



DEVELOPMENT AND EVALUATION OF *MASH* TL-4 GUARDRAIL SYSTEM



ACCREDITED
ISO 17025 Laboratory
Testing Certificate # 2821.01

Crash testing performed at:
TTI Proving Ground
1254 Avenue A, Building 7091
Bryan, TX 77807

Test Report 0-7019-R1

Cooperative Research Program

TEXAS A&M TRANSPORTATION INSTITUTE
COLLEGE STATION, TEXAS

TEXAS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

in cooperation with the
Federal Highway Administration and the
Texas Department of Transportation
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16. Abstract <p>Researchers at the Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) designed and tested a <i>Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)</i> Test Level 4 (TL-4) compliant metal guardrail system. The researchers first developed several preliminary design concepts of the guardrail system, one of which was selected by the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) for further development through simulation and crash testing. The researchers then developed a full-scale finite element model of the selected system and performed impact simulations under <i>MASH</i> TL-4 impact conditions. Using the results of these impact simulations, the researchers made further improvements to the guardrail design and developed the final system design details for crash testing. TTI then constructed the guardrail installation and performed <i>MASH</i> Test 4-12 with a single unit truck, <i>MASH</i> Test 4-11 with a pickup truck, and <i>MASH</i> Test 4-10 with a small car to meet <i>MASH</i> TL-4 compliance criteria for longitudinal barriers.</p> <p>This report provides details of the guardrail design development, the crash tests and results, and the performance assessment of the guardrail system for <i>MASH</i> TL-4 longitudinal barrier evaluation criteria. The design developed under this research project provides a <i>MASH</i> TL-4 compliant guardrail system that allows TxDOT to provide enhanced roadside safety in corridors that experience above-average heavy vehicle traffic.</p>					
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DISCLAIMER

This research was performed in cooperation with the Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) and the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA). The contents of this report reflect the views of the authors, who are responsible for the facts and the accuracy of the data presented herein. The contents do not necessarily reflect the official view or policies of FHWA or TxDOT. This report does not constitute a standard, specification, or regulation. This report is not intended for construction, bidding, or permit purposes. The engineer in charge of the project was Nauman M. Sheikh, P.E., Tx #105155. The United States Government and the State of Texas do not endorse products or manufacturers. Trade or manufacturers' names appear herein solely because they are considered essential to the object of this report.

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The results of the crash testing reported herein apply only to the article tested.

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SI* (MODERN METRIC) CONVERSION FACTORS

APPROXIMATE CONVERSIONS TO SI UNITS

Symbol	When You Know	Multiply By	To Find	Symbol
LENGTH				
in	inches	25.4	millimeters	mm
ft	feet	0.305	meters	m
yd	yards	0.914	meters	m
mi	miles	1.61	kilometers	km
AREA				
in ²	square inches	645.2	square millimeters	mm ²
ft ²	square feet	0.093	square meters	m ²
yd ²	square yards	0.836	square meters	m ²
ac	acres	0.405	hectares	ha
mi ²	square miles	2.59	square kilometers	km ²
VOLUME				
fl oz	fluid ounces	29.57	milliliters	mL
gal	gallons	3.785	liters	L
ft ³	cubic feet	0.028	cubic meters	m ³
yd ³	cubic yards	0.765	cubic meters	m ³
NOTE: volumes greater than 1000L shall be shown in m ³				
MASS				
oz	ounces	28.35	grams	g
lb	pounds	0.454	kilograms	kg
T	short tons (2000 lb)	0.907	megagrams (or metric ton [†])	Mg (or "t")
TEMPERATURE (exact degrees)				
°F	Fahrenheit	5(F-32)/9 or (F-32)/1.8	Celsius	°C
FORCE and PRESSURE or STRESS				
lbf	poundforce	4.45	newtons	N
lbf/in ²	poundforce per square inch	6.89	kilopascals	kPa

APPROXIMATE CONVERSIONS FROM SI UNITS

Symbol	When You Know	Multiply By	To Find	Symbol
LENGTH				
mm	millimeters	0.039	inches	in
m	meters	3.28	feet	ft
m	meters	1.09	yards	yd
km	kilometers	0.621	miles	mi
AREA				
mm ²	square millimeters	0.0016	square inches	in ²
m ²	square meters	10.764	square feet	ft ²
m ²	square meters	1.195	square yards	yd ²
ha	hectares	2.47	acres	ac
km ²	Square kilometers	0.386	square miles	mi ²
VOLUME				
mL	milliliters	0.034	fluid ounces	oz
L	liters	0.264	gallons	gal
m ³	cubic meters	35.314	cubic feet	ft ³
m ³	cubic meters	1.307	cubic yards	yd ³
MASS				
g	grams	0.035	ounces	oz
kg	kilograms	2.202	pounds	lb
Mg (or "t")	megagrams (or "metric ton")	1.103	short tons (2000lb)	T
TEMPERATURE (exact degrees)				
°C	Celsius	1.8C+32	Fahrenheit	°F
FORCE and PRESSURE or STRESS				
N	newtons	0.225	poundforce	lbf
kPa	kilopascals	0.145	poundforce per square inch	lb/in ²

*SI is the symbol for the International System of Units

Chapter 1. INTRODUCTION

1.1. BACKGROUND

There is a lack of public domain guardrail systems that are compliant with the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH)* Test Level 4 (TL-4), which involves testing the guardrail system with a single unit truck, a pickup truck, and a small passenger sedan (*I*). Several corridors in Texas are known to experience a larger percentage of freight and truck traffic. In these corridors, the safety of the motoring public can greatly benefit from the use of a *MASH* TL-4 compliant guardrail system. The Texas Department of Transportation (TxDOT) desired a metal guardrail system that meets the testing requirements of *MASH* TL-4.

1.2. OBJECTIVE

The objective of this research project was to design and test a *MASH* TL-4 compliant metal guardrail system.

1.3. RESEARCH APPROACH AND SCOPE

To meet the research objective, Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI) researchers first developed several preliminary design concepts of the guardrail system, one of which was selected by TxDOT for further development through simulation and crash testing. The researchers then developed a full-scale finite element model of the selected system and performed impact simulations under *MASH* TL-4 impact conditions. Using the results of these impact simulations, the researchers made further improvements to the guardrail design and developed the final system design details for crash testing. TTI then constructed the guardrail installation and performed *MASH* Test 4-12 with a single unit truck, *MASH* Test 4-11 with a pickup truck, and *MASH* Test 4-10 with a small car to meet *MASH* TL-4 compliance criteria for longitudinal barriers.

This report provides details of the guardrail design development, the crash tests and results, and the performance assessment of the guardrail system for *MASH* TL-4 evaluation criteria for longitudinal barriers.

Chapter 2. DESIGN AND SIMULATION*

2.1. OBJECTIVE

TTI researchers developed several preliminary design concepts of the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail for TxDOT's review. One of these was selected for further development through simulation analysis and full-scale crash testing. This chapter presents the details of the initially selected *MASH* TL-4 guardrail concept, details of the simulation modeling and impact analyses performed to evaluate and improve the initial concept, and results of the impact simulations of the final design using *MASH* TL-4 impact conditions.

2.2. PRELIMINARY DESIGN CONCEPT

Figure 2.1 shows the preliminary design concept selected for further development through simulation and testing. The design was comprised of a standard W-beam guardrail and a 5-inch \times 4-inch \times 1/4-inch hollow structural section (HSS) tube rail, both supported on W6 \times 25 posts with 6.25-ft post spacing. The height to the top of the W-beam and the HSS rails was 27 inches and 40 inches, respectively. The posts were embedded 40 inches in soil. The W-beam guardrail used standard 6-inch-wide and 8-inch-deep wood blockouts, while the HSS beam had 5-inch \times 4-inch \times 1/4-inch HSS tube blockouts at the post attachment locations.

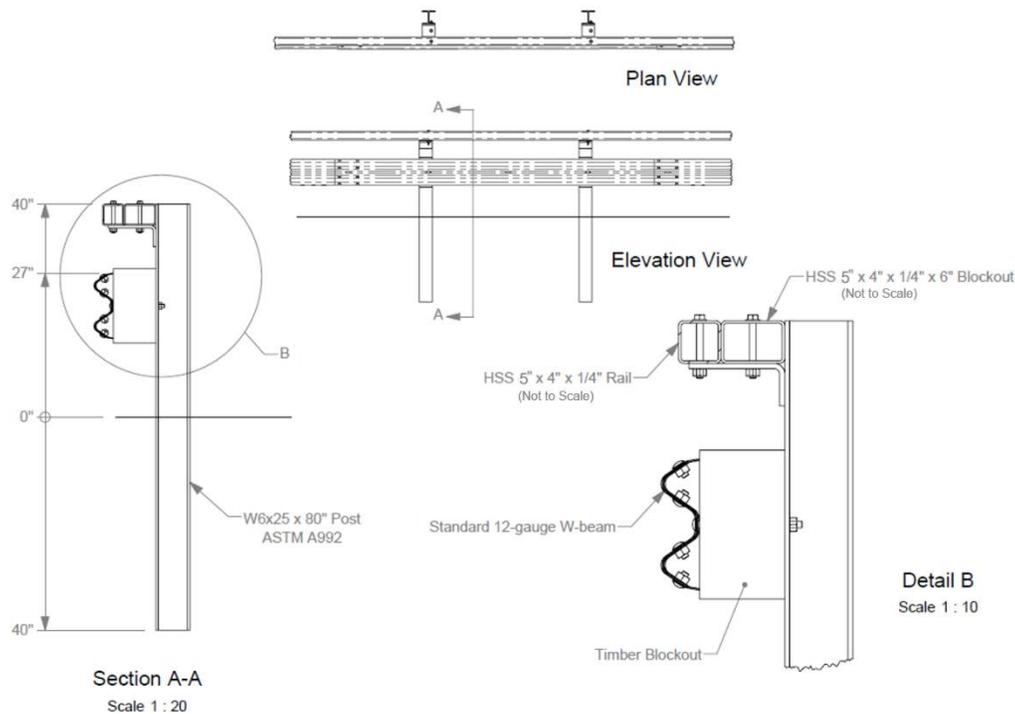


Figure 2.1. Preliminary Design Concept Selected for Simulation Analysis and Detailed Design.

* The opinions/interpretations identified/expressed in this section of the report are outside the scope of TTI Proving Ground's A2LA Accreditation.

2.3. SIMULATION ANALYSIS SCOPE

The research team developed a detailed finite element (FE) model of the selected preliminary guardrail design and performed full-scale dynamic impact simulations. The impact simulations were performed using *MASH* TL-4 impact conditions. This involved simulating *MASH* Test 4-12 (22,000-lb single unit truck [SUT]) impacting at 56 mi/h and 15 degrees), Test 4-11 (5000-lb pickup truck impacting at 62 mi/h and 25 degrees), and Test 4-10 (2420-lb small passenger car impacting at 62 mi/h and 25 degrees). Results of the simulations were used to determine if the guardrail system would likely meet *MASH* TL-4 evaluation criteria in full-scale crash testing.

Based on the results of the simulations, several design changes were made to improve the performance of the guardrail system. These design changes were then also modeled and new impact simulations were performed to arrive at the final guardrail design for full-scale crash testing.

Following are the details of the FE models developed, results of the various simulations that guided the design changes to the preliminary design, and detailed results of the impact simulation performed with the final design prior to crash testing.

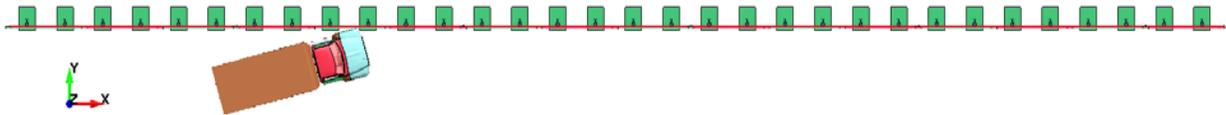
2.4. FINITE ELEMENT MODELING

All simulations were performed using the FE method. LS-DYNA, which is a commercially available general-purpose FE analysis software, was used for the analyses.

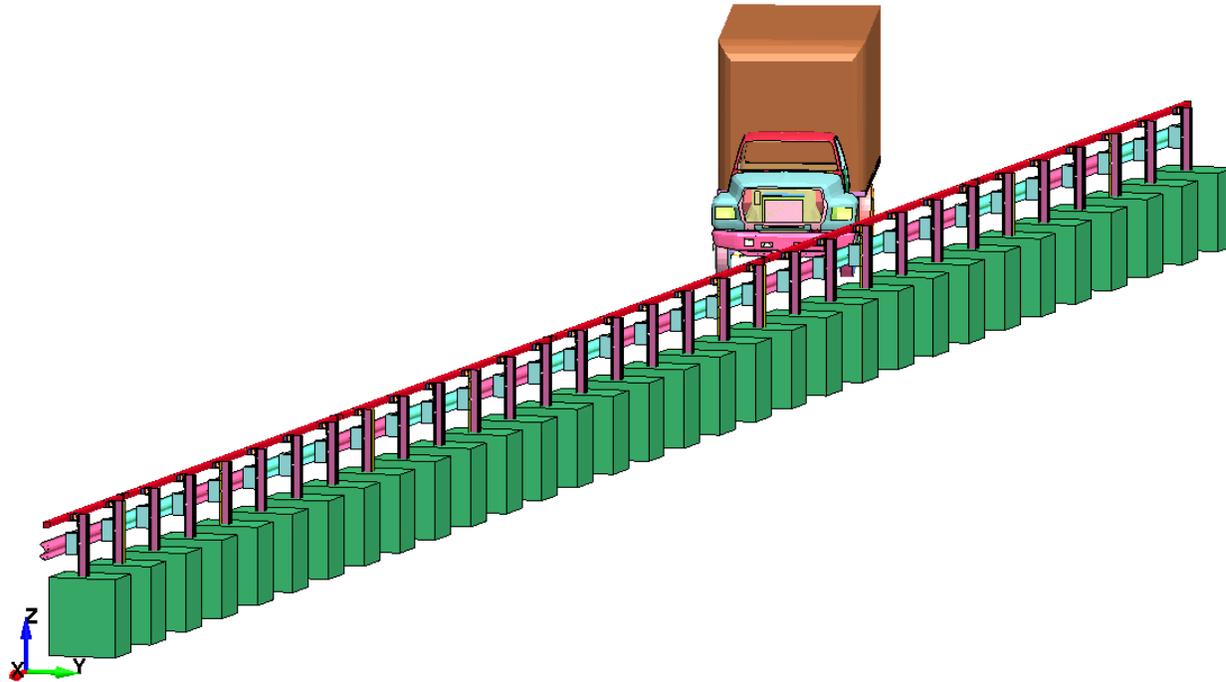
All key guardrail parts were represented with elastic-plastic material models. These included the W-beam and HSS rails, posts, splices, blockouts, and HSS rail attachment angle. The posts were modeled inside a soil continuum. The boundaries of the soil continuum were constrained to maintain the shape; however, the posts were free to deflect and rotate in the soil as a result of the impact loading.

The overall guardrail system was approximately 200 ft long and was comprised of 32 posts with 6.25-ft post spacing. Since the W-beam guardrail works by maintaining tension in the rail element during impact, it was constrained at each end using spring elements. The force-deflection properties of these spring elements have previously been calibrated by TTI to represent the presence of a guardrail end terminal. In contrast to the W-beam rail element, the HSS rail tube primarily works by providing lateral bending stiffness to the system and does not require anchoring at the ends. The HSS beam in the model was thus unrestrained at each end of the model.

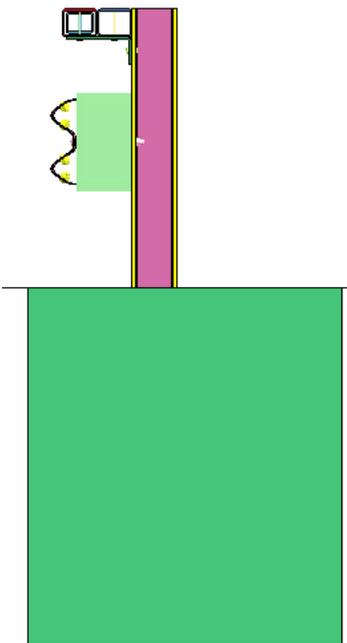
Figure 2.2 presents images of the overall guardrail system model, as well as closer details of the various key components of the model. Vehicle models used in the simulation analyses were publicly available models developed by the National Crash Analysis Center and Center for Collision Safety and Analysis under Federal Highway Administration and National Highway Traffic Safety Administration sponsorship. These models have been further improved by the research team over the course of various research projects to achieve greater validation and robustness.



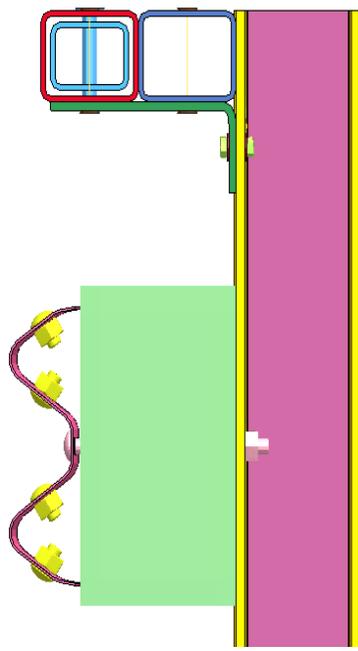
Plan View



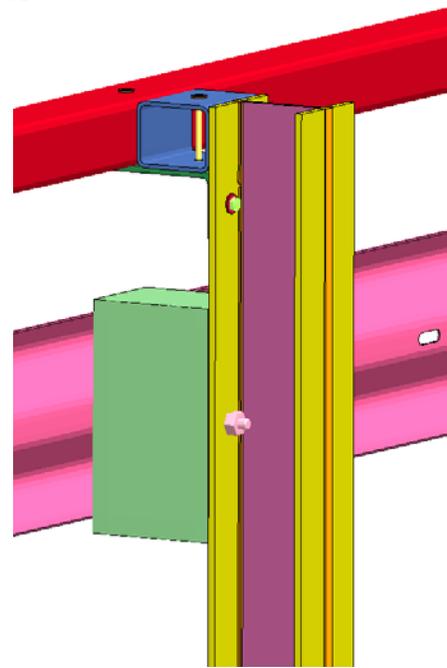
Isometric View of Full Model



Cross-Section View



Close-Up Cross-Section of Rail-to-Post Attachment



Isometric Close-Up of Rail-to-Post Attachment

Figure 2.2. Finite Element Model of Preliminary Design of Guardrail System.

2.5. DESIGN CHANGES BASED ON SIMULATION RESULTS

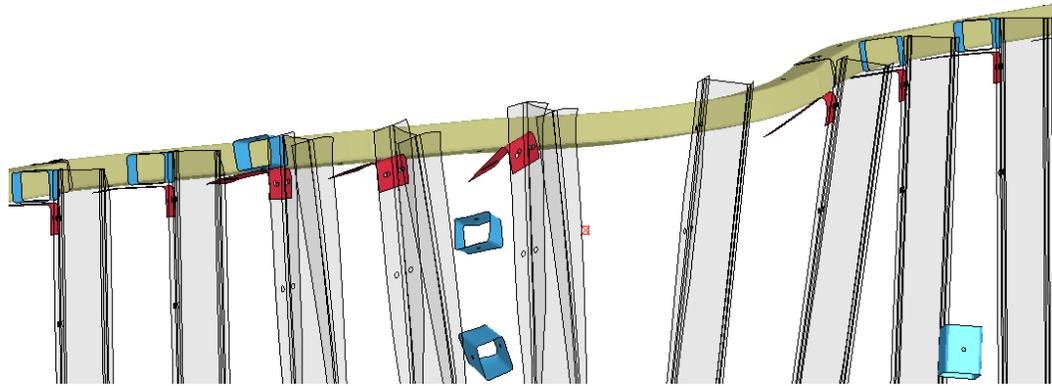
After developing the system model of the preliminary guardrail design concept, the researchers performed *MASH* Test 4-12 impact simulations with the SUT. Based on these simulations, several improvements were made to the guardrail design, as discussed in this section.

Simulation results indicated that the impact-side corner of the SUT cargo box and its underlying crossmembers had significant interaction with the HSS blockouts and the top region of the guardrail posts. This interaction occurred as the vehicle was redirecting and leaning on the guardrail. As a result of this interaction, several HSS blockouts detached from the posts, and the tops of several posts twisted undesirably (see Figure 2.3a and Figure 2.3b). Furthermore, as the vehicle leaned on the top HSS rail, the support angles attaching the rail to the post bent significantly, causing the rail to bend vertically.

