

Federal Highway Administration 1200 New Jersey Ave., SE Washington, D.C. 20590

March 8, 2018

In Reply Refer To: HSST-1/CC-139

Mr. Felipe Almanza TrafFix Devices Inc. 160 Avenida La Pata San Clemente, CA 92672

Dear Mr. Almanza:

This letter is in response to your September 14, 2017 request for the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) to review a roadside safety device, hardware, or system for eligibility for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program. This FHWA letter of eligibility is assigned FHWA control number CC-139 and is valid until a subsequent letter is issued by FHWA that expressly references this device.

Decision

The following device is eligible within the length-of-need, with details provided in the form which is attached as an integral part of this letter:

• Big Sandy MASH

Scope of this Letter

To be found eligible for Federal-aid funding, new roadside safety devices should meet the crash test and evaluation criteria contained in the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials'(AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH). However, the FHWA, the Department of Transportation, and the United States Government do not regulate the manufacture of roadside safety devices. Eligibility for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program does not establish approval, certification or endorsement of the device for any particular purpose or use.

This letter is not a determination by the FHWA, the Department of Transportation, or the United States Government that a vehicle crash involving the device will result in any particular outcome, nor is it a guarantee of the in-service performance of this device. Proper manufacturing, installation, and maintenance are required in order for this device to function as tested.

This finding of eligibility is limited to the crashworthiness of the system and does not cover other structural features, nor conformity with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Eligibility for Reimbursement

Based solely on a review of crash test results and certifications submitted by the manufacturer, and the crash test laboratory, FHWA agrees that the device described herein meets the crash test and evaluation criteria of the AASHTO's MASH. Therefore, the device is eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program if installed under the range of tested conditions.

Name of system: Big Sandy MASH Type of system: Crash Cushion Test Level: MASH Test Level 3 (TL3) Testing conducted by: KARCO Date of request: September 14, 2017 Date initially acknowledged: September 20, 2017

FHWA concurs with the recommendation of the accredited crash testing laboratory on the attached form.

Full Description of the Eligible Device

The device and supporting documentation, including reports of the crash tests or other testing done, videos of any crash testing, and/or drawings of the device, are described in the attached form.

Notice

This eligibility letter is issued for the subject device as tested. Modifications made to the device are not covered by this letter and will need to be tested in accordance with all recommended tests in AASHTO's MASH as part of a new and separate submittal.

You are expected to supply potential users with sufficient information on design, installation and maintenance requirements to ensure proper performance.

You are expected to certify to potential users that the hardware furnished has the same chemistry, mechanical properties, and geometry as that submitted for review, and that it will meet the test and evaluation criteria of AASHTO's MASH.

Issuance of this letter does not convey property rights of any sort or any exclusive privilege. This letter is based on the premise that information and reports submitted by you are accurate and correct. We reserve the right to modify or revoke this letter if: (1) there are any inaccuracies in the information submitted in support of your request for this letter, (2) the qualification testing was flawed, (3) in-service performance or other information reveals safety problems, (4) the system is significantly different from the version that was crash tested, or (5) any other information indicates that the letter was issued in error or otherwise does not reflect full and complete information about the crashworthiness of the system.

Standard Provisions

- To prevent misunderstanding by others, this letter of eligibility designated as FHWA control number CC-139 shall not be reproduced except in full. This letter and the test documentation upon which it is based are public information. All such letters and documentation may be reviewed upon request.
- This letter shall not be construed as authorization or consent by the FHWA to use, manufacture, or sell any patented system for which the applicant is not the patent holder.
- If the subject device is a patented product it may be considered to be proprietary. If proprietary systems are specified by a highway agency for use on Federal-aid projects: (a) they must be supplied through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items; (b) the highway agency must certify that they are essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists; or (c) they must be used for research or for a distinctive type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. Our regulations concerning proprietary products are contained in Title 23, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 635.411.

Sincerely,

Michael S. Juffel

Michael S. Griffith Director, Office of Safety Technologies Office of Safety

Enclosures

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Request for Federal Aid Reimbursement Eligibility of Highway Safety Hardware

Submitter	Date of Request:	March 01, 2018	New	⊂ Resubmission	
	Name:	Felipe Almanza	elipe Almanza		
	Company:	TrafFix Devices Inc.			
	Address:	160 Avenida La Pata San Clemente California 92672			
	Country:	United States			
	To:	Michael S. Griffith, Director FHWA, Office of Safety Technologies			

I request the following devices be considered eligible for reimbursement under the Federal-aid highway program.

