : N270-36-00/N270-50-00 ASHE : 48-36 ASTM : A992-042:/A36-04/A572-04-50/A709-04236/A709-04250/A709-345M

ASTM : A552-0421/A36-04/A572-04-50/A709-04236/A709-04251 CSA : CSA-448/G40.21-50W

	Brade (s)	Tield/ Tensile	(PSI)	(PSI)	Ilong	C Cr	Man Mo Ti	P Su	8 A1 B	si V	Ci Ma	W1 +avera	CE1 CE2
Description	Test	Ratio	(SEPa)	(MPa)		Pb	TI I	Ca	в		22	CI	PCE
5315.7	2608630	.10	53400	67100	26.79	.0660]	.9110	.0043	.0146	.1810	. 0930	.0360	.2389
040' 00.00*	A992-048		368	463		.0350	.0220	.0057	-0022	.9051	.0105		.3711
675IL.5		.78	51800	\$6200	26.19	.0088	.0018	.0042	.0013	.0063	.0000	2.6974	.1329
012.19204			357	456		140 PL	eca (s)			10.00		Invi:	0
1317.5	1608754	.82	59000	71600	24.75	.0690		.0085	.0283	.2370 1	.1000	.0450 1	.2364
040' 00.00"	A992-048		407	494	0	.0350	.0200	.0061	.0012	.0034	.0273	1.000	.2814
875T11.2		.81	57200	70800	26.03	.0059	.0014	.0003	.0013	.0060	.0000	2.9542	.1363
012.1920m			354	-		28 Pi	ecs (s)	1.8111				Invit	D
B317.5	2608760	.81	58100	72100	26.48	.0660	.8350 1	.0098	.0340	.2220	. 0990	.0410 /	.2257
040' 00.00*	A992-048		401	497		.0320	.0200	.0065	.0030	.0041	.0278	1000	.2683
\$75X11.2		.81	58400	72400	25.36	.0083	.0021	.0018	.0017	.0052	.0000	2.9121	.1325
012.1920m			103	499	1.11	7 P1	ece (a)	1.000			1.000	Inve	0

3 Heat(s) for this MTR.

Elongation based on 8° (20.32cm) gauge langth. 'No Weld Repair' was peformed. CI = 26.01Cu+3.08Ni+1.20Cr+1.69Si+17.20P-(7.29Cu+Ni)-(5.10Wi+P)-33.39(Cu*Cu) Pcm = C+(Si/30)+(Mn/20)+(Cu/20)+(Wi/60)+(Cr/20)+(Mo/15)+(V/10)+5B

CE1 = C+ (Mn/6)+1(Cr+Mo+V)/5)+(DE1+Cu)/15) CE2 = C+((Mn+81)/6)+((Cr+Mo+V+Cb)/5)+((Hi+Cu)/15)

I hereby certify that the contents of this report are accurate and correct. All test results and operations performed by the material manufacturer are in compliance with material specifications, and when designated by the Purchaser, meet applicable specifications.

Bruce A. Work Netallurgist



Figure C1. Summary of Strong Soil Test Results for Establishing Installation Procedure.



Date	2013-08-13
Test Facility and Site Location	TTI Proving Ground–3100 SH 47, Bryan, TX
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	Sandy gravel with silty fines
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and sieve analysis	AASHTO Grade B Soil-Aggregate (see sieve analysis)
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor

Figure C2. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 490023-6-1a.



Date	2013-08-15
Test Facility and Site Location	TTI Proving Ground–3100 SH 47, Bryan, TX
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	Sandy gravel with silty fines
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and sieve analysis	AASHTO Grade B Soil-Aggregate (see sieve analysis)
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor

Figure C3. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 490023-6-2.

APPENDIX D. CRASH TEST NO. 490023-6-1A.

D1. VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

	Т	able I	D1. Vehic	le Propert	ies for Te	est No. 490	023-6-1a.		
Date:	2013-08-08		Test No.:	490023-6-	-1a	VIN No.:	1D7HA182Y	8J109407	,
Year:	2008		Make:	Dodge		Model:	Ram 1500		
Tire Size	e: <u>265/70</u>	R17			Tire	nflation Pres	ssure: <u>35 ps</u> i		
Tread Ty	/pe:					Odor	neter: <u>25313</u>	81	
Note any	/ damage to th	ie vehio	cle prior to	test:					
 Denot 	es accelerome	eter loc	ation.			▲X	-		
NOTES:				- 1		*717+			1
Engine T Engine (iter			EEL				- N T
<u>x</u> A F	WD <u>x</u> R	WD_	Manual 4WD			2 •	TEST I	NERTIAL C. M.	f
Optional	Equipment:								
Dummy Data: Type: <u>No dummy used</u> Mass: Seat Position:				- -					
Geomet				-		M FRONT		M REAR	
	78.25	F	36.00	К	19.50	Р	3.88	U	28.75
В	76.00	G	28.25	- <u> </u>	29.00	Q	30.50	V	31.50
C 2	25.75	Н	61.68	M	68.50	R	18.38	W	61.60
D	47.25		15.50	N	68.00	S	16.00	х	75.00
	40.50	J	27.50	0	46.00	т_	77.50		
	el Center ght Front	1	4.75 Cle	Wheel Wel arance (Front		6.00	Bottom Frame Height - Front		18.75
Whe	el Center ight Rear			Wheel Wel earance (Rear)		11.25	Bottom Frame Height - Rear		26.00
GVWR	Ratings:		Mass: Ib	C C	urb	Test	Inertial	Gross	Static
Front	3700		M _{front}		2903		2833		
Back	3900	_	M _{rear}		2191		2217		
Total	6700	_	M _{Total}		5094		5050		
Mass Di	stribution: lb	LF:	1426		1407	LR:	1085	RR: <u>1</u>	132