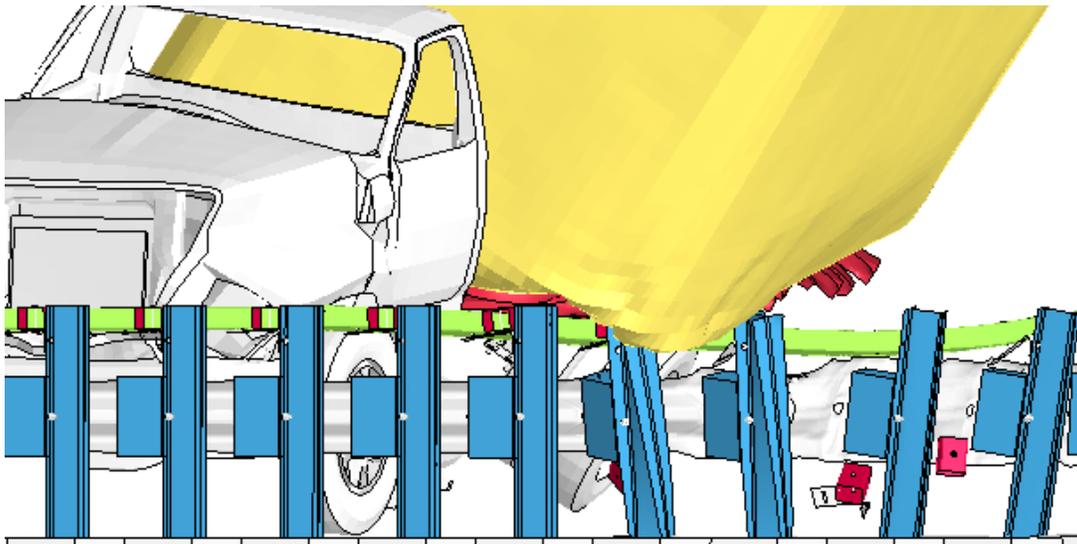
To improve the interaction of the guardrail system with the SUT cargo box, two changes were made to the design, as shown in Figure 2.4. The HSS tube blockout was removed from the design. This change brought the top rail closer to the posts, reducing the bending load on the support angles that attach the rail to the posts. Removal of the HSS blockouts also mitigated the snagging with the cargo box and its underlying crossmembers. This helped in the top rail being supported more reliably when the vehicle leaned on the rail during redirection.

The second change was reducing the height of the guardrail posts by 1.5 inches. The post embedment depth and the top rail height remained at 40 inches; however, the length of the post was reduced so that the top of the post was below the top of the rail by 1.5 inches. This change resulted in significant reduction in snagging between the SUT cargo box and its crossmembers with the top of the posts. Figure 2.3c shows the results of the improved design. The vertical bending of the top rail and the twisting of the posts were significantly reduced with the design changes.

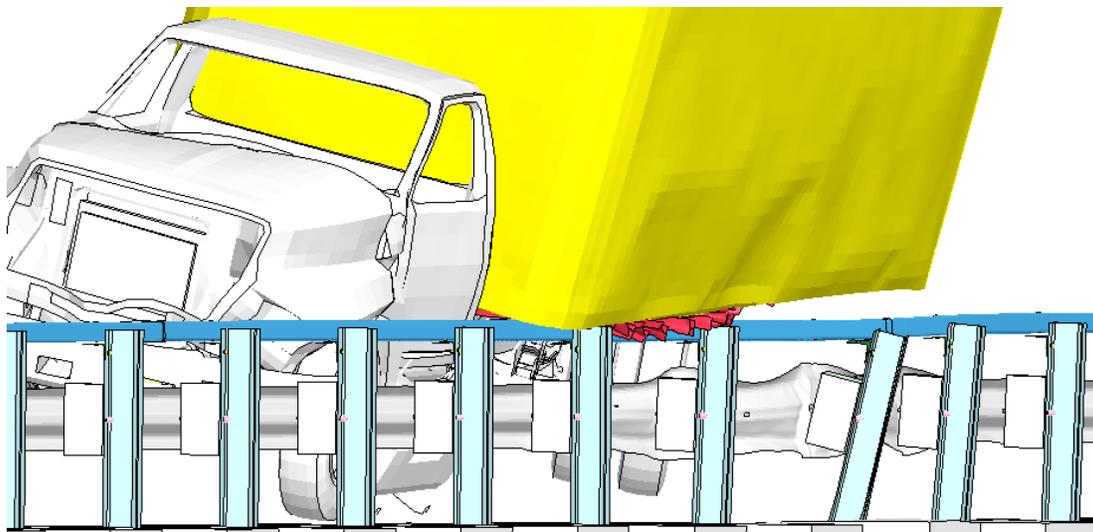
The preliminary design incorporated a 12-gauge W-beam guardrail. Impact simulation with the pickup truck showed that due to the use of stiffer posts for the TL-4 guardrail, the 12-gauge W-beam tended to wrap around the blockouts at post locations in the impact region (see Figure 2.5). This resulted in localized pocketing of the vehicle and caused vehicular instability. While the FE model of the W-beam guardrail did not incorporate material rupture, the plastic strain contours of the guardrail showed high plastic strain around the post blockouts due to the localized pocketing and interaction with the impacting vehicle (see Figure 2.6). Such high plastic strain increases the likelihood of a rail rupture during crash testing. To reduce the probability of a rail rupture, the researchers performed additional simulations using a 10-gauge W-beam guardrail. These results are also shown in Figure 2.5 and Figure 2.6. The 10-gauge W-beam guardrail significantly reduced the pocketing and the resulting plastic strains. It also improved the overall kinematics of the vehicle redirection in the simulations. Based on these results, the 10-gauge guardrail was used in the final design.



(a) Vertical Deflection of Top HSS Rail and Bending of Support Angles.

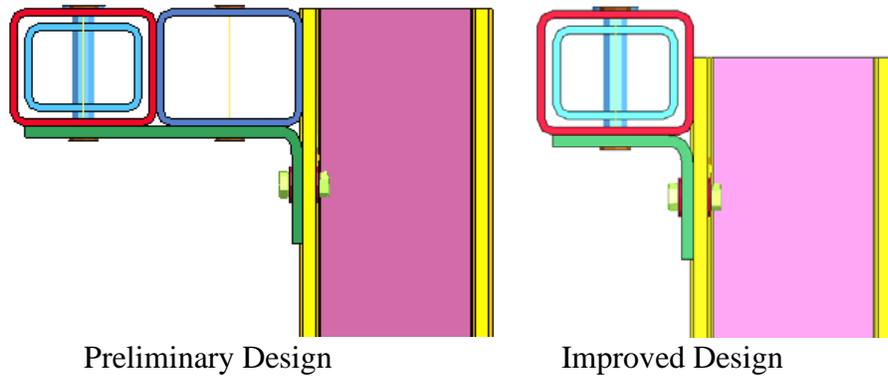


(b) Interaction between Vehicle's Box and Crossmembers with Post Tops and HSS Blockouts.



(c) Improved Design with Reduced Interaction between Post Tops and Vehicle's Box. Vertical Bending of Top Rail Is Also Reduced.

Figure 2.3. Vehicle Box and Crossmember Interaction with Post Tops and HSS Blockouts.



Preliminary Design Improved Design
Figure 2.4. Changes to the HSS Rail-to-Post Connection Based on Simulation Results.

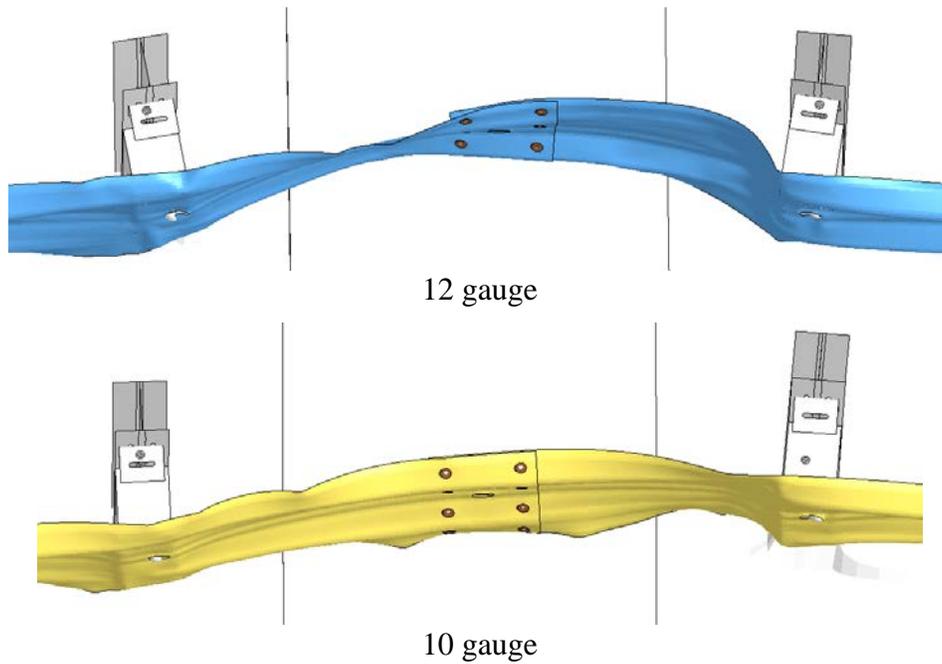


Figure 2.5. Localized Pocketing Comparison between 12-gauge and 10-gauge W-beam Rail.

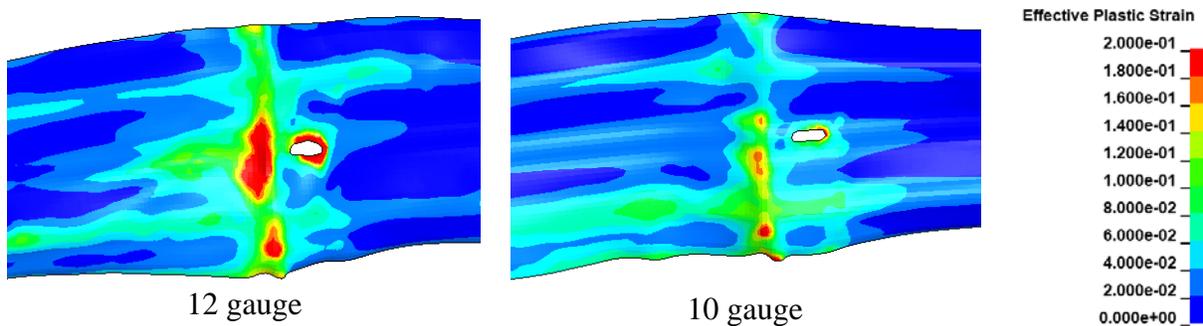


Figure 2.6. Plastic Strain Comparison between 12-gauge and 10-gauge W-beam Rail.

Simulation of the preliminary design showed that the 6-inch-wide wood blockouts attached to a 6-inch-wide post flange with a single bolt resulted in rotation of the blockouts during impact (see Figure 2.7). This rotation is not desirable because it results in the W-beam

guardrail wrapping around the corners of the blockout, which causes localized stress concentrations and increases the possibility of rail rupture when the vehicle interacts with the guardrail at a post location. To prevent the blockout rotation, the researchers modified the preliminary design to incorporate two ¼-inch-diameter, 5-inch-long hex-head lag bolts that passed through the flange of the post to secure the wood blockouts. In the final crash-tested design, these lag bolts were replaced with an additional guardrail bolt for ease of installation.

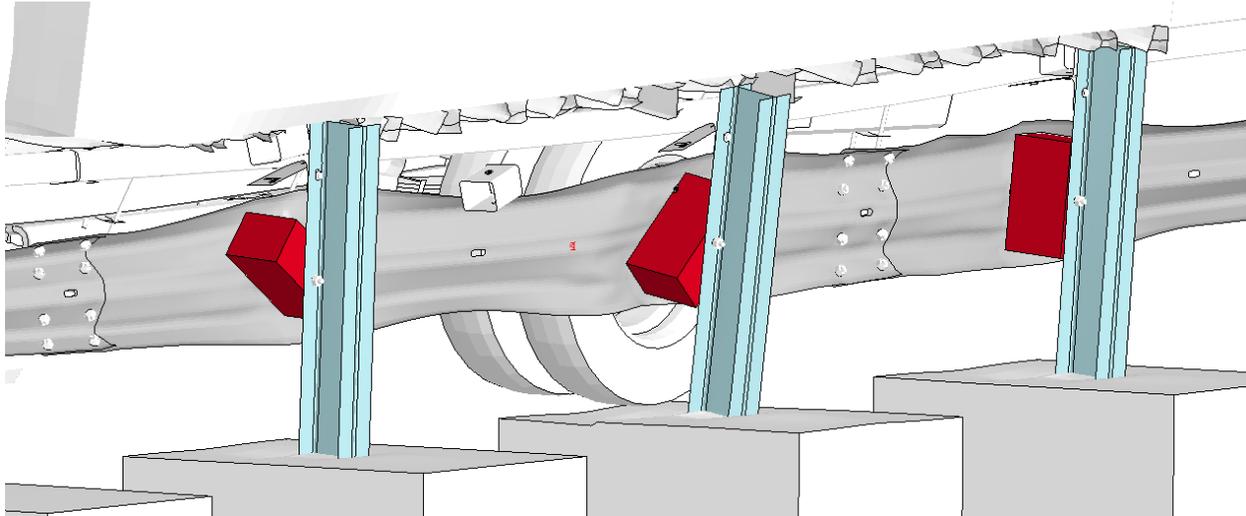


Figure 2.7. Rotation of Wood Blockouts during Impact.

2.6. MODIFIED DESIGN DETAILS

The researchers developed an FE model of the guardrail system that incorporated the modifications discussed above. This modified model, shown in Figure 2.8, was reduced by 1.5 inches. The W-beam guardrail thickness was changed to 10 gauge, and the two lag bolt constraints were added to prevent longitudinal rotation of the wood blockouts.

After developing the modified model, the researchers simulated the *MASH* impact conditions with this design, and it performed acceptably for TL-4. Details of these impact simulations are presented next.

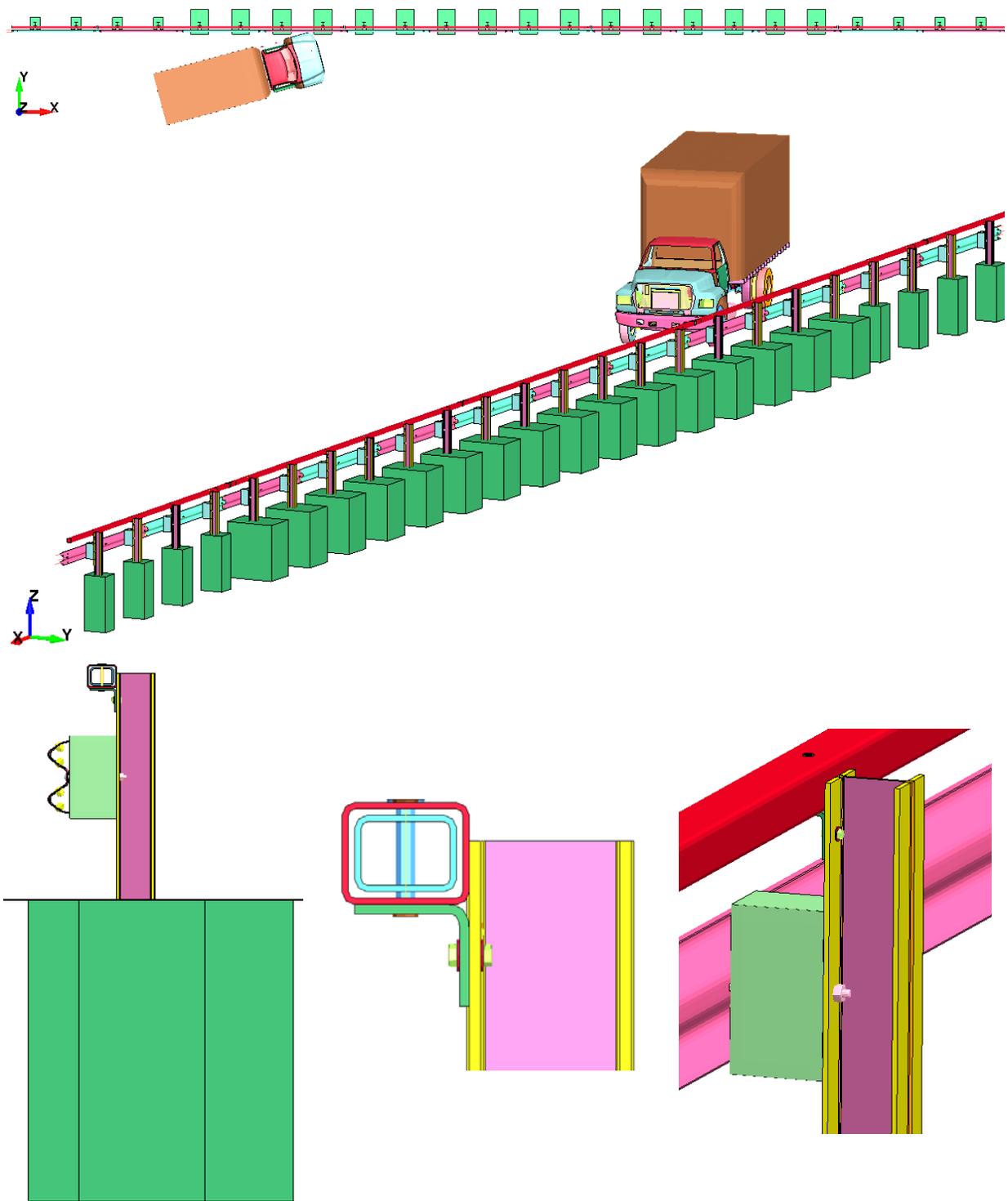


Figure 2.8. FE Model of the Guardrail System Design Recommended for Full-Scale Testing.

2.7. IMPACT ANALYSIS WITH *MASH* TEST CONDITIONS

The researchers performed impact simulation for *MASH* Test 4-12 with the SUT model. The vehicle impacted the guardrail at an impact speed and angle of 56 mi/h and 15 degrees. The impact point was 24 inches upstream of a post. This impact point maximized the potential interaction of the vehicle's impact-side front wheel with the post and was considered the critical impact point for testing. Results of the simulation are presented in Figure 2.9 and Figure 2.10. The vehicle was successfully contained and redirected in the simulation, as shown in Figure 2.9. The maximum dynamic deflection of the guardrail system was 17.7 inches. The permanent deflection was 15.3 inches. Figure 2.10 shows the damage to the barrier after the impact. Results of the simulation showed that the proposed guardrail design could be expected to pass *MASH* Test 4-12 evaluation criteria in a full-scale crash test.

The researchers performed impact simulation for *MASH* Test 4-11 with the pickup truck model. The vehicle impacted the guardrail at an impact speed and angle of 62 mi/h and 25 degrees. The impact point was 19 inches upstream of a post, with the rail splices 37.5 inches downstream of the posts. Results of this simulation are presented in Figure 2.11 and Figure 2.12. The vehicle was successfully contained and redirected in the simulation, as shown in Figure 2.11. The maximum dynamic deflection of the guardrail system was 10.8 inches. The permanent deflection was 9.6 inches. Figure 2.12 shows the damage to the barrier after the impact. Results of the simulation showed that the proposed guardrail design could be expected to pass *MASH* Test 4-11 evaluation criteria in a full-scale crash test.

The researchers also performed impact simulation for *MASH* Test 4-10 with the small car model. The vehicle impacted the guardrail at an impact speed and angle of 62 mi/h and 25 degrees. The impact point was 12 inches upstream of a post, with the rail splice 37.5 inches downstream of the post. Results of the simulation are presented in Figure 2.13 and Figure 2.14. The vehicle was successfully contained and redirected in the simulation, as shown in Figure 2.13. The maximum dynamic deflection of the guardrail system was 5.4 inches. The permanent deflection was 4.4 inches. Figure 2.14 shows the damage to the barrier after the impact. Results of the simulation showed that the proposed guardrail design could be expected to pass *MASH* Test 4-10 evaluation criteria in a full-scale crash test.

Prior to crash testing, two additional simulations were performed with the pickup truck with impact points of 36 inches and 44 inches upstream of the previously performed simulation. The results of the simulations were very similar for all three cases with regard to vehicle stability and barrier deflection. However, the impact at 36 inches had slightly higher *MASH* occupant risk numbers and was, therefore, selected as the impact point for crash testing. Similarly, two additional simulations were performed with the small car with impact points 30 inches downstream and 30 inches upstream of the previously performed impact simulation. In this case, the most critical results with regard to vehicle stability and occupant risk were associated with the initially performed impact at 12 inches upstream of the post. Thus, this impact point was selected as the critical impact point for testing.