Device & Testing Criterion - Enter from right to left starting with Test Level				1-1-1
System Type	Submission Type	Device Name / Variant	Testing Criterion	Test Level
'CC': Crash Cushions, Attenuators, & Terminals	 Physical Crash Testing Engineering Analysis 	Big Sandy MASH	AASHTO MASH	TL3

By submitting this request for review and evaluation by the Federal Highway Administration, I certify that the product(s) was (were) tested in conformity with the AASHTO Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware and that the evaluation results meet the appropriate evaluation criteria in the MASH.

Individual or Organization responsible for the product:

Contact Name:	Felipe Almanza	Same as Submitter 🔀		
Company Name:	TrafFix Devices Inc.	Same as Submitter 🔀		
Address:	160 Avenida La Pata San Clemente California 92672	Same as Submitter 🔀		
Country:	United States	Same as Submitter 🔀		
Enter below all disclosures of financial interests as required by the FHWA `Federal-Aid Reimbursement Eligibility Process for Safety Hardware Devices' document.				
TrafFix Devices Inc. and Karco Engineering LLC share no financial interests between the two organizations. This includes no shared financial interest but not limited to: i. Compensation including wages, salaries, commissions, professional fees, or fees for business referrals iii. Research funding or other forms of research support; iv. Patents, copyrights, licenses, and other intellectual property interests;				
in a dense opplights needs sind other intercettal property interests,				

vi. Business ownership and investment interests;

PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

•	New Hardware or	 Modification to 	
	Significant Modification	Existing Hardware	

The Big Sandy Inertial Crash Cushion System is a non-redirective, gating crash cushion, designed to shield the end of rigid objects in both temporary and/or permanent roadside installations. The Big Sandy consists of an array of individual free-standing plastic sand filled barrels in consecutive rows which contain gradually increasing weights of sand within the array. The Big Sandy Barrels are not anchored to the road surface and do not require a transition to the barrier it is shielding. The Big Sandy can be used on concrete, asphalt, gravel, compacted dirt, and inertial (barrel/module) pallets. The test series was conducted shielding freestanding barrier and fixed anchored barrier on a concrete surface.

The Big Sandy barrels come in three configurations 2100 lb. (960 kg) barrels with an overall height of 52.5 in. (1333.5mm), 1400 lb. (640 kg) barrels with an overall height of 40.75 in. (1035mm), and a two-piece combo barrel consisting of a pedestal base, and an upper canister. When assembled, the hour glass shaped combo barrel has a height of 40.3 in. (1024mm). Combo barrels have three molded in marks designating three weight demarcation fill levels. The bottom mark designates a fill level of 200 lbs. (90kg) of sand. The middle mark designates 400 lbs. (180kg) of sand. The top mark designates 700 lbs. (320 kg) of sand. All Big Sandy barrels utilize the same 37 in (940 mm) diameter snap on lid.

The Big Sandy Barrel is manufactured from frangible plastic that is designed to break up into fragments upon impact thereby dispersing the sand contained within each barrel. As the vehicle intrudes into the array a series of collisions occur between the impacting vehicle and the consecutive rows of barrels which contain gradually increasing weights of sand. Each collision gradually reduces the velocity of the impacting vehicle until it is brought to a controlled stop. Due to the nature of the frangible plastic material used in the Big Sandy Barrels, it is not recommended that frangible barrels be intermixed with non-frangible barrels within an array.

The Big Sandy barrels used for TL-3 MASH testing are identical and unchanged from the Big Sandy barrels that have passed NCHRP Report 350 testing (Reference Letter HNG-14 and CC-52A-C). The Big Sandy ICS 12 barrel array used for TL-3 MASH testing is identical to the Big Sandy 12 barrel array that passed NCHRP Report 350 testing. Because the barrels and arrays are the same, Big Sandy barrels and arrays produced since 1998 are now MASH compliant and interchangeable.

CRASH TESTING

By signature below, the Engineer affiliated with the testing laboratory, agrees in support of this submission that all of the critical and relevant crash tests for this device listed above were conducted to meet the MASH test criteria. The Engineer has determined that no other crash tests are necessary to determine the device meets the MASH criteria.