Date: 2013-08-08 Test No.: 490023-6-1a VIN: 1D7HA182Y8J109407
Year: 2008 Make: Dodge Model: 1500 Ram
Body Style: Quad Cab Mileage: 253131
Engine: 5.7 liter V-8 Transmission: Automatic
Fuel Level: Empty Ballast: 176 lb (440 lb max)
Tire Pressure: Front: <u>35</u> psi Rear: <u>35</u> psi Size: <u>265/70R17</u>
Measured Vehicle Weights: (Ib)
LF: 1426 RF: 1407 Front Axle: 2833
LR: 1085 RR: 1132 Rear Axle: 2217
Left: 2511 Right: 2539 Total: 5050 5000 ±110 lb allowed 5000 ±110 lb allowed 5000 ±110 lb allowed 5000 ±110 lb allowed
Wheel Base:140.5 inchesTrack:F:68.5 inchesR:68 inches148 \pm 12 inches allowedTrack = (F+R)/2 = 67 \pm 1.5 inches allowed
Center of Gravity, SAE J874 Suspension Method
X: 61.68 in Rear of Front Axle (63 ±4 inches allowed)
Y: 0.19 in Left - Right + of Vehicle Centerline
Z: 28.25 in Above Ground (minumum 28.0 inches allowed)
Hood Height: <u>46.00</u> inches Front Bumper Height: <u>27.50</u> inches 43 ±4 inches allowed
Front Overhang: <u>36.00</u> inches Rear Bumper Height: <u>29.00</u> inches
Overall Length: <u>223.75</u> inches 237 ±13 inches allowed

Table D2. Vehicle Parametric Measurements for Vertical CG for Test No. 490023-6-1a.

Date: 2013-08-08 Test No.: 490023-6-1a VIN No.: 1D7HA182Y8J109407 Year: 2008 Make: Dodge Model: Ram 1500

 Table D3. Exterior Crush Measurements for Test No. 490023-6-1a.

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete Wh	en Applicable					
End Damage	Side Damage					
Undeformed end width	Bowing: B1 X1					
Corner shift: A1	B2 X2					
A2						
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant					
(check one)	X1+X2 _					
< 4 inches						
\geq 4 inches						

Note: Measure C_1 to C_6 from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts–Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

Specific	Dlawa* af	Direct Damage		Field							
Împact Number	C-Measurements	XXX: 1.1 ded - XX - dedd		C ₂	C ₃	C_4	C ₅	C ₆	±D		
1	Front plane at bumper ht	14	5	20	5	4.5	3	1.5	0.75	0	-24
2	Side plane at bumper ht	14	6	57	1	1			5.5	6	180
	Measurements recorded										
	in inches										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

Date:	2013-08-08	Test No.:	490023-6-1a	VIN No.:	1D7HA182Y8J109407
Year:	2008	Make:	Dodge	Model:	Ram 1500









*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kick panel to passenger's side kick panel.

OCCUPANT COMPARTMENT DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT

	Before	After
	(inches)	(inches)
A1	64.50	64.50
A2	64.50	64.50
A3	64.50	64.50
B1	45.12	45.12
B2	42.50	42.50
B3	45.12	45.12
B4	42.00	42.00
B5	44.75	44.75
B6	42.00	42.00
C1	29.00	29.00
C2		
C3	26.75	26.75
D1	13.00	13.00
D2		
D3	11.75	11.75
E1	62.75	62.75
E2	64.75	64.75
E3	64.12	64.12
E4	64.50	64.50
F	60.00	60.00
G	60.00	60.00
Н	39.00	39.00
I	39.00	39.00
J*	62.17	62.17

D2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS



Figure D1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Overhead and Frontal Views).



Figure D1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Overhead and Frontal Views) (continued).



Figure D2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Rear View).



Figure D3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 490023-6-1a.



Figure D4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).





Figure D5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).