Based on the successful results of the analyses presented herein, the research team recommended performing full-scale *MASH* TL-4 testing of the guardrail system.

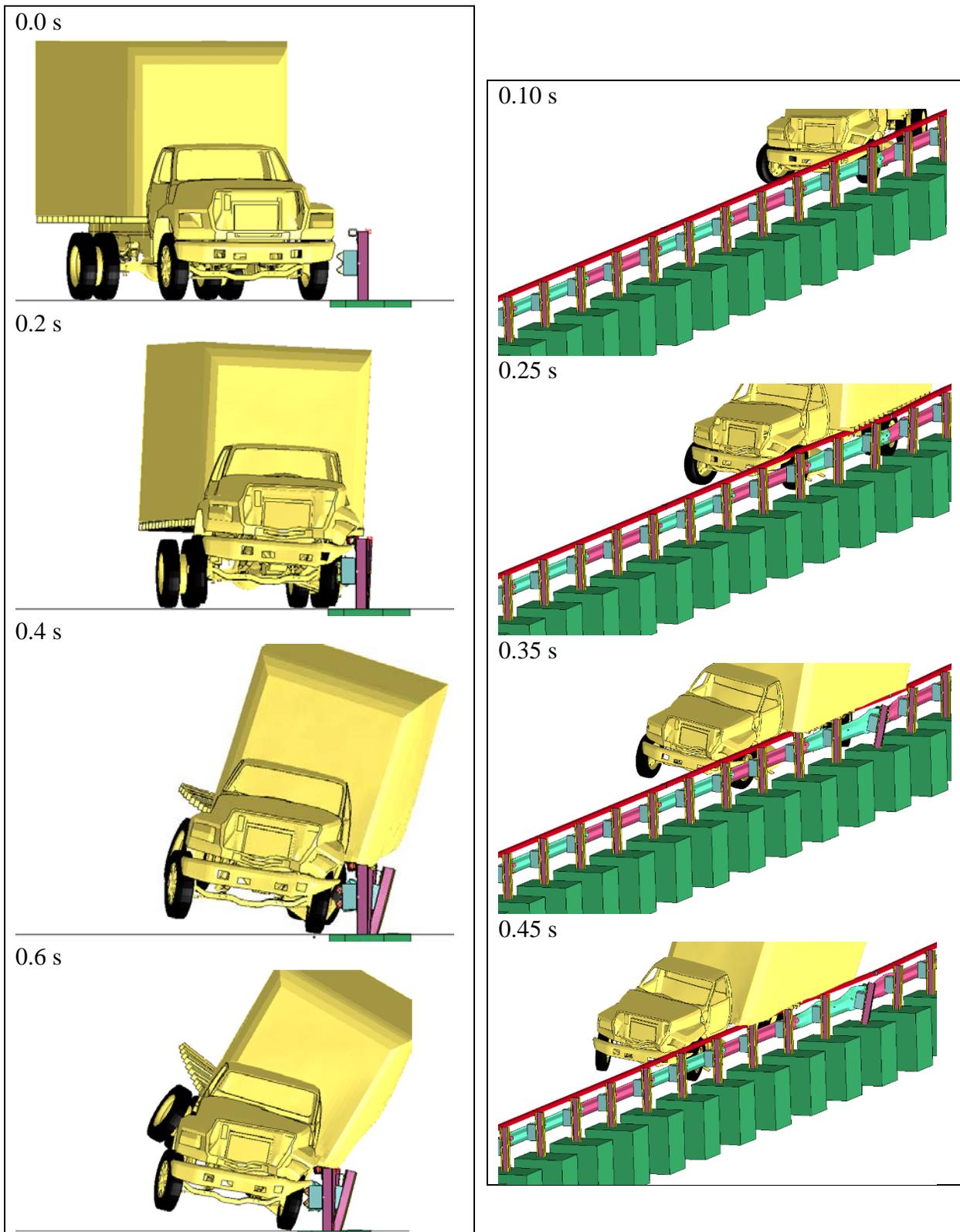


Figure 2.9. FE Simulation Results of Proposed Design for MASH Test 4-12 Impact.

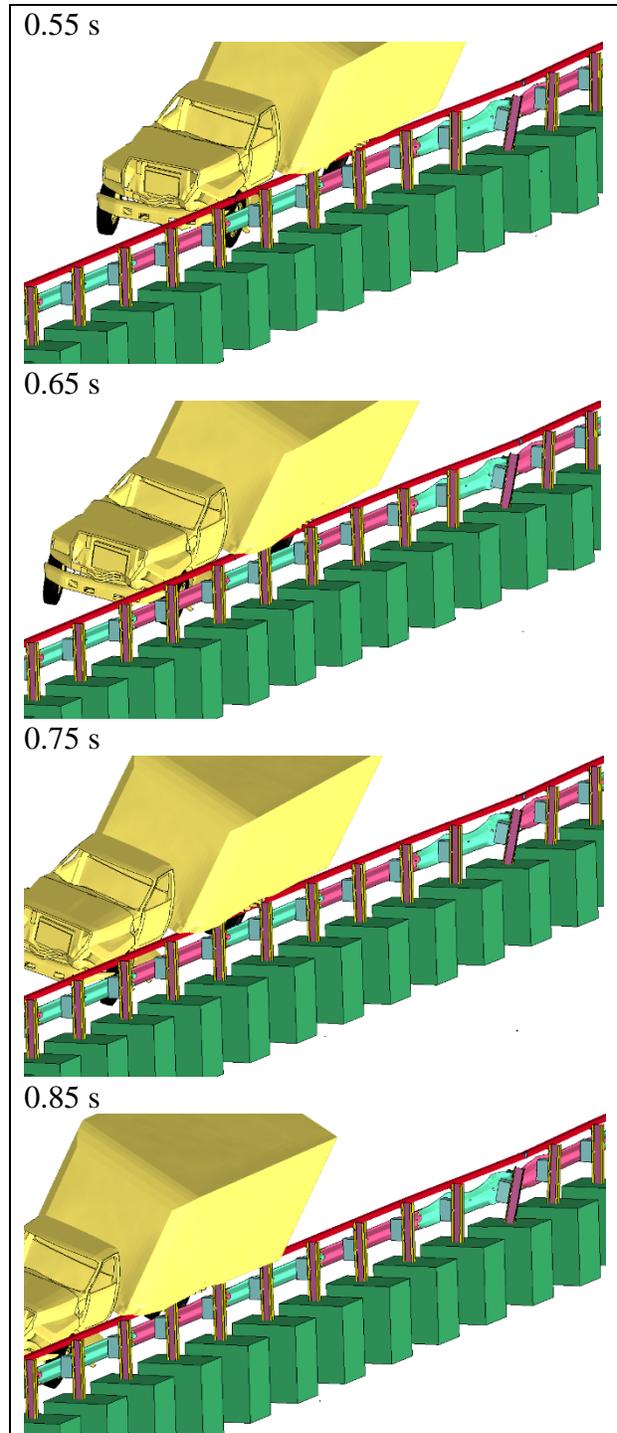
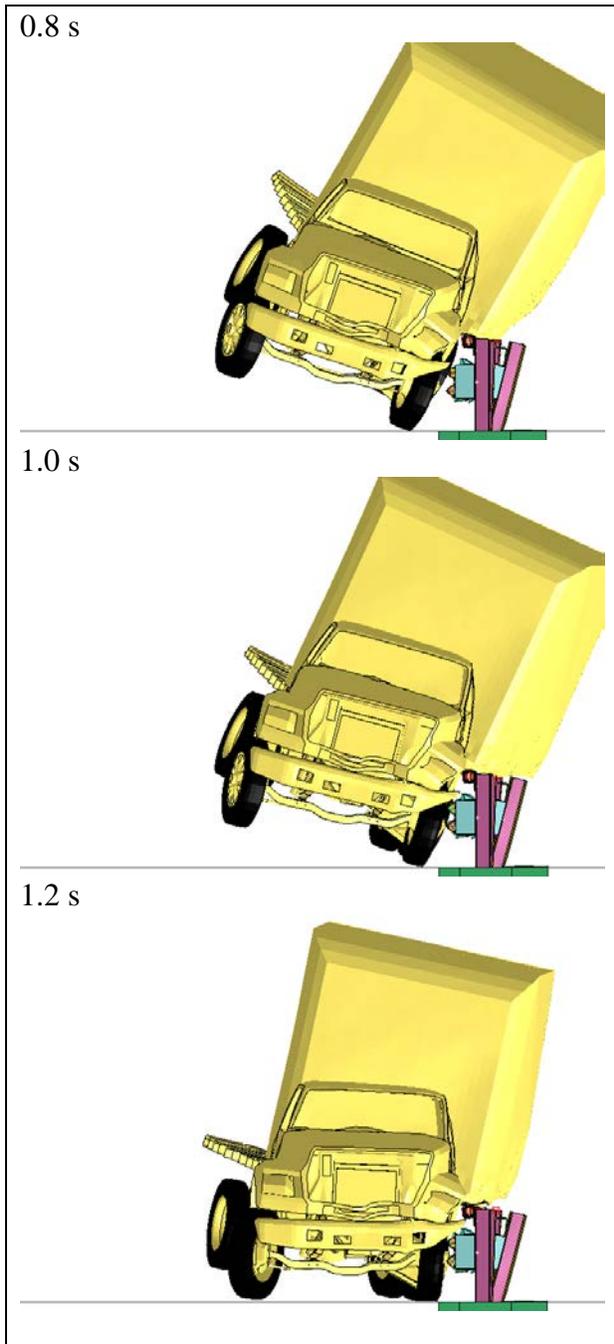


Figure 2.9. FE Simulation Results of Proposed Design for *MASH* Test 4-12 Impact (Continued).

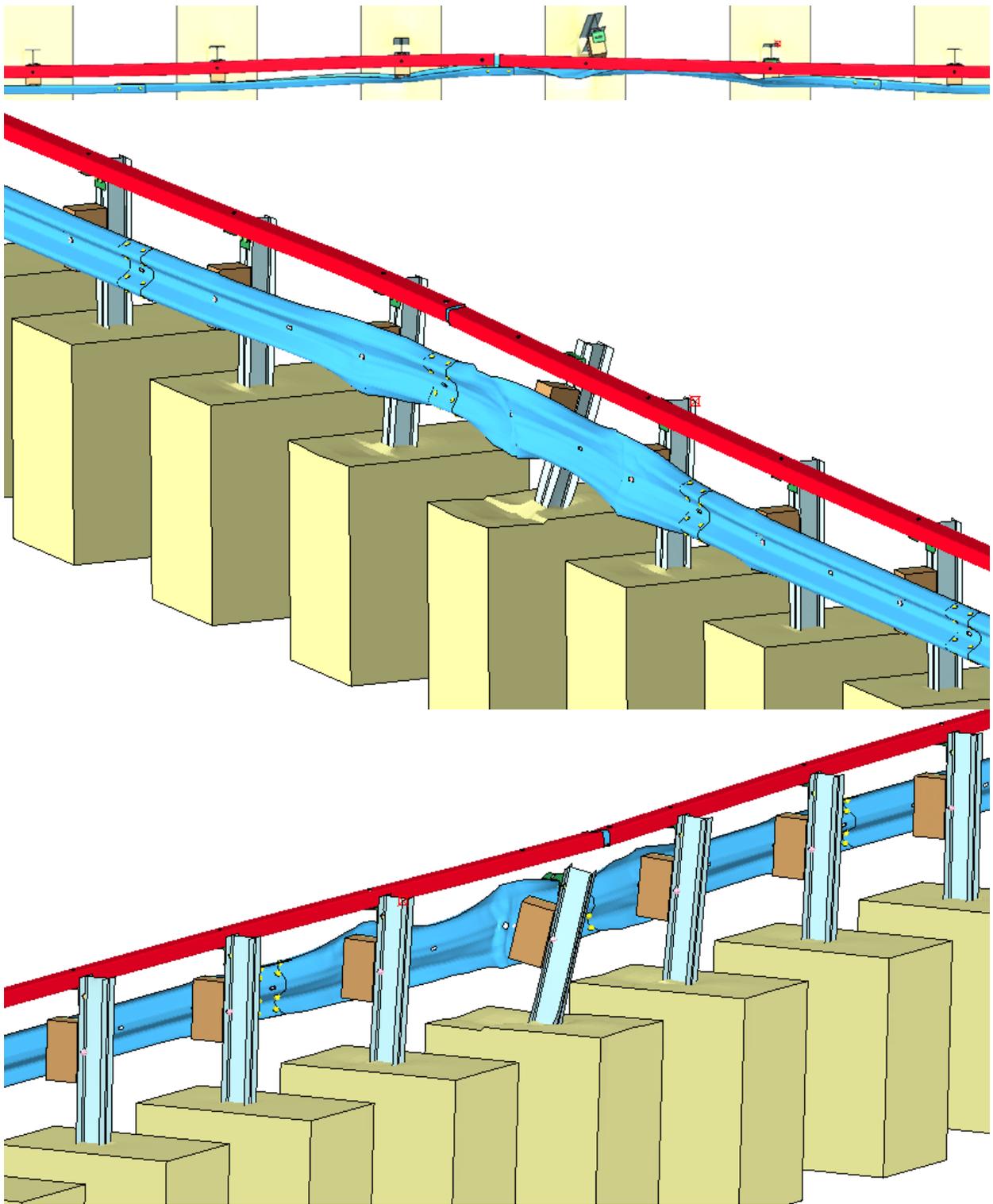


Figure 2.10. Barrier Damage after *MASH* Test 4-12 Impact Simulation.

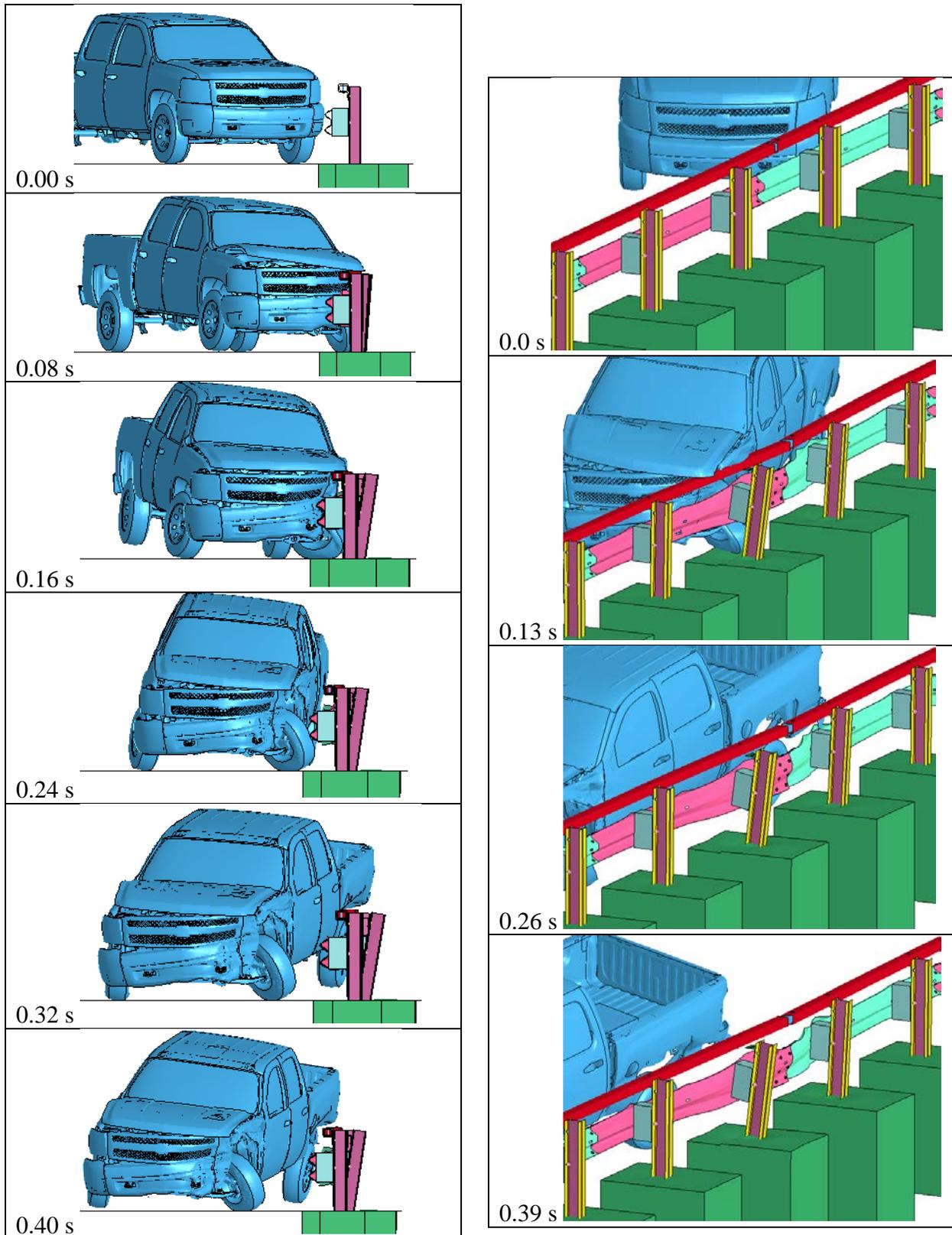
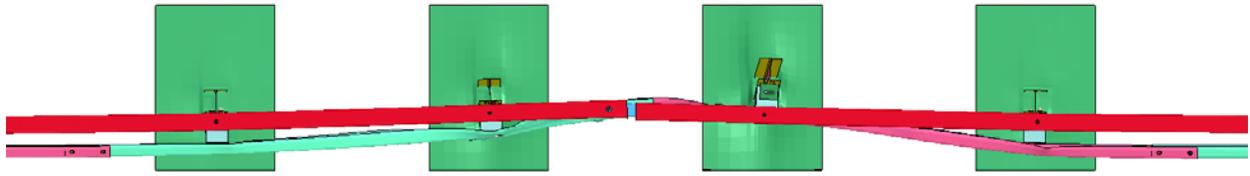
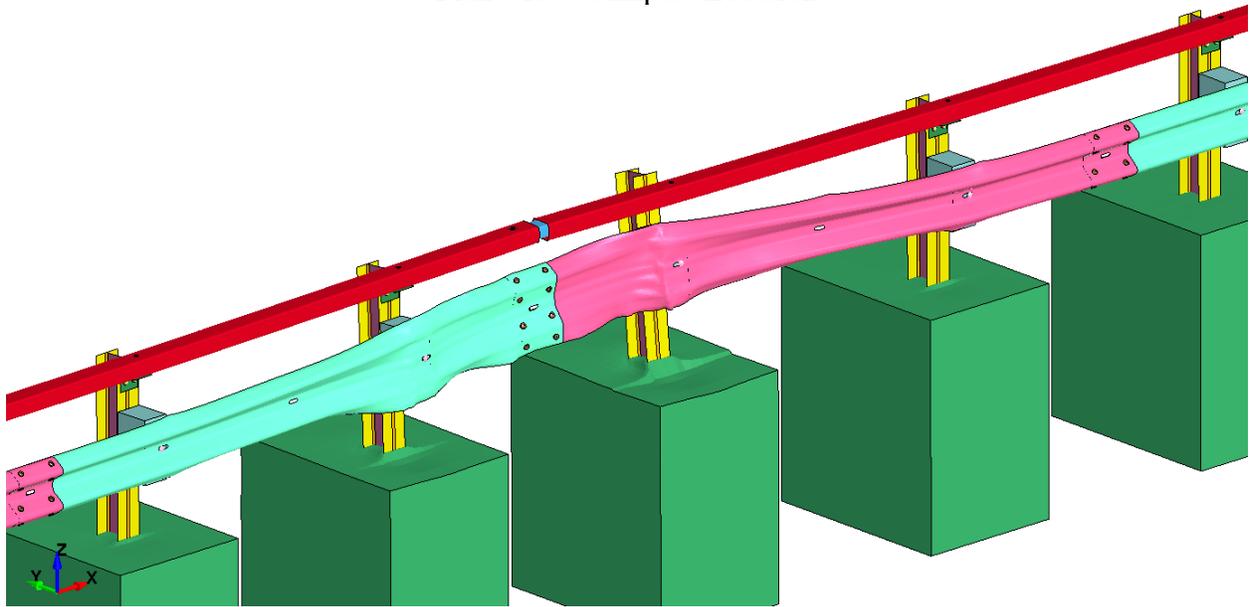


Figure 2.11. FE Simulation Results of Proposed Design for MASH Test 4-11 Impact.