Engineer Name:	Robert Ramirez		
Engineer Signature:	Robert Ramirez	Digitally signed by Robe DN: cn=Robert Ramirez, email=rramirez@karco.c Date: 2018.03.01 17:17:3	ert Ramirez o=KARCO Engineering, ou=Project Engineer, om, c=US IS -08'00'
Address:			Same as Submitter 🗌
Country:			Same as Submitter 🗌

A brief description of each crash test and its result:

Required Test Number	Narrative Description	Evaluation Results
3-30 (1100C)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-31 (2270P)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted

Required Test Number	Narrative Description	Evaluation Results
3-32 (1100C)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-33 (2270P)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-34 (1100C)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-35 (2270P)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-36 (2270P)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-37 (2270P)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-38 (1500A)	Not applicable for non-redirective crash cushion	Non-Relevant Test, not conducted
3-40 (1100C)	The big Safidy Array was positioned onset a quarter of the vehicle's width toward the passenger side. The offset position examines the risk of exceeding occupant risk values, vehicle instability, and vehicle yaw movement. The test was conducted using a commercially available 2013 Kia Rio 4-door sedan with a test inertial mass of 2464.7 lbs (1118.0 kg). The vehicle was in good condition, was free of major body damage, and was not missing any structural components. The bumpers were standard equipment and were not modified for this test. Based on CarFax reporting there was no recorded history of major accidents, was not a salvage titled vehicle, not involved in flooding, or fire. The test vehicle impacted the front 200 lb (90 kg) combo barrel in the array at a velocity of 63.11 mph (101.57 km/ hr) and at an impact angle of 0.5° resulting in the barrel fracturing into pieces and dispersing the contained sand. As the test vehicle intruded further into the array the sand barrels that came into contact with the vehicle fractured into pieces and dispersed the contained sand. The vehicle rotated about its yaw axis before coming to a controlled stop 66.3 ft (20.2 m) forward and 55.3 ft (16.9 m) to the left of the initial impact point. The vehicle remained upright throughout the impact event. The test vehicle's occupant compartment was not penetrated and measurable in cab deformation was deemed acceptable. The maximum roll and pitch angle did not exceed 75° and occupant risk values were within limits per MASH specifications for Occupant Impact Velocity (OIV) and Ridedown Acceleration (RA).	PASS

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	The Big Sandy Array was positioned inline	
	with the center of the test vehicle. The inline	
	centered position examines the risk of	
	exceeding occupant risk values, vehicle	
	instability, the system's capacity to absorb	
	sufficient impact energy and the Big Sandy's	
	ability to bring the vehicle to a safe	
	controlled stop. The test was conducted	
	using a commercially available 2012 Dodge	14 March 14
	Ram 4-door pickup truck with a test inertial	
	mass of 5015.4 lbs (2275.0 kg). The vehicle	
	was in good condition, was free of major	
	body damage, and was not missing any	
	structural components. The bumpers were	
	standard equipment and were not modified	
	for this test. Based on CarFax reporting	
	there was no recorded history of major	
	accidents, was not a salvage titled vehicle,	
	not involved in flooding, or fire.	
	The test vehicle impacted the front 200 lbs	
3-41 (2270P)	(90 kg) combo barrel in the array at a	PASS
	velocity of 62.96 mph (101.32 km/hr) and at	
	an impact angle of 0.1° resulting in the	
	barrel fracturing into pieces and dispersing	
	the contained sand. As the test vehicle	
	intruded further into the array the sand	
	barrels that came into contact with the	
	vehicle fractured into pieces and dispersed	
	the contained sand. The vehicle came to a	
	controlled stop 28.1 ft (8.6 m) forward and	
	10.3 in (261 mm) to the left of the initial	
	impact. The vehicle remained upright	
	throughout the impact event. The test	
	vehicle's occupant compartment was not	
	penetrated and there was no measurable in	
	cab deformation beyond the allowed limit	
	defined in MASH. The maximum roll and	
	pitch angle did not exceed 75° and	
	occupant risk values are within limits per	
	MASH specifications for Occupant Impact	
	Velocity and Ridedown Acceleration.	

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	The Big Sandy Array was positioned at a	
	nominal angle of 5° with the center of the	
	test vehicle. The angle position examines	
	the risk of exceeding occupant risk values,	
	vehicle instability, capacity to absorb	
	sufficient impact energy, and the Big	
	Sandy's ability to bring the vehicle to a safe	
	controlled stop. The test was conducted	
	using a commercially available 2011 Kia Rio	
	4-door sedan with a test inertial mass of	
	2401.9 lbs (1089.5 kg). The vehicle was in	
	good condition, was free of major body	
	damage, and was not missing any structural	
	components. The bumpers were standard	
	equipment and were not modified for this	
	test. Based on CarFax reporting there was	
	no recorded history of major accidents, was	
	not a salvage titled vehicle, not involved in	
	flooding, or fire. The test vehicle impacted	
3-42 (11000)	the front 200 lb (90 kg) combo barrel in the	PASS
5 42 (11000)	array at a velocity of 66.58 mph (107.15 km/	1765
	hr) and at an impact angle of 5.2° resulting	
	in the barrel fracturing into pieces and	
	dispersing the contained sand. As the test	
	vehicle intruded further into the array the	
	sand barrels that came into contact with the	
	vehicle fractured into pieces and dispersed	
	the contained sand. The vehicle rotated	
	about its yaw axis before coming to a	
	controlled stop 48.8 ft (14.9 m) forward and	
	3.6 ft (1.1 m) to the left of the initial impact.	
	The vehicle remained upright throughout	
	the impact event. The test vehicle's	
	occupant compartment was not penetrated	
	and measurable in cab deformation was	
	deemed acceptable. The maximum roll and	
	pitch angle did not exceed 75°. Occupant	
	risk values are within limits per MASH	
	specifications for Occupant Impact Velocity	
	and Ridedown Acceleration.	