Figure D6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



X Acceleration Rear of CG



Figure D7. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

Y Acceleration Rear of CG







Figure D9. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-1a (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).

APPENDIX E. CRASH TEST NO. 490023-6-2.

E1. VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

		Table	E1. Vehic	ele Prop	erties for Te	est No. 49	0023-6-2.	
Date:	2013-08-1	5	Test No.:	490023	-6-2	VIN No.:	KNADE1	23286365964
Year:	2008		Make:	Kia		Model:	Rio	
Tire Infl	ation Pressu	ure: <u>32</u>	psi	Odome	ter: <u>114653</u>		Tire Size:	185/65R14
Describ	e any dama	ge to the	vehicle prio	r to test:				
• Dend	tes accelero	ometer lo	cation.					ACCELEROMETERS
NOTES								
	·			-	5		E	
				A WHE M TRAC N				RE WHEEL N T
Engine Engine	Type: <u>4</u>	cylinder .6 liter		<u> </u>				
Transm	ission Type:			<u> t </u>		1		NERTIAL C.M.
	Auto or FWD	x RWD	_ Manual 4WD				HIC	
	I Equipment		400	P				
				- 1				
				- 0				
Dummy Type:	^r Data: 5	0 th perce	ntile male)	Ś	
Mass:	1	65 lb				— W — -		
Seat F	Position: <u></u>	river sea	it	-	F - F	front	E	M _{rea}
Geome	try: inche	s					— C	_
Α	66.38	F _	33.00	<u> </u>	11.25	P _	4.12	U 14.00
B	58.00	G _		_ L_	24.75	Q	22.18	V <u>20.50</u>
C D	165.75 34.00	H	36.42 6.75	M N	57.75 51.12	R 	15.38 8.00	W <u>46.50</u> X 108.00
E	98.75	י J	21.50	0	28.00	<u>з</u> т	66.13	X00.00_
	Center Ht Fr		11.00	-	Center Ht Rea	· · -	<u>11.00</u>	
GVWF	Ratings:		Mass: Ib	C	Curb	Test	Inertial	Gross Static
Front		918	M _{front}	<u>-</u>	1523	<u>-1001</u>	1528	1616
Back	-	874	M _{rear}		895		893	970
Total		8638	M _{Total}		2418		2421	2586
Mass D	istribution:							
lb		LF:	758	RF:	770	LR:	442	RR: 451

Date:	2013-08-15	Test No.:	490023-6-2	VIN No.:	KNADE123286365964
Year:	2008	Make:	Kia	Model:	Rio

Table E2. Exterior Crush Measurements for Test No. 490023-6-2.

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete When Applicable					
End Damage	Side Damage				
Undeformed end width	Bowing: B1 X1				
Corner shift: A1	B2 X2				
A2					
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant				
(check one)	X1+X2 _				
< 4 inches					
\geq 4 inches					

Note: Measure C₁ to C₆ from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts–Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

G		Direct Damage									
Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Width** (CDC)	Max*** Crush	Field L**	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	±D
1	Front plane at bumper ht	16	3	24			3	2	2	0	-12
2	Side plane at bumper ht	16	9.5	44	1	2.75	5	7.5	8	9.5	+49
	Measurements recorded										
	in inches mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

 Table E3. Occupant Compartment Measurements for Test No. 490023-6-2.

Date:	2013-08-15	Test No.:	490023-6-2	VIN No.:	KNADE123286365964
Year:	2008	Make:	Kia	Model:	Rio







OCCUPANT COMPARTMENT DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT

	Before (inches)	After (inches)
A 4	(<i>,</i>	· · · · ·
A1	71.50	71.50
A2	70.50	70.50
A3	71.50	71.50
B1	42.50	42.50
B2	34.75	34.75
B3	43.00	43.00
B4	34.75	34.75
B5	35.25	35.25
B6	34.75	34.75
C1	55.00	55.00
C2	43.50	43.50
C3	55.00	55.00
D1	12.00	12.00
D2	6.75	6.75
D3	12.00	12.00
E1	53.75	53.75
E2	53.75	53.75
F	53.50	53.50
G	53.50	53.50
Н	35.75	35.75
I	35.75	35.75
J*	52.75	52.75

*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kick panel to passenger's side kick panel.

¢

E2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS













0.405 s

Figure E1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 490023-6-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views).







0.675 s













Figure E1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 490023-6-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (continued).



0.000 s



0.135 s



0.540 s



0.675 s



0.270 s

0.405 s



0.810 s



0.945 s

Figure E2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 490023-6-2 (Rear View).





TR No. 9-1002-12-10

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2013-10-23



E4. VEHICLE ACCELERATIONS

Figure E4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



Y Acceleration Rear of CG

Figure E5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-2 (Accelerometer Located Rear of Center of Gravity).



Figure E6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 490023-6-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).