Plan View at Impact Location



Isometric View at Impact Location

Figure 2.12. Barrier Damage after *MASH* Test 4-11 Impact Simulation.

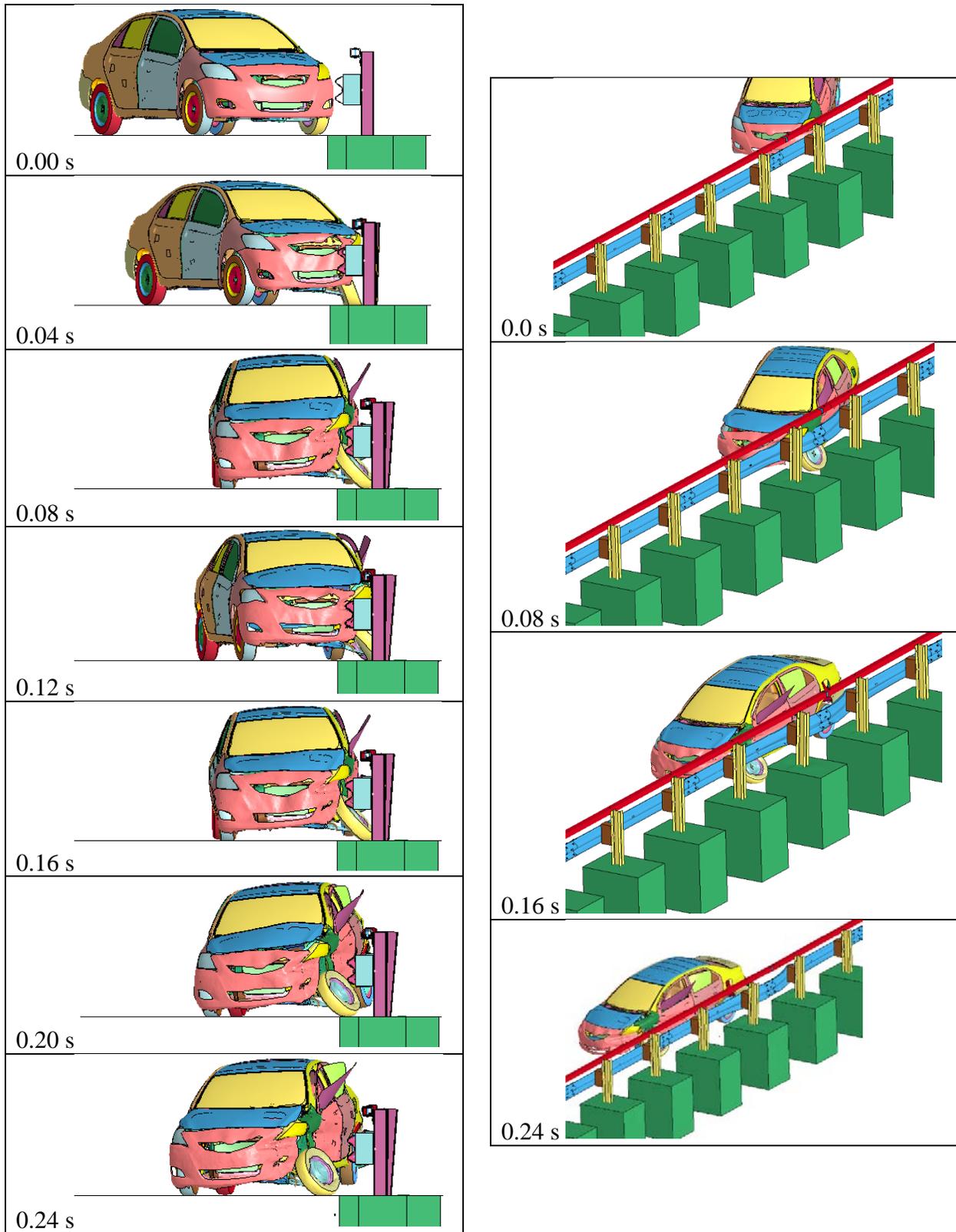
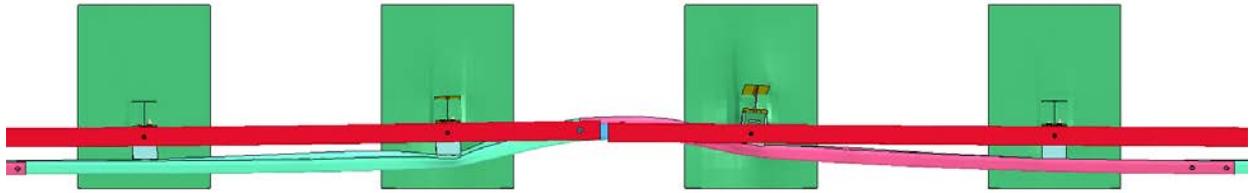
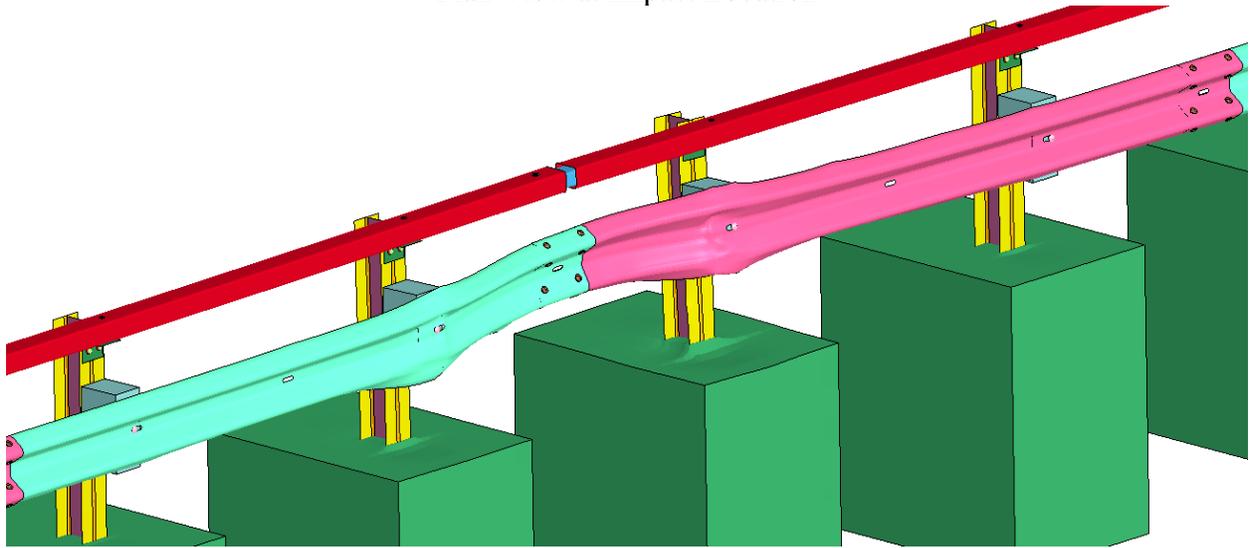


Figure 2.13. FE Simulation Results of Proposed Design for *MASH* Test 4-10 Impact.



Plan View at Impact Location



Isometric View at Impact Location

Figure 2.14. Barrier Damage after *MASH* Test 4-10 Impact Simulation.

Chapter 3. SYSTEM DETAILS

3.1. TEST ARTICLE AND INSTALLATION DETAILS

The *MASH* TL-4 guardrail installation consisted of a 10-gauge W-beam rail and a rectangular HSS tube rail attached to W6×25 wide flange steel posts. The height of the top of the HSS tube was 40 inches, and the height to the top of the W-beam rail was 27 inches. The height to the top of the wide flange posts was 38.5 inches. The wide flange steel posts were spaced 75 inches apart. The W-beam rail was separated from the posts by wood blockouts. The HSS steel tube was attached to the posts with supporting angle brackets that were bolted to the posts underneath the rail.

The top HSS rail started at post 6 at a height of 21 inches to the top of the rail and transitioned vertically to a height of 40 inches near post 7. On the opposite end, the HSS rail started transitioning downward just before post 38 and terminated at a height of 21 inches at post 39.

On the upstream end, the height to the top of the W-beam rail transitioned from 27 inches to 31 inches between posts 7 through 4, and it was maintained at 31 inches for posts 3 and 2. On the downstream end, the height to the top of the W-beam rail transitioned from 27 inches to 31 inches between posts 38 and 41, and it was maintained at 31 inches for posts 42 and 43. An abbreviated length (shortened) Softstop[®] terminal was installed at the upstream end of the installation, and the downstream end was terminated with a standard TxDOT downstream anchor terminal (DAT). The total length of the installation was 260 ft 1½ inches.

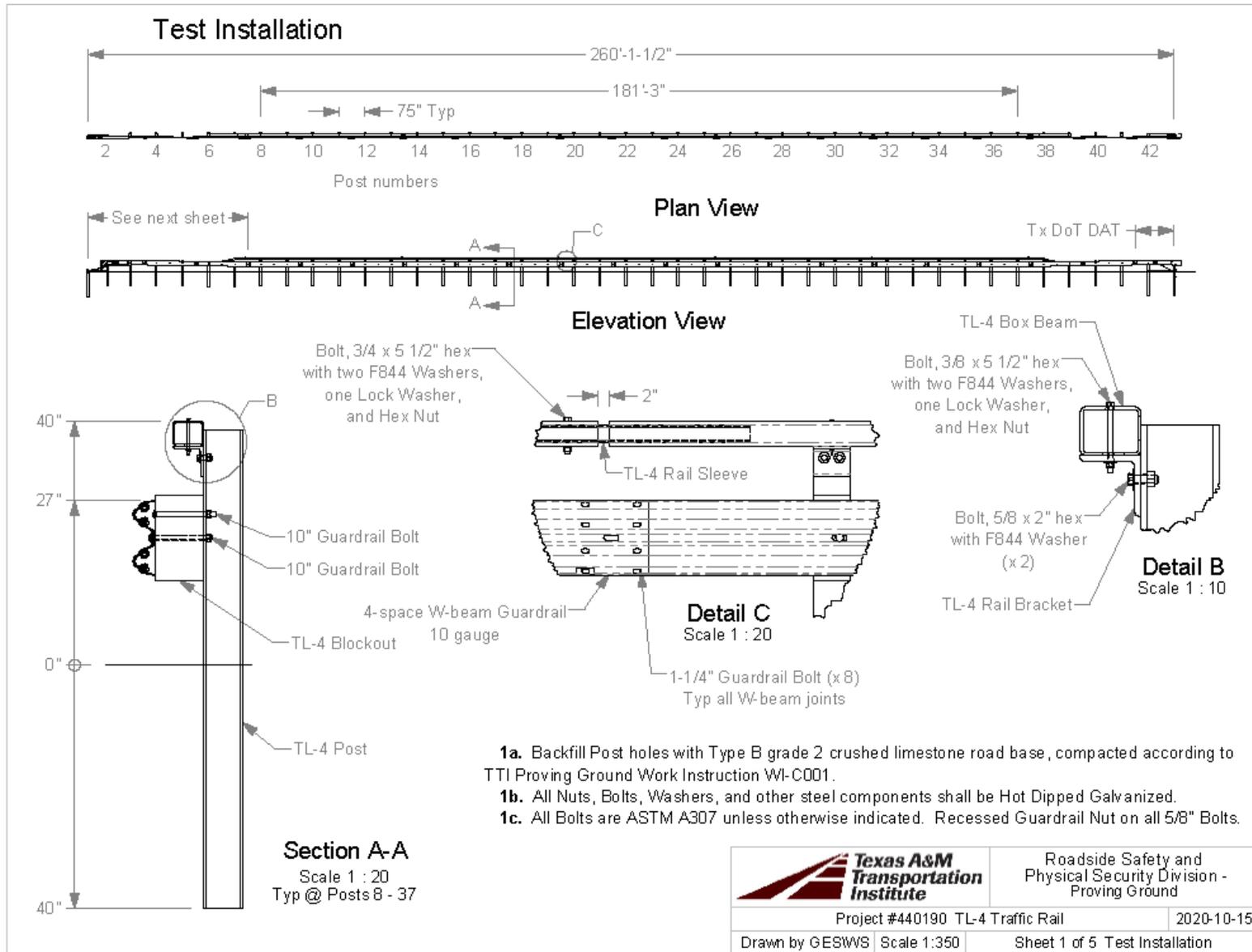
Figure 3.1 presents the overall information on the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system, and Figure 3.2 provides photographs of the installation. Appendix A provides further details on the guardrail system. Drawings were provided by the TTI Proving Ground, and construction was performed by DMA Construction Inc. and supervised by TTI Proving Ground personnel.

3.2. DESIGN MODIFICATIONS DURING TESTS

No modification was made to the test installation design during the testing phase.

3.3. MATERIAL SPECIFICATIONS

Appendix B provides material certification documents for the materials used to install and construct the test installation.



Q:\Accreditation-17025-2017\EIR-000 Project Files\440190 - TL-4 Guardrail - Sheikh\Drafting, 440190\440190 Drawing

Figure 3.1. MASH TL-4 Guardrail System Details.



Figure 3.2. MASH TL-4 Guardrail System prior to Testing.

3.4. SOIL CONDITIONS

The test installation was installed in soil meeting Grade B of AASHTO standard specification M147-65(2004), Materials for Aggregate and Soil Aggregate Subbase, Base and Surface Courses.

In accordance with Appendix B of *MASH*, soil strength was measured the day of the crash test. During installation of the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system, additional 6-ft-long W6×16 posts were installed in the immediate vicinity of the guardrail using the same fill materials and installation procedures used in the test installation and the standard dynamic test prescribed by AASHTO M147-65(2004). Table C.1 in Appendix C presents minimum soil strength properties established through the dynamic testing performed in accordance with *MASH* Appendix B.

As determined by the tests summarized in Table C.2 in Appendix C, the minimum post loads required for deflections at 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches, measured at a height of 25 inches, were 3940 lbf, 5500 lbf, and 6540 lbf (90 percent of static load for the initial standard installation).

On the day of Crash Test No. 440190-01-1 (SUT), September 30, 2020, loads obtained on one of the additional posts at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches were 7121 lbf, 7222 lbf, and 6868 lbf. Table C.2 in Appendix C shows the strength of the backfill material in which the guardrail was installed compared to the required minimum soil strength. The soil for this test met minimum *MASH* requirements for soil strength.

On the day of Crash Test No. 440190-01-3, October 15, 2020, loads obtained on one of the additional posts at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches were 7020 lbf, 6919 lbf, and 6313 lbf. On the day of Crash Test No. 440190-01-2, October 20, 2020, loads on another additional post at deflections of 5 inches, 10 inches, and 15 inches were 6111 lbf, 6414 lbf, and 6363 lbf.

Tables C.3 and Table C.4 in Appendix C show the strength of the backfill material in which the guardrail was installed for Test 440190-01-3 (small car) and Test 440190-01-2 (pickup truck). For both tests, the soil strength exceeded the minimum threshold for post deflections of 5 inches and 10 inches. However, the soil strength was slightly less (approximately 200 lbf) than the *MASH* threshold for the 15-inch post deflection for both tests. Due to the expected low deflection of the test installation posts for the small car and pickup truck tests, soil strength being slightly below the *MASH* threshold for the 15-inch deflection was not considered critical. Based on the much higher soil strength for the 5-inch and 10-inch post deflections, the soil conditions were considered adequate to proceed with full-scale crash testing.

Chapter 4. TEST REQUIREMENTS AND EVALUATION CRITERIA

4.1. CRASH TEST PERFORMED/MATRIX

Table 4.1 shows the test conditions and evaluation criteria for *MASH* TL-4 for longitudinal barriers. The target critical impact points (CIPs) for each test were determined using the impact simulations of the FE model of the guardrail system under *MASH* TL-4 impact conditions. Figure 4.1 shows the target CIP for *MASH* Tests 4-10, 4-11, and 4-12 on the guardrail system.

Table 4.1. Test Conditions and Evaluation Criteria Specified for *MASH* TL-4 Longitudinal Barriers.

Test Article	Test Designation	Test Vehicle	Impact Conditions		Evaluation Criteria
			Speed	Angle	
Longitudinal Barrier	4-10	1100C	62 mi/h	25°	A, D, F, H, I
	4-11	2270P	62 mi/h	25°	A, D, F, H, I
	4-12	10000S	56 mi/h	15°	A, D, G

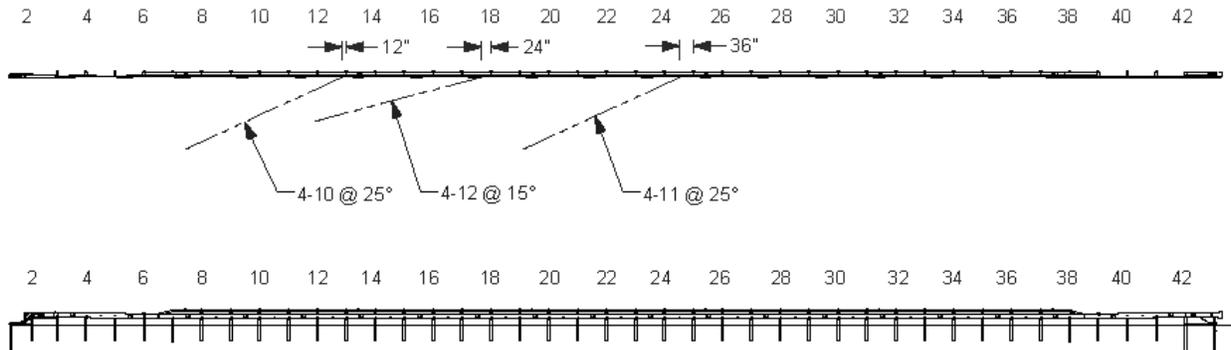


Figure 4.1. Target CIP for *MASH* TL-4 Tests on *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System.

The crash tests and data analysis procedures were in accordance with guidelines presented in *MASH*. Chapter 5 presents brief descriptions of these procedures.

4.2. EVALUATION CRITERIA

The appropriate safety evaluation criteria from Tables 2-2 and 5-1 of *MASH* were used to evaluate the crash tests reported herein. Table 4.1 lists the test conditions and evaluation criteria required for *MASH* TL-4, and Table 4.2 provides detailed information on the evaluation criteria. An evaluation of the crash test results is presented in Chapter 8.

Table 4.2. Evaluation Criteria Required for MASH TL-4 Longitudinal Barriers.

Evaluation Factors	Evaluation Criteria	MASH Test
Structural Adequacy	A. <i>Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underide, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.</i>	10, 11, 12
Occupant Risk	D. <i>Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.</i>	10, 11, 12
	F. <i>The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.</i>	10, 11
	G. <i>It is preferable, although not essential, that the vehicle remain upright during and after the collision.</i>	12
	H. <i>Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s, or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.</i>	10, 11
	I. <i>The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.</i>	10, 11

Chapter 5. TEST CONDITIONS

5.1. TEST FACILITY

The full-scale crash tests reported herein were performed at the TTI Proving Ground, an International Standards Organization (ISO)/International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) 17025-accredited laboratory with American Association for Laboratory Accreditation (A2LA) Mechanical Testing Certificate 2821.01. The full-scale crash tests were performed according to TTI Proving Ground quality procedures, as well as *MASH* guidelines and standards.

The test facilities of the TTI Proving Ground are located on The Texas A&M University System RELIS Campus, which consists of a 2000-acre complex of research and training facilities situated 10 mi northwest of the flagship campus of Texas A&M University. The site, formerly a United States Army Air Corps base, has large expanses of concrete runways and parking aprons well suited for experimental research and testing in the areas of vehicle performance and handling, vehicle-roadway interaction, highway pavement durability and efficacy, and roadside safety hardware and perimeter protective device evaluation. The site selected for construction and testing of the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system was along the edge of an out-of-service apron. The apron consists of an unreinforced jointed-concrete pavement in 12.5-ft × 15-ft blocks nominally 6 inches deep. The aprons were built in 1942, and the joints have some displacement but are otherwise flat and level.