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	The Big Sandy Array was positioned at a	
	nominal angle of 5° with the center of the	
	test vehicle. The angle position examines	
	the risk of exceeding occupant risk values,	
	vehicle instability, capacity to absorb	
	sufficient impact energy, and the Big	
	Sandy's ability to bring the vehicle to a safe	
	controlled stop. The test was conducted	
	using a commercially available 2012 Dodge	
	Ram 4-door pickup truck with a test inertial	
	mass of 4968.0 lbs (2253.5 kg). The vehicle	
	was in good condition, was free of major	
	body damage, and was not missing any	
	structural components. The bumpers were	
	standard equipment and were not modified	
	for this test. Based on CarFax reporting	
	there was no recorded history of major	
	accidents, was not a salvage titled vehicle,	
	not involved in flooding, or fire. The test	
	vehicle impacted the front 200 lb (90 kg)	
2 42 (2270)	combo barrel in the array at a velocity of	DACC
5-45 (2270P)	62.09 mph (99.92 km/hr) and at an impact	PASS
	angle of 5.6 ° resulting in the barrel	
	fracturing into pieces and dispersing the	
	contained sand. As the test vehicle	
	intruded further into the array the sand	
	barrels that came into contact with the	
	vehicle fractured into pieces and dispersed	
	the contained sand. The vehicle rotated	
	about its yaw axis before coming to a	
	controlled stop 128.9 ft (39.3 m) forward	
	and 10.1 ft (3.1 m) to the left of the initial	
	impact. The vehicle remained upright	
	throughout the impact event. The test	
	vehicle's occupant compartment was not	
	penetrated and there were no measurable	
	in cab deformation beyond the allowed	
	limit defined in MASH. The maximum roll	
	and pitch angle did not exceed 75°.	
	Occupant risk values are within limits per	
	MASH specifications for Occupant Impact	
	Velocity and Ridedown Acceleration.	

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3-44 (2270P)	The Big Sandy Array was positioned at a nominal angle of 20° and the center line of the impacting vehicle was directed at the corner of the barrier. The vehicle impacted the crash cushion 14.63 ft (4.4 m) from the barrier and 2.44 ft (0.743 m) from the center line of the vehicle. Two 3-44 tests were run. One conducted with freestanding barrier and one with permanently anchored barrier (Report TR-P36301) a 2012 Ram 4-door truck was used with an inertial mass of 5004.4 lbs (2270.0 kg), at an impact velocity of 60.32 mph (97.07 km/hr), and at an impact angle of 20.2°. The vehicle rotated in a clockwise direction about the vertical axis and came to a controlled stop 26.7 ft (8.1 m) forward and 2.4 in (61 mm) from the impact point. For the test with anchored barrier (Report TR-38019) a 2013 Ram 4-door truck was used with an inertial mass of 4995.6 lbs (2266.0 kg), at an impact velocity of 61.26 mph (98.59 km/hr), and at an impact angle of 19.9°. The vehicle rotated in a clockwise direction about the vertical axis and came to a controlled stop 18.2 ft (5.6 m) forward and 6.2 ft (1.9 m) from the impact point.	PASS
	For both 3-44 tests the truck contacted the first double row of 700 lbs (320 kg) barrels approx. 13.5 ft (4.1 m) from the front of the Big Sandy System. The first impacted barrels fractured dispersing the contained sand. As the vehicle intruded further into the array all the barrels rearward fractured and dispersed the contained sand. The CIP was defined in specifications in MASH for test procedures for Gating Non- Redirective Crash Cushions. The trucks were free of major body damage and based on CarFax there was no recorded history of major accidents. For both tests the truck remained upright, and did not exhibit vaulting. The maximum roll and pitch angle did not exceed 75°. The occupant compartments were not penetrated and there were no measurable in cab deformation beyond the allowed limit defined in MASH.	