5.2. VEHICLE TOW AND GUIDANCE SYSTEM

Each vehicle was towed into the test installation using a steel cable guidance and reverse tow system. A steel cable for guiding the test vehicle was tensioned along the path, anchored at each end, and threaded through an attachment to the front wheel of the test vehicle. An additional steel cable was connected to the test vehicle, passed around a pulley near the impact point and through a pulley on the tow vehicle, and then anchored to the ground such that the tow vehicle moved away from the test site. A 2:1 speed ratio between the test and tow vehicle existed with this system. Just prior to impact with the installation, the test vehicle was released and ran unrestrained. The vehicle remained freewheeling (i.e., no steering or braking inputs) until it cleared the immediate area of the test site.

5.3. DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEMS

5.3.1. Vehicle Instrumentation and Data Processing

Each test vehicle was instrumented with a self-contained onboard data acquisition system. The signal conditioning and acquisition system is a 16-channel Tiny Data Acquisition System (TDAS) Pro produced by Diversified Technical Systems Inc. The accelerometers, which measure the x, y, and z axis of vehicle acceleration, are strain gauge type with linear millivolt output proportional to acceleration. Angular rate sensors, measuring vehicle roll, pitch, and yaw rates, are ultra-small, solid-state units designed for crash test service. The TDAS Pro hardware and software conform to the latest SAE J211, Instrumentation for Impact Test. Each of the 16 channels is capable of providing precision amplification, scaling, and filtering based on transducer specifications and calibrations. During the test, data are recorded from each channel at

a rate of 10,000 samples per second with a resolution of one part in 65,536. Once data are recorded, internal batteries back these up inside the unit in case the primary battery cable is severed. Initial contact of the pressure switch on the vehicle bumper provides a time zero mark and initiates the recording process. After each test, the data are downloaded from the TDAS Pro unit into a laptop computer at the test site. The Test Risk Assessment Program (TRAP) software then processes the raw data to produce detailed reports of the test results.

Each of the TDAS Pro units is returned to the factory annually for complete recalibration and to ensure that all instrumentation used in the vehicle conforms to the specifications outlined by SAE J211. All accelerometers are calibrated annually by means of an ENDEVCO® 2901 precision primary vibration standard. This standard and its support instruments are checked annually and receive a National Institute of Standards Technology (NIST) traceable calibration. The rate transducers used in the data acquisition system receive calibration via a Genisco Rate-of-Turn table. The subsystems of each data channel are also evaluated annually, using instruments with current NIST traceability, and the results are factored into the accuracy of the total data channel per SAE J211. Calibrations and evaluations are also made anytime data are suspect. Acceleration data are measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 1.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent ($k = 2$).

TRAP uses the data from the TDAS Pro to compute the occupant/compartment impact velocities, time of occupant/compartment impact after vehicle impact, and highest 10-millisecond (ms) average ridedown acceleration. TRAP calculates change in vehicle velocity at the end of a given impulse period. In addition, maximum average accelerations over 50-ms intervals in each of the three directions are computed. For reporting purposes, the data from the vehicle-mounted accelerometers are filtered with an SAE Class 180-Hz low-pass digital filter, and acceleration versus time curves for the longitudinal, lateral, and vertical directions are plotted using TRAP.

TRAP uses the data from the roll, pitch, and yaw rate transducers to compute angular displacement in degrees at 0.0001-s intervals, and then plots yaw, pitch, and roll versus time. These displacements are in reference to the vehicle-fixed coordinate system with the initial position and orientation being initial impact. Rate of rotation data is measured with an expanded uncertainty of ± 0.7 percent at a confidence factor of 95 percent ($k = 2$).

5.3.2. Anthropomorphic Dummy Instrumentation

An Alderson Research Laboratories Hybrid II, 50th percentile male anthropomorphic dummy, restrained with lap and shoulder belts, was placed in the front seat on the impact side of the 1100C vehicle. The dummy was not instrumented.

According to *MASH*, use of a dummy in the 2270P vehicle is optional. However, *MASH* recommends that a dummy be used when testing “any longitudinal barrier with a height greater than or equal to 33 inches.” More specifically, use of the dummy in the 2270P vehicle is recommended for tall rails to evaluate the “potential for an occupant to extend out of the vehicle and come into direct contact with the test article.” Although this information is reported, it is not part of the impact performance evaluation. Since the rail height of the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system was 40 inches, a dummy was placed in the front seat of the 2270P vehicle on the impact side and restrained with lap and shoulder belts.

MASH does not recommend or require use of a dummy in the 10000S vehicle, and no dummy was placed in the vehicle.

5.3.3. Photographic Instrumentation Data Processing

Photographic coverage of each test included three digital high-speed cameras:

- One placed overhead with a field of view perpendicular to the ground and directly over the impact point.
- One placed upstream from the installation at an angle to have a field of view of the interaction of the rear of the vehicle with the installation.
- A third placed with a field of view parallel to and aligned with the installation at the downstream end.

A flashbulb on the impacting vehicle was activated by a pressure-sensitive tape switch to indicate the instant of contact with the guardrail system. The flashbulb was visible from each camera. The video files from these digital high-speed cameras were analyzed to observe phenomena occurring during the collision and to obtain time-event, displacement, and angular data. A digital camera recorded and documented conditions of each test vehicle and the installation before and after the test.

Chapter 6. MASH TEST 4-12 (CRASH TEST NO. 440190-01-1)

6.1. TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS

MASH Test 4-12 involves a 10000S vehicle weighing 22,000 lb \pm 660 lb impacting the CIP of the longitudinal barrier at an impact speed of 56 mi/h \pm 2.5 mi/h and an angle of 15 degrees \pm 1.5 degrees. The CIP for MASH Test 4-12 on the MASH TL-4 guardrail system was 2.0 ft \pm 1 ft upstream of the centerline of post 18. Figure 4.1 and Figure 6.1 depict the target impact setup.



Figure 6.1. Guardrail System and Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test No. 440190-01-1.

The 10000S vehicle weighed 22,290 lb, and the actual impact speed and angle were 58.6 mi/h and 15.0 degrees. The actual impact speed exceeded the MASH upper tolerance by 0.1 mi/h and thus imparted slightly greater impact energy to the guardrail system. A successful performance of the guardrail with this higher speed implies that it will also perform acceptably for impact speeds within the MASH specifications. The minimum target impact severity (IS) was 142 kip-ft, and the actual IS was 171 kip-ft. The actual impact point was 2.2 ft upstream of the centerline of post 18.

6.2. WEATHER CONDITIONS

The test was performed on the afternoon of September 30, 2020. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 7 mi/h; wind direction: 236 degrees (vehicle was traveling at a heading of 290 degrees); temperature: 83°F; relative humidity: 24 percent.

6.3. TEST VEHICLE

Figure 6.2 shows the 2012 International 4300 SUT used for the crash test. The vehicle's test inertia weight was 22,290 lb, and its gross static weight was 22,290 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 18.25 inches, and the height to the upper edge of the bumper was 33.25 inches. The height to the center of gravity of the vehicle's ballast was 62.8 inches. Table D.1 in Appendix D.1 gives additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using a cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.



Figure 6.2. Test Vehicle before Test No. 440190-01-1.

6.4. TEST DESCRIPTION

Table 6.1 lists events that occurred during Test No. 440190-01-1. Figures D.1 and D.2 in Appendix D.2 present sequential photographs during the test.

Table 6.1. Events during Test No. 440190-01-1.

Time (s)	Events
0.000	Vehicle contacts the guardrail
0.039	Vehicle begins to redirect
0.296	Left rear lower corner of the box truck contacts the top rail element
0.343	Right front tire leaves the pavement
0.357	Vehicle starts traveling parallel with the guardrail
1.059	Front left top corner of the box contacts the top of the rail, and the box begins sliding down the rail on its side
2.678	Left side of the box loses contact with the rail
2.757	Left side of the box lands on the pavement

For longitudinal barriers, it is desirable for the vehicle to redirect and exit the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 65.6 ft for heavy vehicles). The test vehicle exited within the exit box criteria defined in *MASH*. Brakes on the vehicle were not applied. After loss of contact with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest 138 ft downstream of the point of impact, with the front of the vehicle adjacent to the traffic face of the guardrail.

6.5. DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

Figure 6.3 through Figure 6.5 show the damage to the guardrail. The soil was disturbed between posts 5 and 15, and also at post 26. At post 14, the top rail bolt sheared at the bottom. The top rail was disconnected from posts 18 through 20, and both rails were disconnected from post 21. The wood blockout at post 21 remained attached to the post and had a slight counterclockwise rotation. The top rail bolts sheared and were missing at posts 25, 37, and 38. The top rail bolts sheared at posts 30 and 31 but were present in the bolt holes. The top of post 39

was bent toward the traffic side, and the blockout was rotated 45 degrees clockwise. The bottom rail released from the wood blockout at post 40. The bottom rail was deformed from the point of impact until post 22, and then again from posts 39 through 41. The bottom rail had a horizontal 5-inch-long gash just downstream of the joint between posts 17 and 18. Table 6.2 provides movement noted at the posts.

Working width* was 103.8 inches, and height of working width was 122.6 inches. Maximum dynamic deflection and permanent deformation of the guardrail system were 30.2 inches and 20.5 inches, respectively. For the upper HSS rail, the maximum dynamic deflection was 30.2 inches and the maximum permanent deformation was 10.25 inches at post 21. For the lower W-beam rail, the maximum dynamic deflection was 25.9 inches and the maximum permanent deformation was 20.5 inches at 29 inches upstream from the centerline of post 20.



Figure 6.3. Guardrail after Test No. 440190-01-1.

* Per *MASH*, “The working width is the maximum dynamic lateral position of any major part of the system or vehicle. These measurements are all relative to the pre-impact traffic face of the test article.” In other words, working width is the total barrier width plus the maximum dynamic intrusion of any portion of the barrier or test vehicle past the field side edge of the barrier.

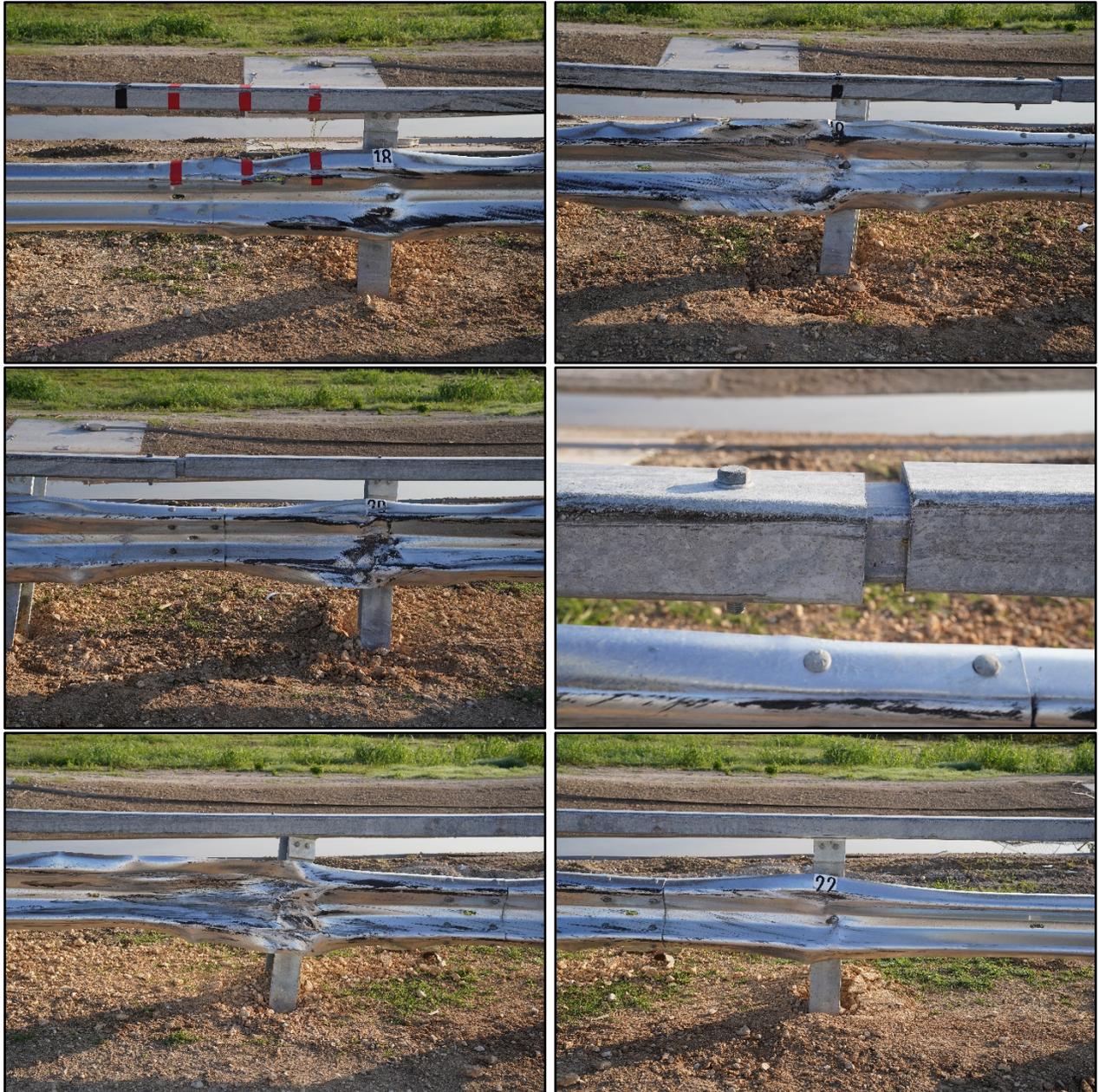


Figure 6.4. Traffic Side of Guardrail after Test No. 440190-01-1.



Figure 6.5. Field Side of Guardrail after Test No. 440190-01-1.

Table 6.2. Post Movement during Test No. 440190-01-1.

Post Number	Soil Gap (Traffic Side)	Soil Gap (Field Side)	Angle (Toward Field Side from Vertical)
16	¼ inch	—	2°
17	1 inch	¾ inch	4°
18	4 inches	1 inch	9°
19	—	1¾ inches	24°
20	—	5 inches	25°
21	—	1½ inches	22°
22	¾ inches	6 inches	8°
23	¾ inches	1½ inches	5°
24	1¼ inches	⅛ inch	1°
41	½ inch	—	—

6.6. DAMAGE TO TEST VEHICLE

Figure 6.6 and Figure 6.7 show the damage sustained by the vehicle. The front bumper, hood, left front spring assembly, left front U-bolts, left front axle, left front tire and rim, left front floor pan, left door and window glass, windshield, left cab corner, left battery box and side steps, left side of box, and left rear outside tire and rim were damaged. No damage to the fuel tank was observed. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 9.5 inches in the side plane at the left front

corner at bumper height. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 3.0 inches in the left front corner of the floor pan. Figure 6.8 shows the interior of the vehicle.



Figure 6.6. Test Vehicle after Test No. 440190-01-1.



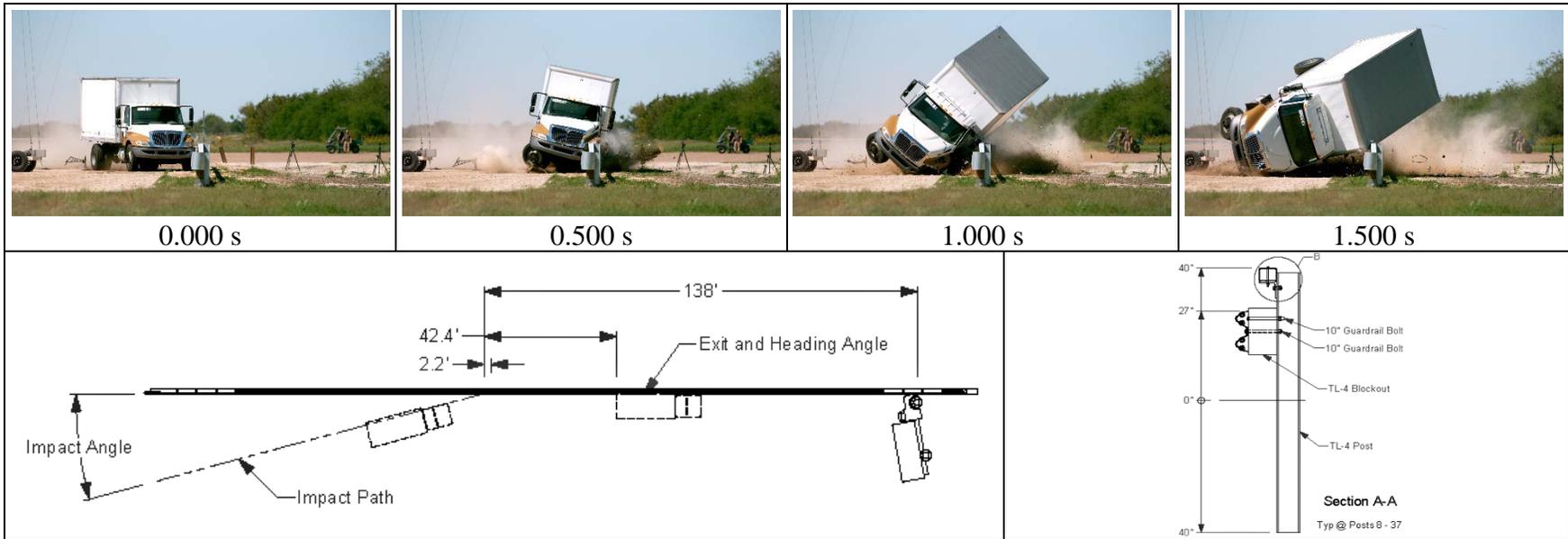
Figure 6.7. Test Vehicle after Being Uprighted after Test No. 440190-01-1.



Figure 6.8. Interior of Test Vehicle after Test No. 440190-01-1.

6.7. VEHICLE INSTRUMENTATION

Data from the accelerometers were digitized for informational purposes only, and results are reported in Figure 6.9. Figure D.3 in Appendix D.3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures D.4 through D.9 in Appendix D.4 show acceleration versus time traces. Figure 6.9 summarizes pertinent information from the test.



<p>General Information</p> <p>Test Agency..... Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)</p> <p>Test Standard Test No. MASH Test 4-12</p> <p>TTI Test No. 440190-01-1</p> <p>Test Date 2020-09-30</p> <p>Test Article</p> <p>Type Longitudinal Barrier—Guardrail</p> <p>Name MASH TL-4 Guardrail System</p> <p>Installation Length..... 260 ft 1½ inches</p> <p>Material or Key Elements ... Guardrail system with W-beam and HSS tube rail elements mounted on steel posts</p> <p>Soil Type and Condition AASHTO M147-65, Grade B Soil (crushed limestone)</p> <p>Test Vehicle</p> <p>Type/Designation 10000S</p> <p>Make and Model 2012 International 4300 SUT</p> <p>Curb..... 13,460 lb</p> <p>Test Inertial..... 22,290 lb</p> <p>Dummy No dummy</p> <p>Gross Static 22,290 lb</p>	<p>Impact Conditions</p> <p>Speed 58.6 mi/h</p> <p>Angle 15.0°</p> <p>Location/Orientation 2.2 ft upstream of post 18</p> <p>Impact Severity..... 171 kip-ft</p> <p>Exit Conditions</p> <p>Speed Stopped</p> <p>Trajectory/Heading Angle... Along guardrail</p> <p>Occupant Risk Values</p> <p>Longitudinal OIV 10.2 ft/s</p> <p>Lateral OIV 9.2 ft/s</p> <p>Longitudinal Ridedown 3.0 g</p> <p>Lateral Ridedown 4.8 g</p> <p>THIV 3.9 m/s</p> <p>ASI 0.4</p> <p>Max. 0.050-s Average</p> <p>Longitudinal -2.2 g</p> <p>Lateral..... 3.5 g</p> <p>Vertical..... 3.3 g</p>	<p>Post-Impact Trajectory</p> <p>Stopping Distance..... 138 ft downstream</p> <p>Adjacent to traffic face</p> <p>Vehicle Stability</p> <p>Maximum Roll Angle 130°</p> <p>Maximum Pitch Angle 14°</p> <p>Maximum Yaw Angle 223°</p> <p>Vehicle Snagging..... No</p> <p>Vehicle Pocketing No</p> <p>Test Article Deflections</p> <p>Dynamic..... 30.2 inches</p> <p>Permanent 20.5 inches</p> <p>Working Width..... 103.8 inches</p> <p>Height of Working Width 122.6 inches</p> <p>Vehicle Damage</p> <p>VDS N/A</p> <p>CDC N/A</p> <p>Max. Exterior Deformation..... 9.5 inches</p> <p>OCDI..... N/A</p> <p>Max. Occupant Compartment Deformation 3.0 inches</p>
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Note: THIV = Theoretical Head Impact Velocity; ASI = Acceleration Severity Index; N/A = Not Applicable.

Figure 6.9. Summary of Results for MASH Test 4-12 on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.

Chapter 7. MASH TEST 4-10 (CRASH TEST NO. 440190-01-3)

7.1. TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS

MASH Test 4-10 involves an 1100C vehicle weighing 2420 lb \pm 55 lb impacting the CIP of the longitudinal barrier at an impact speed of 62 mi/h \pm 2.5 mi/h and an angle of 25 degrees \pm 1.5 degrees. The CIP for MASH Test 4-10 on the MASH TL-4 guardrail system was 1 ft \pm 1 ft upstream of the centerline of post 13. Figure 4.1 and Figure 7.1 depict the target impact setup.



Figure 7.1. Guardrail System/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test No. 440190-01-3.

The 1100C vehicle weighed 2428 lb, and the actual impact speed and angle were 64.4 mi/h and 25.3 degrees. The actual impact point was 1.1 ft upstream of the centerline of post 13. Minimum target IS was 51 kip-ft, and actual IS was 62 kip-ft.

7.2. WEATHER CONDITIONS

The test was performed on the morning of October 15, 2020. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 4 mi/h; wind direction: 230 degrees (vehicle was traveling at a heading of 280 degrees); temperature: 78°F; relative humidity: 89 percent.

7.3. TEST VEHICLE

Figure 7.2 shows the 2015 Nissan Versa used for the crash test. The vehicle's test inertia weight was 2428 lb, and its gross static weight was 2593 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 7.0 inches, and the height to the upper edge of the bumper was 22.25 inches. Table E.1 in Appendix E.1 gives additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using a cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.



Figure 7.2. Test Vehicle before Test No. 440190-01-3.

7.4. TEST DESCRIPTION

Table 7.1 lists events that occurred during Test No. 440190-01-3. Figures E.1 and E.2 in Appendix E.2 present sequential photographs during the test.

Table 7.1. Events during Test No. 440190-01-3.

Time (s)	Events
0.000	Vehicle impacts the rail
0.036	Vehicle begins to redirect
0.075	Left front tire contacts post 14
0.201	Vehicle starts traveling parallel to the rail
0.205	Rear of the vehicle contacts the top rail
0.358	Vehicle loses contact with the rail while traveling at 43.3 mi/h, an exit trajectory angle of 12.7°, and an exit heading angle of 15.9°

For longitudinal barriers, it is desirable for the vehicle to redirect and exit the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups). The test vehicle exited within the exit box criteria defined in *MASH*. Brakes on the vehicle were applied at 3.25 s after impact. After loss of contact with the barrier, the vehicle came to rest 178 ft downstream of the point of impact and 99 ft toward traffic lanes.

7.5. DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

Figure 7.3 shows the damage to the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system. The soil was disturbed from posts 3 through 11 and from posts 17 through 19. Post 12 had a 1/8-inch gap in the soil on the traffic side. Post 13 had a 2-inch gap on the traffic side, a 1/2-inch gap on the field side, and was leaning 6 degrees back from vertical. Post 14 had a 5 1/2-inch gap on the traffic side and a 3/4-inch gap on the field side. Post 14 was leaning back 14 degrees from vertical, and the W-beam rail released from its blockout. Post 15 had a 1-inch gap on the traffic side and was leaning 2 degrees back from vertical. The bottom rail was deformed from impact until post 15, and the top rail was detached from posts 13 through 15. There was also scuffing present on both rails

along the length of contact. Working width* was 36.5 inches, and height of working width was 38.1 inches. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 15.1 inches, and maximum permanent deformation was 11.6 inches.



Figure 7.3. Guardrail after Test No. 440190-01-3.

* Per *MASH*, “The working width is the maximum dynamic lateral position of any major part of the system or vehicle. These measurements are all relative to the pre-impact traffic face of the test article.” In other words, working width is the total barrier width plus the maximum dynamic intrusion of any portion of the barrier or test vehicle past the field side edge of the barrier.

7.6. DAMAGE TO TEST VEHICLE

Figure 7.4 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. The front bumper, hood, left front fender, radiator and support, left front strut and tower, left control arm, left tire and rim, sway bar, left tie rod end, left front and rear doors, left front floor pan, left rear quarter panel, and rear bumper were damaged. The windshield sustained stress cracks radiating upward and inward from the left A-post. No fuel tank damage was observed. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 12.0 inches in the front plane at the left front corner at bumper height. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 4.0 inches in the left front kick panel area. Figure 7.5 shows the interior of the vehicle. Tables E.2 and E.3 in Appendix E.1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.



Figure 7.4. Test Vehicle after Test No. 440190-01-3.



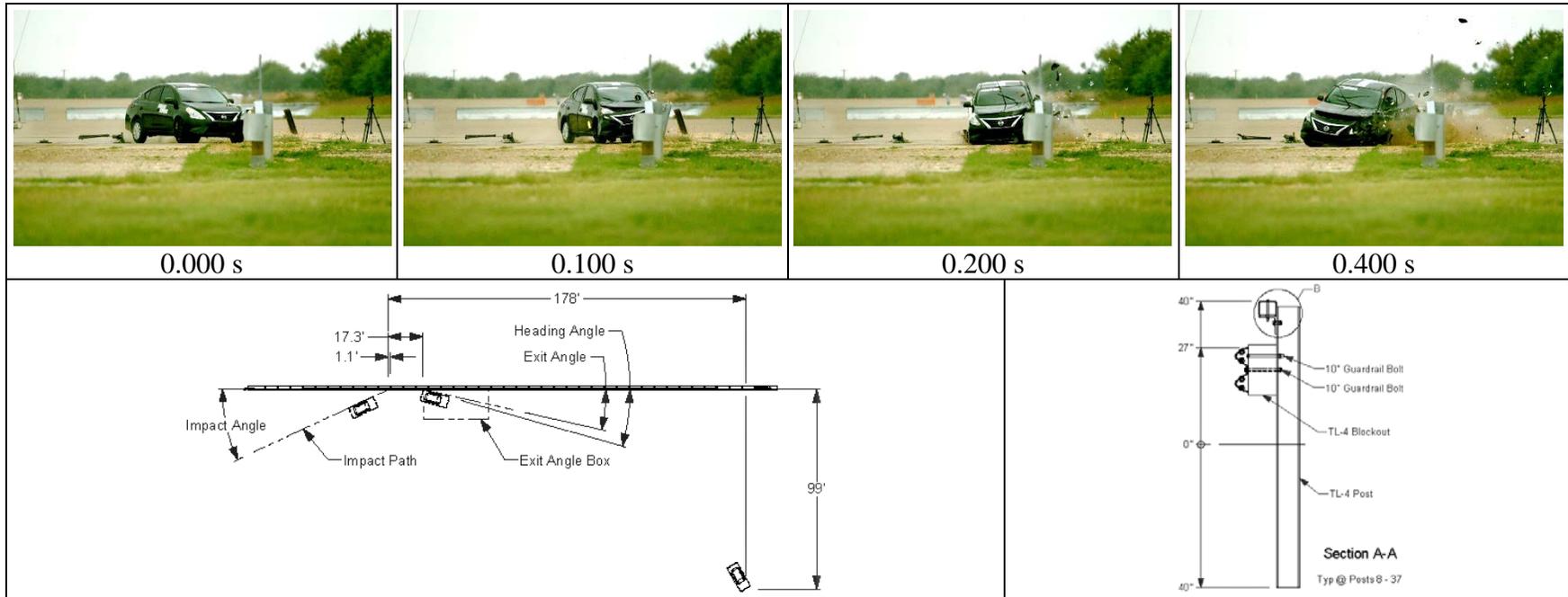
Figure 7.5. Interior of Test Vehicle after Test No. 440190-01-3.

7.7. OCCUPANT RISK FACTORS

Data from the accelerometers were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk, and the results are shown in Table 7.2. Figure E.3 in Appendix E.3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures E.4 through E.6 in Appendix E.4 show acceleration versus time traces. Figure 7.6 summarizes pertinent information from the test.

Table 7.2. Occupant Risk Factors for Test No. 440190-01-3.

Occupant Risk Factor	Value	Time
OIV Longitudinal Lateral	19.4 ft/s 25.3 ft/s	at 0.0995 s on left side of interior
Occupant Ridedown Accelerations Longitudinal Lateral	13.6 g 11.0 g	0.0995–0.1095 s 0.1280–0.1380 s
THIV	9.6 m/s	at 0.0971 s on left side of interior
ASI	1.4	0.0789–0.1289 s
Maximum 50-ms Moving Average Longitudinal Lateral Vertical	-10.2 g 11.3 g 3.0 g	0.0637–0.1137 s 0.0363–0.0863 s 0.0830–0.1330 s
Maximum Roll, Pitch, and Yaw Angles Roll Pitch Yaw	15° 7° 61°	2.5000 s 1.2202 s 1.2206 s



General Information

Test Agency Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)
 Test Standard Test No. MASH Test 4-10
 TTI Test No. 440190-01-3
 Test Date 2020-10-15

Test Article

Type Longitudinal Barrier—Guardrail
 Name MASH TL-4 Guardrail System
 Installation Length 260 ft 1½ inches
 Material or Key Elements ... Guardrail system with W-beam and HSS tube rail elements mounted on steel posts

Soil Type and Condition AASHTO M147-65, Grade B Soil (crushed limestone)

Test Vehicle

Type/Designation 1100C
 Make and Model 2015 Nissan Versa
 Curb 2420 lb
 Test Inertial 2428 lb
 Dummy 165 lb
 Gross Static 2593 lb

Impact Conditions

Speed 64.4 mi/h
 Angle 25.3°
 Location/Orientation 1.1 ft upstream of post 13

Impact Severity 62 kip-ft

Exit Conditions

Speed 43.3 mi/h
 Trajectory/Heading Angle... 12.7°/15.9°

Occupant Risk Values

Longitudinal OIV 19.4 ft/s
 Lateral OIV 25.3 ft/s
 Longitudinal Ridedown 13.6 g
 Lateral Ridedown 11.0 g
 THIV 9.6 m/s
 ASI 1.4

Max. 0.050-s Average

Longitudinal -10.2 g
 Lateral 11.3 g
 Vertical 3.0 g

Post-Impact Trajectory

Stopping Distance 178 ft downstream
 99 ft toward traffic

Vehicle Stability

Maximum Roll Angle 15°
 Maximum Pitch Angle 7°
 Maximum Yaw Angle 61°
 Vehicle Snagging No
 Vehicle Pocketing No

Test Article Deflections

Dynamic 15.1 inches
 Permanent 11.6 inches
 Working Width 36.5 inches
 Height of Working Width 38.1 inches

Vehicle Damage

VDS 11LFQ5
 CDC 11FLEW4
 Max. Exterior Deformation 12.0 inches
 OCDI FL0000100
 Max. Occupant Compartment Deformation 4.0 inches

Figure 7.6. Summary of Results for MASH Test 4-10 on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.

Chapter 8. MASH TEST 4-11 (CRASH TEST NO. 440190-01-2)

8.1. TEST DESIGNATION AND ACTUAL IMPACT CONDITIONS

MASH Test 4-11 involves a 2270P vehicle weighing $5000 \text{ lb} \pm 110 \text{ lb}$ impacting the CIP of the longitudinal barrier at an impact speed of $62 \text{ mi/h} \pm 2.5 \text{ mi/h}$ and an angle of $25 \text{ degrees} \pm 1.5 \text{ degrees}$. The CIP for MASH Test 4-11 on the MASH TL-4 guardrail system was $3 \text{ ft} \pm 1 \text{ ft}$ upstream of the centerline of post 25. Figure 4.1 and Figure 8.1 depict the target impact setup.



Figure 8.1. Guardrail System/Test Vehicle Geometrics for Test No. 440190-01-2.

The 2270P vehicle weighed 5073 lb, and the actual impact speed and angle were 64.4 mi/h and 25.0 degrees. The actual impact point was 3.5 ft upstream of the centerline of post 25. Minimum target IS was 106 kip-ft, and actual IS was 126 kip-ft.

8.2. WEATHER CONDITIONS

The test was performed on the morning of October 20, 2020. Weather conditions at the time of testing were as follows: wind speed: 7 mi/h; wind direction: 134 degrees (vehicle was traveling at a heading of 280 degrees); temperature: 80°F; relative humidity: 78 percent.

8.3. TEST VEHICLE

Figure 8.2 shows the 2016 RAM 1500 pickup truck used for the crash test. The vehicle's test inertia weight was 5073 lb, and its gross static weight was 5238 lb. The height to the lower edge of the vehicle bumper was 11.75 inches, and height to the upper edge of the bumper was 27.0 inches. The height to the vehicle's center of gravity was 28.0 inches. Tables F.1 and F.2 in Appendix F.1 give additional dimensions and information on the vehicle. The vehicle was directed into the installation using a cable reverse tow and guidance system, and was released to be freewheeling and unrestrained just prior to impact.



Figure 8.2. Test Vehicle before Test No. 440190-01-2.

8.4. TEST DESCRIPTION

Table 8.1 lists events that occurred during Test No. 440190-01-2. Figures F.1 and F.2 in Appendix F.2 present sequential photographs during the test.

Table 8.1. Events during Test No. 440190-01-2.

Time (s)	Events
0.000	Vehicle impacts the rail
0.050	Vehicle begins to redirect
0.100	Left front tire contacts the rail
0.182	Right front tire loses contact with the pavement
0.199	Rear bumper contacts the bottom rail
0.205	Vehicle starts traveling parallel to rail
0.206	Rear of vehicle contacts the top rail
0.397	Right rear tire loses contact with the pavement
0.430	Vehicle loses contact with the rail while traveling at 44.0 mi/h, an exit trajectory angle of 15.9°, and an exit heading angle of 9.8°
0.494	Right front tire touches the pavement

For longitudinal barriers, it is desirable for the vehicle to redirect and exit the barrier within the exit box criteria (not less than 32.8 ft downstream from loss of contact for cars and pickups). The test vehicle exited within the exit box criteria defined in *MASH*. The vehicle subsequently came to rest 369 ft downstream of the point of impact and 20 ft toward the field side.

8.5. DAMAGE TO TEST INSTALLATION

Figure 8.3 and Figure 8.4 show the damage to the guardrail, and Table 8.2 provides post movement. The top rail released from posts 24–26, and the bottom rail released from post 26. There was also scuffing and deformation of the bottom rail between posts 24 and 26. The blockout at post 25 was rotated counterclockwise. The maximum deformation of the top rail was

2 inches at the joint between posts 24 and 25, and the maximum deformation of the bottom rail was 13 inches at 14 inches upstream of post 25. Working width* was 40.9 inches, and height of working width was 30.1 inches. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 20.2 inches, and maximum permanent deformation was 13.0 inches.

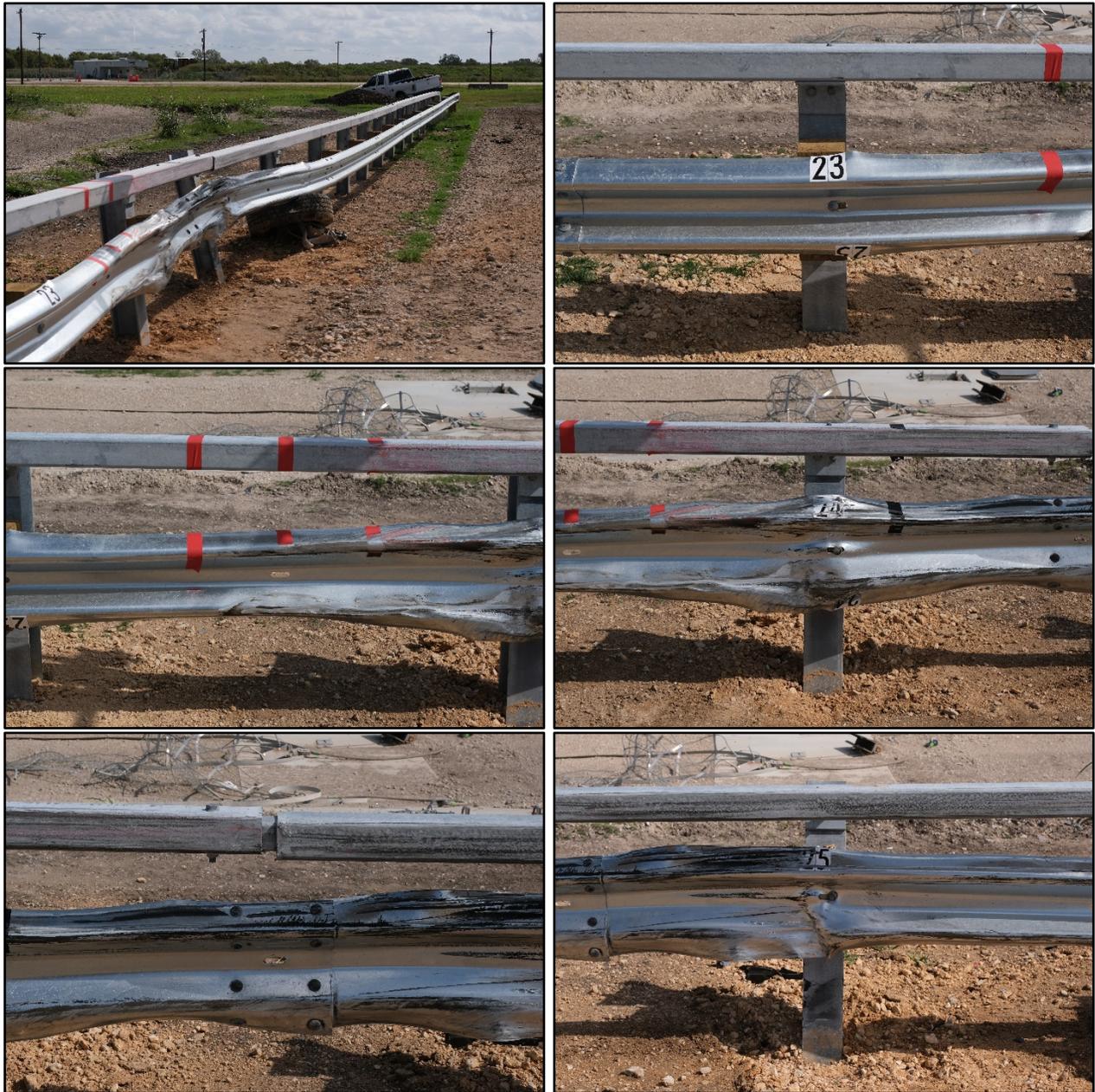


Figure 8.3. Guardrail after Test No. 440190-01-2.

* Per *MASH*, "The working width is the maximum dynamic lateral position of any major part of the system or vehicle. These measurements are all relative to the pre-impact traffic face of the test article." In other words, working width is the total barrier width plus the maximum dynamic intrusion of any portion of the barrier or test vehicle past the field side edge of the barrier.



Figure 8.4. Field Side of Guardrail after Test No. 440190-01-2.

Table 8.2. Post Movement during Test No. 440190-01-2.

Post Number	Soil Gap (Traffic Side)	Soil Gap (Field Side)	Angle (Toward Field Side from Vertical)
1–22	—	—	—
23	½ inch	1 inch	2°
24	—	2½ inches	7°
25	—	2 inches	15°
26	2 inches	—	7°
27	⅛ inch	⅛ inch	1°
28–42	—	—	—

8.6. DAMAGE TO TEST VEHICLE

Figure 8.5 shows the damage sustained by the vehicle. The front bumper, hood, grill, radiator and support, left front fender, left front tire and rim, left upper and lower control arms, sway bar, left tie rod end, left front and rear door, left rear exterior bed, left rear tire and rim, and rear bumper were damaged. The windshield sustained stress cracks radiating upward and inward from the left lower corner. No fuel tank damage was observed. Maximum exterior crush to the vehicle was 11.0 inches in the front plane at the left front corner at bumper height. Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 0.5 inches in the left front firewall area and the left front kick panel. Figure 8.6 shows the interior of the vehicle. Tables F.3 and F.4 in Appendix F.1 provide exterior crush and occupant compartment measurements.



Figure 8.5. Test Vehicle after Test No. 440190-01-2.