			ruge o or s
3-45 (1500A)	The Big Sandy Array was positioned inline the with center of the test vehicle. The inline centered position examines the risk of exceeding occupant risk values, vehicle instability, capacity to absorb sufficient impact energy, and the Big Sandy's ability to bring the vehicle to a safe controlled stop. The test was conducted using a commercially available 2012 Chevy Malibu 4-door sedan with a test inertial mass of 3284.8 lbs (1490.0 kg). The vehicle was in good condition, was free of major body damage, and was not missing any structural components. The bumpers were standard equipment and were not modified for this test. Based on CarFax reporting there was no recorded history of major accidents, was not a salvage titled vehicle, not involved in flooding, or fire. The test vehicle impacted the front 200 lb (90 kg) combo barrel in the array at a velocity of 61.31 mph (98.67 km/ hr) and at an impact angle of 0.6° resulting in the barrel fracturing into pieces dispersing the contained sand. As the test vehicle intruded further into the array the sand barrels that came into contact with the vehicle fractured into pieces and dispersed the contained sand. The vehicle came to a controlled stop 27.7 ft (8.4 m) forward from	PASS	
3-45 (1500A)	test. Based on CarFax reporting there was no recorded history of major accidents, was not a salvage titled vehicle, not involved in flooding, or fire. The test vehicle impacted the front 200 lb (90 kg) combo barrel in the array at a velocity of 61.31 mph (98.67 km/ hr) and at an impact angle of 0.6° resulting in the barrel fracturing into pieces dispersing the contained sand. As the test vehicle intruded further into the array the sand barrels that came into contact with the vehicle fractured into pieces and dispersed the contained sand. The vehicle came to a controlled stop 27.7 ft (8.4 m) forward from the initial impact. The vehicle remained upright throughout the impact event. The test vehicle's occupant compartment was not penetrated and there was no	PASS	
	measurable in cab deformation beyond the allowed limit defined in MASH. The maximum roll and pitch angle did not exceed 75° and occupant risk values are within limits per MASH specifications for Occupant Impact Velocity and Ridedown Acceleration.		

Full Scale Crash Testing was done in compliance with MASH by the following accredited crash test laboratory (cite the laboratory's accreditation status as noted in the crash test reports.):

Laboratory Name:	KARCO Engineering	
Laboratory Signature:	Alex Beltran Digitally signed by Alex Beltran DN: cn=Alex Beltran, o=KARCO Engineering, ou=Testing Laboratory, email=abeltran@karco.com, c=US Date: 2018.03.01 16:53:12 - 0800'	
Address:	9270 Holly Rd. Adelanto CA 92301	Same as Submitter 🗌
Country:	United States	Same as Submitter 🗌
Accreditation Certificate Number and Dates of current Accreditation period :	October 12, 2017 - July 1, 2018	

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Submitter Signature*: Jelipe almongo

DN: cn=Felipe Almanza, o=TrafFix Devices Inc., ou, email=falmanza@traffixdevices.com, c=US Date: 2018.02.27 16:09:27 -08'00'

Submit Form

ATTACHMENTS

Attach to this form:

1) Additional disclosures of related financial interest as indicated above.

- 2) A copy of the full test report, video, and a Test Data Summary Sheet for each test conducted in support of this request.
- 3) A drawing or drawings of the device(s) that conform to the Task Force-13 Drawing Specifications [Hardware Guide Drawing Standards]. For proprietary products, a single isometric line drawing is usually acceptable to illustrate the product, with detailed specifications, intended use, and contact information provided on the reverse. Additional drawings (not in TF-13 format) showing details that are relevant to understanding the dimensions and performance of the device should also be submitted to facilitate our review.

FHWA Official Business Only:

Eligibility Letter			
Number	Date	Key Words	

MASH Test 3-40 Summary









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General Information

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55-4<mark>3</mark>* [16870mm]





Test Agency KARCO Test No	KARCO Engineering, LLC P37027-01
Test Designation	3-40
Test Date	03/06/17
Test Article	
Name / Model	Big Sandy
Туре	Crash Cushion
Article Length	28.1 ft. (8.6 m)
Installation Length	49.1 ft (15.0 m)
Road Surface	Concrete
Test Vehicle	
Type / Designation	1100C
Year, Make, and Model	2013 Kia Rio

Year, Make, and Model	2013 Kia Rio
Curb Mass	2,538.6 lbs (1,151.5 kg)
Test Inertial Mass	2,464.7 lbs (1,118.0 kg)
Gross Static Mass	2,638.9 lbs (1,197.0 kg)