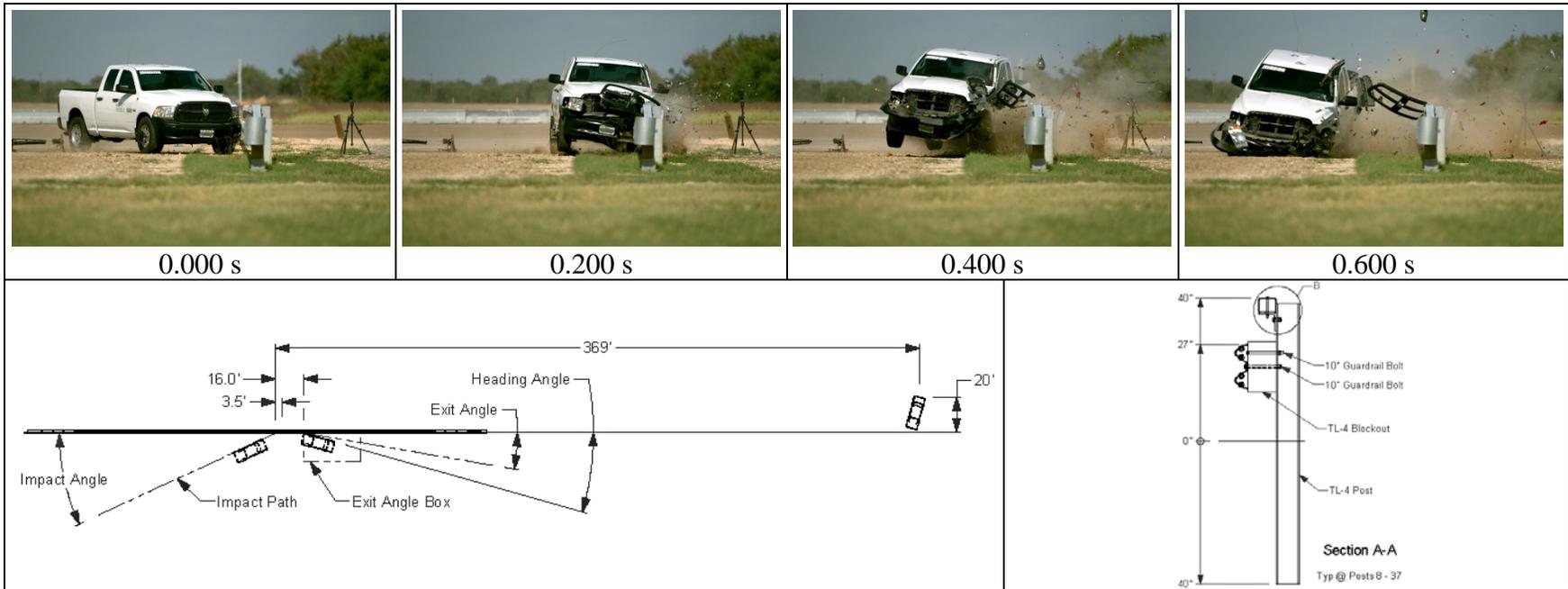
Figure 8.6. Interior of Test Vehicle after Test No. 440190-01-2.

8.7. OCCUPANT RISK FACTORS

Data from the accelerometers were digitized for evaluation of occupant risk, and the results are shown in Table 8.3. Figure F.3 in Appendix F.3 shows the vehicle angular displacements, and Figures F.4 through F.6 in Appendix F.4 show acceleration versus time traces. Figure 8.7 summarizes pertinent information from the test.

Table 8.3. Occupant Risk Factors for Test No. 440190-01-2.

Occupant Risk Factor	Value	Time
OIV		
Longitudinal	18.0 ft/s	at 0.1257 s on left side of interior
Lateral	20.3 ft/s	
Occupant Ridedown Accelerations		
Longitudinal	8.8 g	0.1258–0.1358 s
Lateral	8.1 g	0.1475–0.1575 s
THIV	8.0 m/s	at 0.1211 s on left side of interior
ASI	1.0	0.0676–0.1176 s
Maximum 50-ms Moving Average		
Longitudinal	-6.5 g	0.0929–0.1429 s
Lateral	7.9 g	0.0424–0.0924 s
Vertical	-2.8 g	0.5936–0.6436 s
Maximum Roll, Pitch, and Yaw Angles		
Roll	18°	5.0000 s
Pitch	11°	4.9986 s
Yaw	37°	0.3451 s



General Information

Test Agency Texas A&M Transportation Institute (TTI)
 Test Standard Test No. MASH Test 4-11
 TTI Test No. 440190-01-2
 Test Date 2020-10-20

Test Article

Type Longitudinal Barrier—Guardrail
 Name MASH TL-4 Guardrail System
 Installation Length 260 ft 1½ inches
 Material or Key Elements ... Guardrail system with W-beam and HSS tube rail elements mounted on steel posts

Soil Type and Condition

..... AASHTO M147-65, Grade B Soil (crushed limestone)

Test Vehicle

Type/Designation 2270P
 Make and Model 2016 RAM 1500 Pickup
 Curb 5042 lb
 Test Inertial 5073 lb
 Dummy 165 lb
 Gross Static 5238 lb

Impact Conditions

Speed 64.4 mi/h
 Angle 25.0°
 Location/Orientation 3.5 ft upstream of post 25

Impact Severity

..... 126 kip-ft

Exit Conditions

Speed 44.0 mi/h
 Trajectory/Heading Angle... 15.9°/9.8°

Occupant Risk Values

Longitudinal OIV 18.0 ft/s
 Lateral OIV 20.3 ft/s
 Longitudinal Ridedown 8.8 g
 Lateral Ridedown 8.1 g
 THIV 8.0 m/s
 ASI 1.0

Max. 0.050-s Average

Longitudinal -6.5 g
 Lateral 7.9 g
 Vertical -2.8 g

Post-Impact Trajectory

Stopping Distance 369 ft downstream
 20 ft twd field side

Vehicle Stability

Maximum Roll Angle 18°
 Maximum Pitch Angle 11°
 Maximum Yaw Angle 37°
 Vehicle Snagging No
 Vehicle Pocketing No

Test Article Deflections

Dynamic 20.2 inches
 Permanent 13.0 inches
 Working Width 40.9 inches
 Height of Working Width 30.1 inches

Vehicle Damage

VDS 11LFQ5
 CDC 11FLEW4
 Max. Exterior Deformation 11.0 inches
 OCDI FL0010000
 Max. Occupant Compartment Deformation 0.5 inches

Figure 8.7. Summary of Results for MASH Test 4-11 on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.

Chapter 9. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

9.1. ASSESSMENT OF TEST RESULTS

The crash tests reported herein were performed in accordance with *MASH* TL-4, which involves three tests on the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system. Table 9.1 through Table 9.3 provide an assessment of each test based on the applicable safety evaluation criteria for *MASH* TL-4 longitudinal barriers.

9.2. CONCLUSIONS

Table 9.4 shows that the *MASH* TL-4 guardrail system met the performance criteria for *MASH* TL-4 longitudinal barriers.

Table 9.1. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 4-12 on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.

Test Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute

Test No.: 440190-01-1

Test Date: 2020-09-30

MASH Test 4-12 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<p><u>Structural Adequacy</u></p> <p>A. <i>Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.</i></p>	The MASH TL-4 guardrail system contained and redirected the 10000S vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 30.2 inches.	Pass
<p><u>Occupant Risk</u></p> <p>D. <i>Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.</i></p> <p><i>Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.</i></p>	<p>No detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the installation were present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present undue hazard to others in the area.</p> <p>Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 3.0 inches in the left front corner of the floor pan.</p>	Pass
<p>G. <i>It is preferable, although not essential, that the vehicle remain upright during and after collision.</i></p>	The 10000S vehicle rolled 130° and came to rest on the left side.	For information only

Table 9.2. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 4-10 on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.

Test Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute

Test No.: 440190-01-3

Test Date: 2020-10-15

MASH Test 4-10 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<p><u>Structural Adequacy</u></p> <p>A. <i>Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.</i></p>	The MASH TL-4 guardrail system contained and redirected the 1100C vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 15.1 inches.	Pass
<p><u>Occupant Risk</u></p> <p>D. <i>Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.</i></p> <p><i>Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.</i></p>	<p>No detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the installation were present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present undue hazard to others in the area.</p> <p>Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 4.0 inches in the left front kick panel area.</p>	Pass
<p>F. <i>The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.</i></p>	The 1100C vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 15° and 7°.	Pass
<p>H. <i>Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s, or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.</i></p>	Longitudinal OIV was 19.4 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 25.3 ft/s.	Pass
<p>I. <i>The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.</i></p>	Longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 13.6 g, and lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 11.0 g.	Pass

Table 9.3. Performance Evaluation Summary for MASH Test 4-11 on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.

Test Agency: Texas A&M Transportation Institute

Test No.: 440190-01-2

Test Date: 2020-10-20

MASH Test 4-11 Evaluation Criteria	Test Results	Assessment
<u>Structural Adequacy</u>		
A. <i>Test article should contain and redirect the vehicle or bring the vehicle to a controlled stop; the vehicle should not penetrate, underride, or override the installation although controlled lateral deflection of the test article is acceptable.</i>	The MASH TL-4 guardrail system contained and redirected the 2270P vehicle. The vehicle did not penetrate, underride, or override the installation. Maximum dynamic deflection during the test was 20.2 inches.	Pass
<u>Occupant Risk</u>		
D. <i>Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present an undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.</i>	No detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the installation were present to penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present undue hazard to others in the area.	Pass
<i>Deformations of, or intrusions into, the occupant compartment should not exceed limits set forth in Section 5.2.2 and Appendix E of MASH.</i>	Maximum occupant compartment deformation was 0.5 inches in the left front firewall area and the left front kick panel.	
F. <i>The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees.</i>	The 2270P vehicle remained upright during and after the collision event. Maximum roll and pitch angles were 18° and 11°.	Pass
H. <i>Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 30 ft/s, or maximum allowable value of 40 ft/s.</i>	Longitudinal OIV was 18.0 ft/s, and lateral OIV was 20.3 ft/s.	Pass
I. <i>The occupant ridedown accelerations should satisfy the following limits: Preferred value of 15.0 g, or maximum allowable value of 20.49 g.</i>	Longitudinal occupant ridedown acceleration was 8.8 g, and lateral occupant ridedown acceleration was 8.1 g.	Pass

**Table 9.4. Assessment Summary for MASH TL-4 Tests
on MASH TL-4 Guardrail System.**

Evaluation Factors	Evaluation Criteria	Test No. 440190-01-3	Test No. 440190-01-2	Test No. 440190-01-1
Structural Adequacy	A	S	S	S
Occupant Risk	D	S	S	S
	F	S	S	N/A
	G	N/A	N/A	S
	H	S	S	N/A
	I	S	S	N/A
	Test No.	<i>MASH Test 4-10</i>	<i>MASH Test 4-11</i>	<i>MASH Test 4-12</i>
	Pass/Fail	Pass	Pass	Pass

Note: S = Satisfactory; N/A = Not Applicable.

Chapter 10. IMPLEMENTATION*

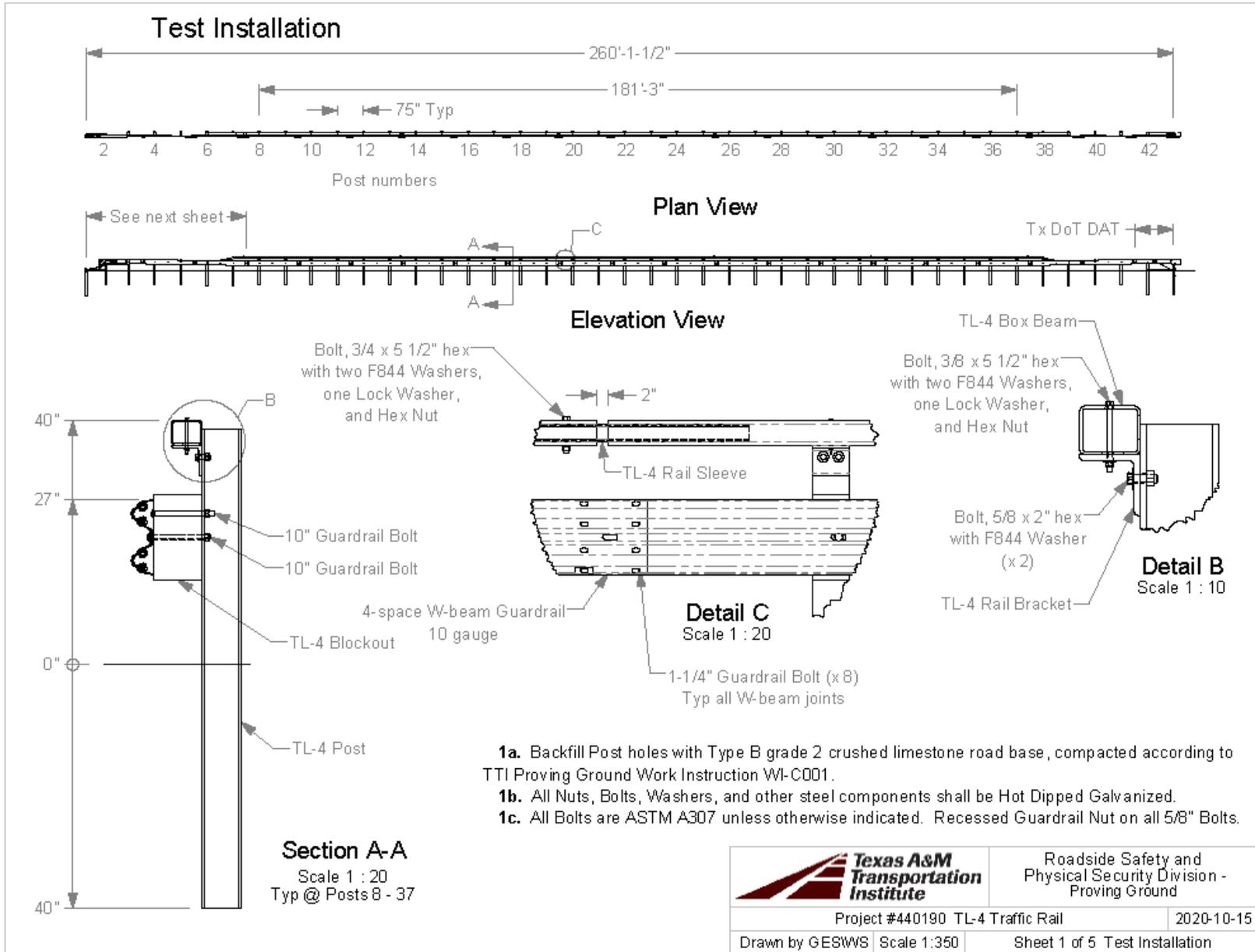
The *MASH* TL-4 guardrail design developed in this project passed *MASH* testing requirements for longitudinal barriers and is ready for implementation in the field. This implementation can be achieved by developing a design standard for the guardrail system. The Value of Research (VOR) for this project is presented in Appendix G.

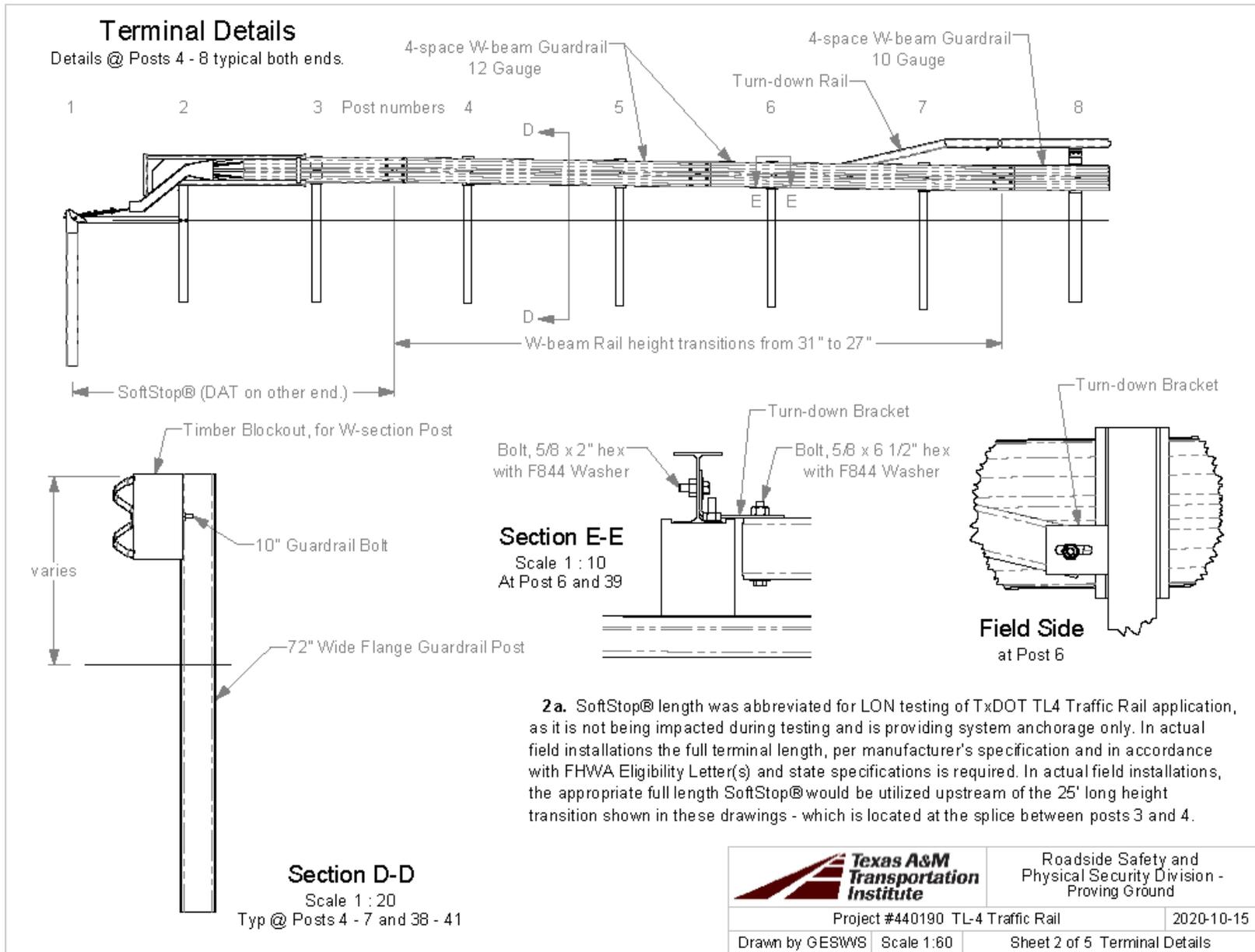
The scope of the current project did not include design and testing of an end transition for the guardrail system. The research team, however, did present a transition design that allows transitioning from the TL-4 guardrail to standard *MASH* TL-3 guardrail end terminals. While the researchers believe that this transition design has a good probability of meeting the transition testing criteria of *MASH*, they recommend that in future research, the transition design be evaluated through impact simulation analysis and full-scale crash testing.