Impact Conditions Impact Angle......0.5° Location / Orientation...... Offset 16.9 in (430 mm) towards the passenger side Kinetic Energy...... 328.2 kip-ft (444.9 kJ)

Exit Conditions

Exit Velocity	N/A
Exit Angle	N/A
Final Vehicle Position	66.3 ft (20.2 m) downstream
	55.3 ft. (16.9 m) left
Vehicle Snagging	None
Vehicle Pocketing	None
Vehicle Stability	Satisfactory
Maximum Roll Angle	3.7°
Maximum Pitch Angle	3.6°
Maximum Yaw Angle	107.8°

Occupant Risk	
Longitudinal OIV	. 23.6 ft/s (7.2 m/s)
Lateral OIV	. 0.3 ft/s (0.1 m/s)
Longitudinal RA	-13.3 g
Lateral RA	. 3.5 g
THIV	. 23.6 ft/s (7.2 m/s)
PHD	13.3
ASI	. 0.68
Test Article Deflections	
Static	N/A
Maximum Debris Field	33.7 ft. (10.3 m) left 110.8 ft. (33.8 m)
	forward

	Iorwaru
Vehicle Damage	
Vehicle Damage Scale	12-FC-4
CDC	12FDEW3
Maximum Intrusion	Windshield

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-40

MASH Test 3-41 Summary









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General Information

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Test Agency KARCO Engineering, LLC.	
KARCO Test No P37007-01	
Test Designation	
Test Date 2/27/17	
Test Article	
Name / Model Big Sandy	
Type Crash Cushion	
Article Length 28.1 ft. (8.6 m)	
Installation Length 49.1 ft (15.0 m)	
Road Surface Cement	
Test Vehicle	
Type / Designation	
Year, Make, and Model 2012 RAM 1500	
Curb Mass	
Test Inertial Mass 5,015.4 lbs (2,275.0 kg)	
Gross Static Mass 5,015.4 lbs (2,275.0 kg)	l '

Exit Conditions

Exit Velocity	N/A
Exit Angle	N/A
Final Vehicle Position	28.1 ft (8.6 m) downstream
	10.3 in. (261 mm) left
Vehicle Snagging	None
Vehicle Pocketing	None
Vehicle Stability	Satisfactory
Maximum Roll Angle	4.7°
Maximum Pitch Angle	6.7°
Maximum Yaw Angle	-4.5°

oradio	
Maximum Debris Field	65.5 ft. (20.0 m) left
	101.9 ft. (31.0 m) forward

Vehicle Damage

Vehicle Damage Scale	. 12-FC-4	
CDC	12FDEW3	
Maximum Intrusion	Floorpan	

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-41

MASH Test 3-42 Summary



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0.640 s

0.880 s



General Information

Test Agency	KARCO Engineering, LLC
KARCO Test No	P37115-01
Test Designation	3-42
Test Date	4/14/17

Test Article

sh Cushion
ft. (8.6 m)
ft (18.0 m)
crete

Test Vehicle

Type / Designation	1100C
Year, Make, and Model	2011 Kia Rio
Curb Mass	2,307.1 lbs (1,046.5 kg)
Test Inertial Mass	2,401.9 lbs (1,089.5 kg)
Gross Static Mass	2,572.8 lbs (1,167.0 kg)

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-42

Impact Conditions

Impact Velocity	66.58 mph (107.15 km/h)
Impact Angle	5.2°
Location / Orientation	1.0 in (25 mm) right of the
	venicles centennie
Kinetic Energy	355.9 kip-ft (482.6 kJ)

Exit Conditions

Exit Velocity	N/A
Exit Angle	N/A
Final Vehicle Position	48.8 ft (14.9 m) downstream
	3.6 ft. (1.1 m) left
Vehicle Snagging	None
Vehicle Pocketing	None
Vehicle Stability	Satisfactory
Maximum Roll Angle	5.0°
Maximum Pitch Angle	-3.2°
Maximum Yaw Angle	28.8°

Occupant Risk Longitudinal OIV...... 23.6 ft/s (7.2 m/s) Lateral OIV...... 2.0 ft/s (0.6 m/s) Longitudinal RA.....-14.5 g Lateral RA..... 2.8 g THIV...... 23.6 ft/s (7.2 m/s) PHD.....14.5 **Test Article Deflections** Static.....N/A Maximum Debris Field..... 54.6 ft. (16.6 m) left 105.3 ft. (32.1 m) forward Vehicle Damage Vehicle Damage Scale...... 12-FC-3 CDC..... 12FDEW2 Maximum Intrusion...... Windshield

MASH Test 3-43 Summary











0.000 s

0.050 s











General Information		
Test Agency KARCO Engineering, LLC.		
KARCO Test No P37168-01		
Test Designation		
Test Date 05/18/17		
Test Article		
Name / Model Big Sandy		
TypeCrash Cushion		
Article Length 28.1 ft. (8.6 m)		
Installation Length 49.1 ft (15.0 m)		
Road Surface Concrete		
Test Vehicle		

Type / Designation	2270P
Year, Make, and Model	. 2012 Ram 1500
Curb Mass	5,007.7 lbs (2,271.5 kg)
Test Inertial Mass	. 4,968.0 lbs (2,253.5 kg)
Gross Static Mass	. 4,968.0 lbs (2,253.5 kg)

Impact Conditions

Impact Velocity	62.09 mph (99.92 km/h)
Impact Angle	5.6°
Location / Orientation	0.8 in (21 mm) left of the
	article's centerline
Kinetic Energy	640 3 kip-ft (868 1 kJ)

Exit Conditions

Exit Velocity	N/A
Exit Angle	N/A
Final Vehicle Position	128.9 ft (39.3 m) downstream
	10.1 ft. (3.1 m) left
Vehicle Snagging	None
Vehicle Pocketing	None
Vehicle Stability	Satisfactory
Maximum Roll Angle	5.5°
Maximum Pitch Angle	3.7°
Maximum Yaw Angle	-7.8°

Occupant Risk Longitudinal OIV..... 23.6 ft/s (7.2 m/s) Lateral OIV..... 1.3 ft/s (0.4 m/s) Longitudinal RA.....-9.1 g Lateral RA.....-2.3 g THIV...... 23.6 ft/s (7.2 m/s) Test Article Deflections

Static	N/A
Maximum Debris Field	65.5 ft. (20.0 m) left 127.6 ft. (38.9 m)
	forward
Vehicle Damage	
Vehicle Damage Scale	12-FC-4
CDC	12FDEW3
Maximum Intrusion	Floorpan

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-43

MASH Test 3-44 Summary



0.000 s



0.150 s



0.470 s



0.900 s



1.800 s



General Information	
Test Agency	KARCO Engineering, LLC.

KARCO Test No	. P36301-01
Test Designation	. 3-44
Test Date	03/02/17

Test Article

Name / Model	Big Sandy
Туре	Crash Cushion
Article Length	28.1 ft. (8.6 m)
Installation Length	49.1 ft (15.0 m)
Road Surface	Concrete

Test Vehicle

Type / Designation	. 2270P
Year, Make, and Model	2012 RAM 1500
Curb Mass	. 5,217.2 lbs (2,366.5 kg)
Test Inertial Mass	. 5,004.4 lbs (2,270.0 kg)
Gross Static Mass	. 5,004.4 lbs (2,270.0 kg)

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-44

mpact Conditions	
Impact Velocity	60.32 mph (97.07 km/h)
Impact Angle	20.2°
Location / Orientation	0.6 in (15 mm) right of the
	intended impact point
Kinetic Energy	608.7 kip-ft (825.3 kJ)

Exit Conditions

	Exit Velocity	N/A
	Exit Angle	N/A
	Final Vehicle Position	26.7 ft (8.1 m) downstream
		2.4 in. (61 mm) left
	Vehicle Snagging	None
	Vehicle Pocketing	None
	Vehicle Stability	Satisfactory
	Maximum Roll Angle	-7.6°
	Maximum Pitch Angle	1.9°
	Maximum Yaw Angle	60.9°
1		

Occupant Risk	
Longitudinal OIV	. 31.2 ft/s (9.5 m/s)
Lateral OIV	. 3.6 ft/s (1.1 m/s)
Longitudinal RA	24.4 g
Lateral RA	. 5.2 g
THIV	. 31.5 ft/s (9.6 m/s)
PHD	24.4 g
ASI	. 1.34
Test Article Deflections Static.	. N/A
Maximum Debris Field	44.0 ft (13.4 m) left
	130.3 ft. (39.7 m) forward
Vehicle Damage	
Vehicle Damage Scale	12-FC-5
CDC	12FDEW3
Maximum Intrusion	. Floorpan

MASH Test 3-44 Summary









0.250 s



0.000 s

0.100 s

0.160 s





General Information	
Test Agency	KARCO Engineering, LLC.
KARCO Test No	P38019-01
Test Designation	3-44
Test Date	01/05/18
Test Article	
Name / Model	Big Sandy
Туре	Crash Cushion
Article Length	28.1 ft. (8.6 m)
Installation Length	49.1 ft (15.0 m)
Road Surface	Concrete
Test Vehicle	
Type / Designation	. 2270P
Year, Make, and Model	2013 RAM 1500
Curb Mass	. 4,784.0 lbs (2,170.0kg)
Test Inertial Mass	4,995.6 lbs (2,266.0 kg)
Gross Static Mass	4 995 6 lbs (2 266 0 kg)

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-44

Location / Orientation	Center of vehicle to corner of
	backup structure
Kinetic Energy	626.7 kip-ft (849.7 kJ)

Exit Conditions

Exit Velocity	N/A
Exit Angle	N/A
Final Vehicle Position	18.2 ft (5.6 m) downstream
	6.2 ft. (1.9 m) left
Vehicle Snagging	None
Vehicle Pocketing	None
Vehicle Stability	Satisfactory
Maximum Roll Angle	-6.1°
Maximum Pitch Angle	5.2°
Maximum Yaw Angle	-43.1°

Occupant Risk	
Longitudinal OIV	. 35.8 ft/s (10.9 m/s)
Lateral OIV	. 4.3 ft/s (1.3 m/s)
Longitudinal RA	23.3 g
Lateral RA	. 4.0 g
THIV	. 35.8 ft/s (10.9 m/s)
PHD	23.3 g
ASI	. 1.45
Static	N/A
Maximum Debris Field	30.9 ft. (9.4 m) left
	83 7 ft (25 5 m) forward
	00.7 ft. (20.0 ft) forward
Vehicle Damage	00.7 ft. (20.0 ft) forward
<u>Vehicle Damage</u> Vehicle Damage Scale	12-FC-5
Vehicle Damage Vehicle Damage Scale CDC	12-FC-5 12FDEW3

MASH Test 3-45 Summary









0.200 s



0.350 s



General Information	Impact Conditions
Test Agency KARCO Engineering, LLC.	Impact Velocity 61.31 mph (98.67 km/h)
KARCO Test No P37167-01	Impact Angle0.6°
Test Designation	Location / Orientation 0.6 in (16 mm) left of the
Test Date	article's centerline
	Kinetic Energy 412.8 kip-ft (559.6 kJ)
Test Article	
Name / Model Big Sandy	Exit Conditions
Type Crash Cushion	Exit Velocity N/A
Article Length 28.1 ft. (8.6 m)	Exit AngleN/A
Installation Length 49.1 ft (15.0 m)	Final Vehicle Position
Road Surface Concrete	
	Vehicle Snagging None
Test Vehicle	Vehicle PocketingNone
Type / Designation1500A	Vehicle Stability Satisfactory
Year, Make, and Model 2012 Chevrolet Malibu	Maximum Roll Angle 5.6°
Curb Mass	Maximum Pitch Angle2.7°
Test Inertial Mass	Maximum Yaw Angle4.5°
Gross Static Mass	

Occupant Risk	
Longitudinal OIV	. 22.3 ft/s (6.8 m/s)
Lateral OIV	. 0.7 ft/s (0.2 m/s)
Longitudinal RA	13.8 g
Lateral RA	. 1.2 g
THIV	. 22.3 ft/s (6.8 m/s)
PHD	. 13.8 g
ASI	. 0.79
Static	. N/A
Maximum Debris Field	65.5.ft (20.0 m) left
	92.2 ft. (28.1 m) forward
Vehicle Damage	
Vehicle Damage Scale	12-FC-4
CDC	12FDEW3
Maximum Intrusion	N/A

Figure 2 Summary of Test 3-45





7

6

5

5

6



Exploded View

4

4

3



2

Assembled View

SIZE B

2

DATE: 2/23/17 DATE: 2/23/17 DATE: 2/23/17

UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCRES[mm]. TREEAXCEX XX : 1/14° [1.4mm] DECIMALIX X : 4032° XXXX : 015° DEGREES: : 0.5° TITLE:

DRAWN BY: Christopher Jaime CHECKED BY: FA APPROVED BY: FA

3



DWG. NO.

Big Sandy Combo Barrel

200-101

160 Avenida La Pata Sari Clemente, CA 92673 (949) 361-5663 FAX (949) 361-9205 www.traffixdevices.com

C

SHEET 1 OF 1

1

1

D

С

1. Units: Inches [mm] NOTES: UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED 8 7

8

D

С

В

Α



8

8

D

С

А



D

С

в

Α

А

D

С





8

D

С

В

A