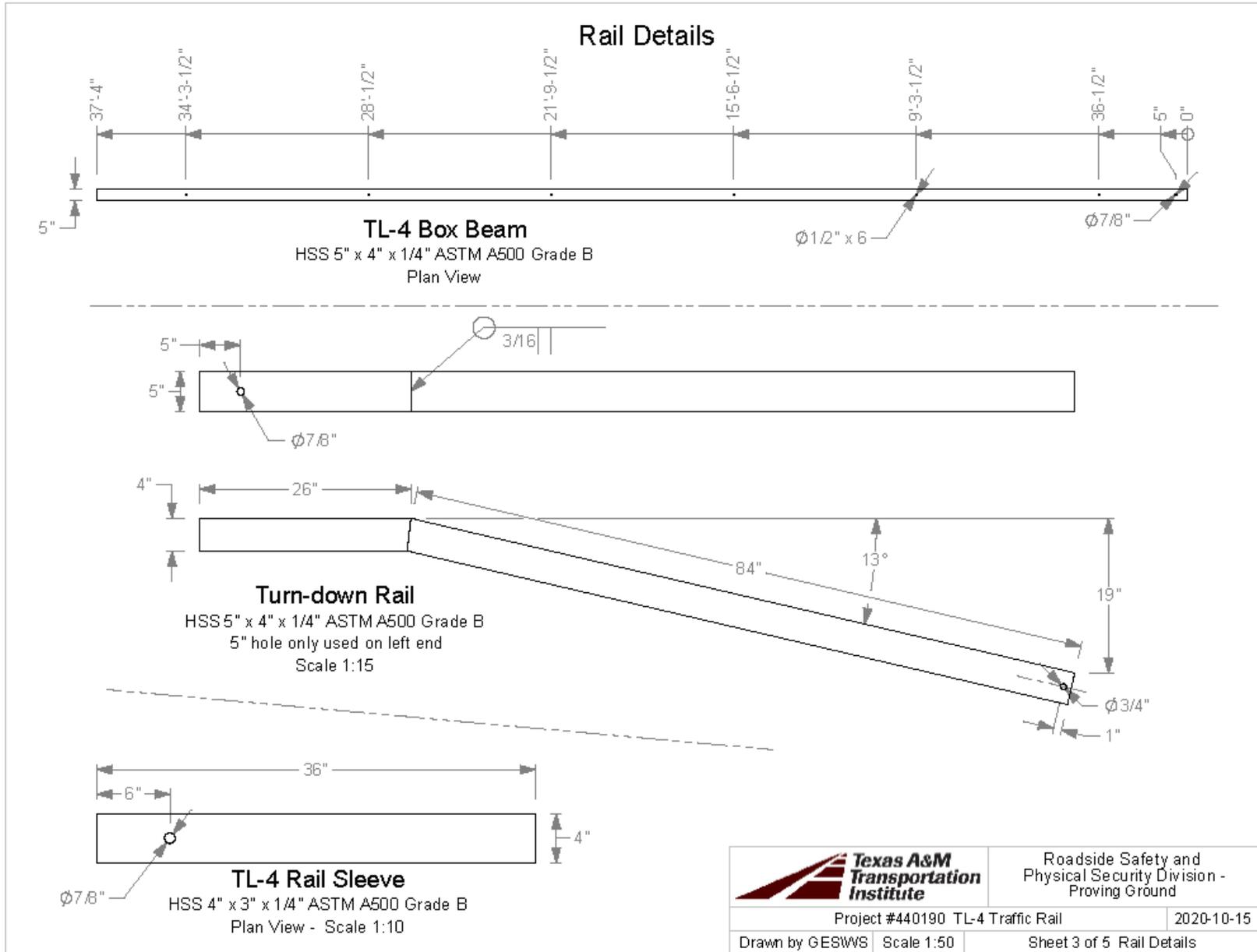
* The opinions/interpretations identified/expressed in this section of the report are outside the scope of TTI Proving Ground's A2LA Accreditation.

REFERENCES

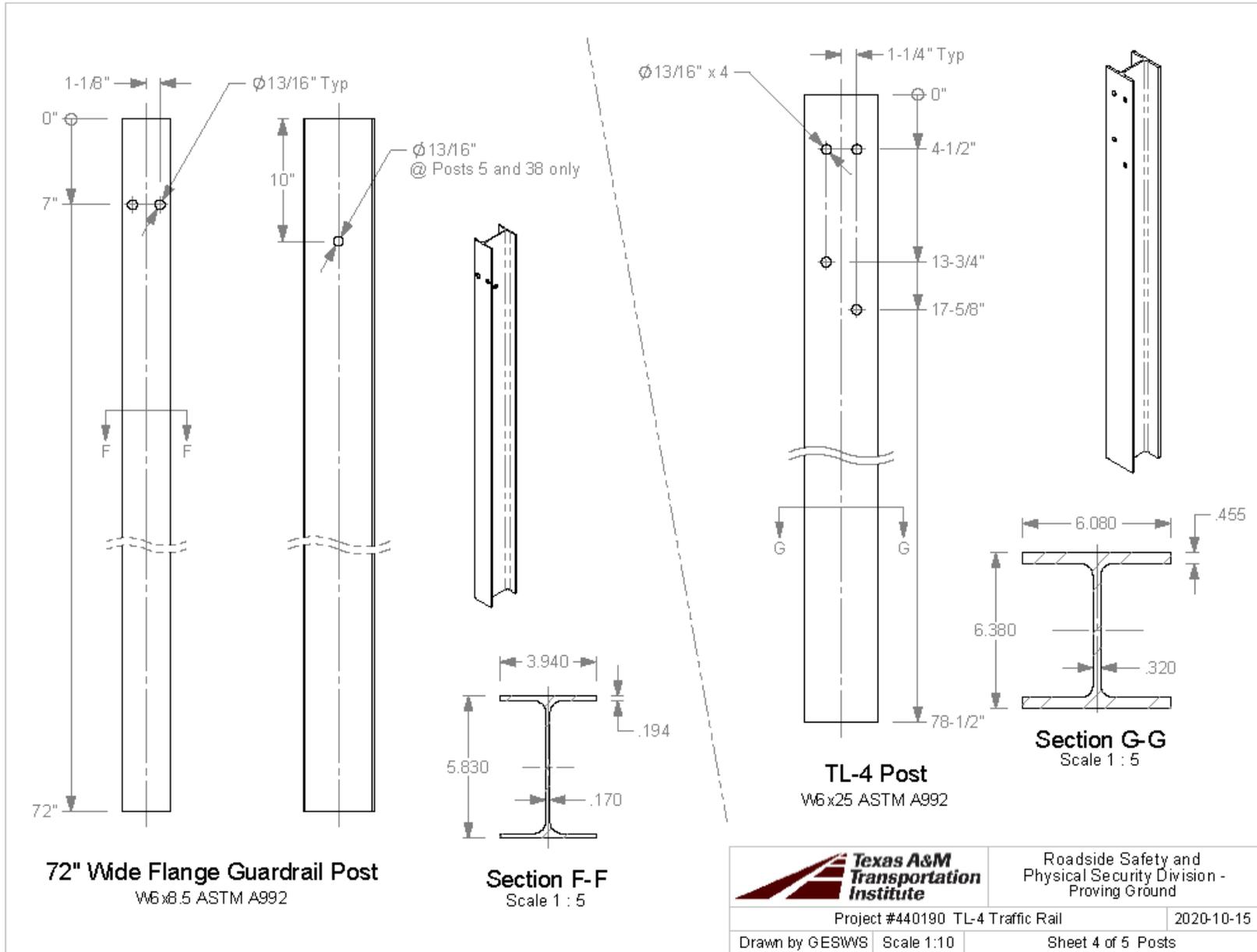
1. AASHTO. *Manual for Assessing Roadside Safety Hardware, Second Edition*. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, Washington, DC, 2016.





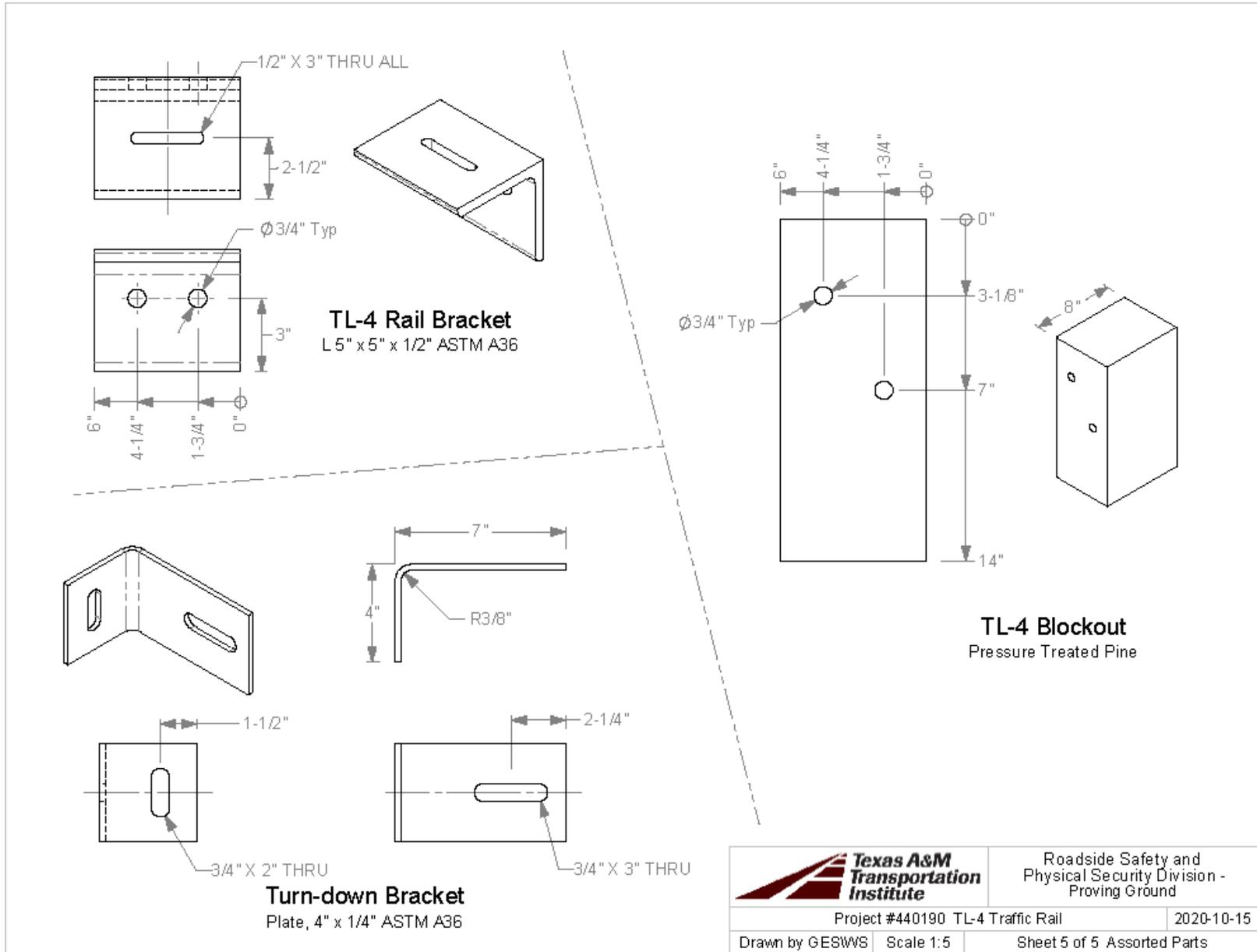


Q:\Accreditation-17025-2017\EIR-000 Project Files\440190 - TL-4 Guardrail - Sheikh\Drafting, 440190\440190 Drawing



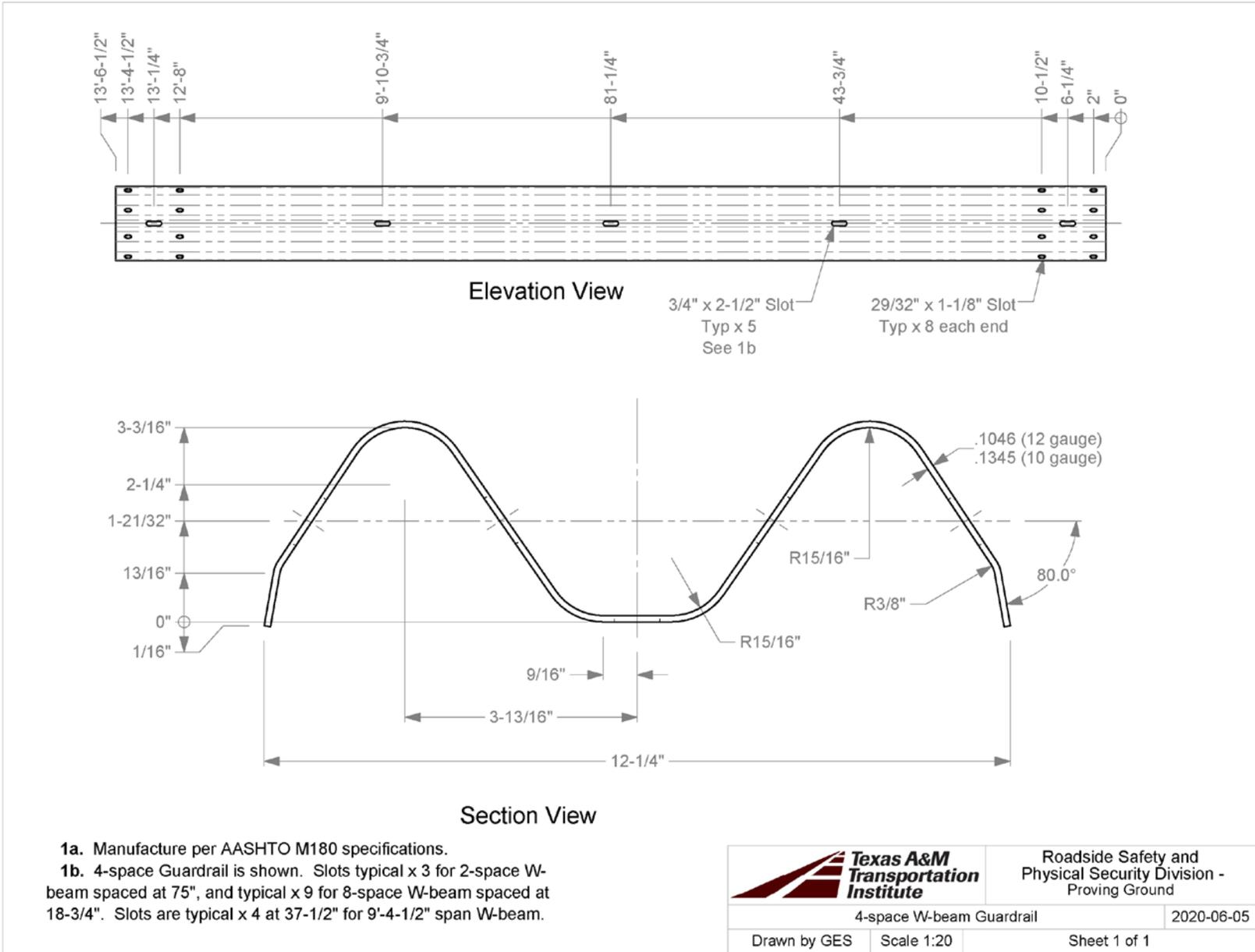
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		Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division - Proving Ground
Project #440190 TL-4 Traffic Rail		2020-10-15
Drawn by GESWS	Scale 1:10	Sheet 4 of 5 Posts



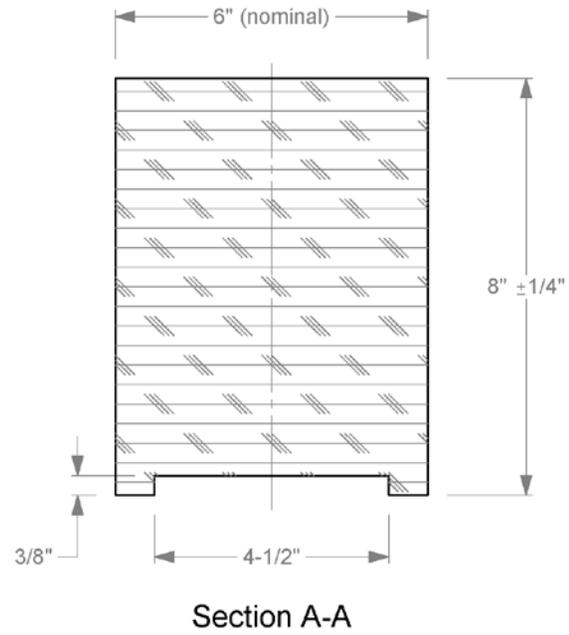
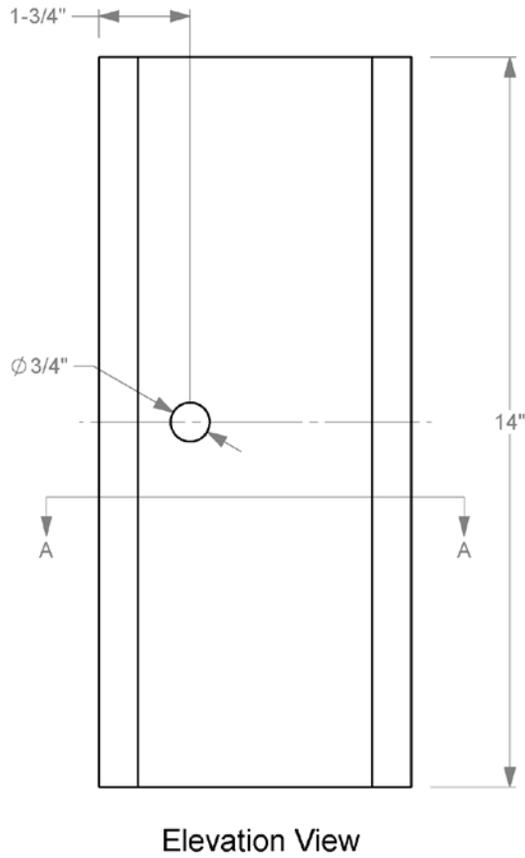
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		Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division - Proving Ground
Project #440190 TL-4 Traffic Rail		2020-10-15
Drawn by GESWS	Scale 1:5	Sheet 5 of 5 Assorted Parts



T:\Drafting Department\Solidworks\Standard Parts\Guardrail Parts and Subs\Guardrail Drawings\W-Beam Guardrail

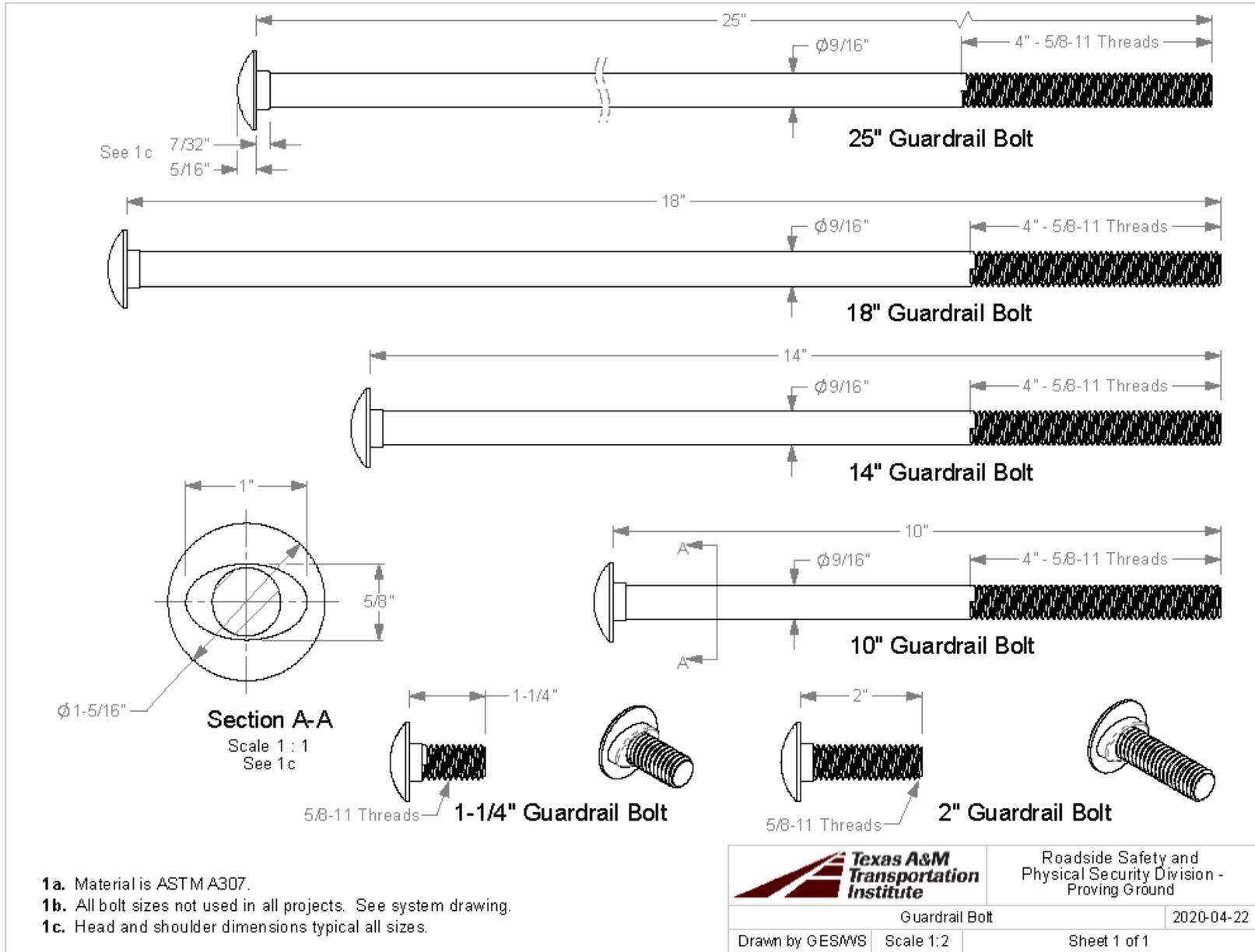
Timber Blockout for W-section Post



1a. Timber blockouts are treated with a preservative in accordance with AASHTO M 133 after all cutting and drilling.

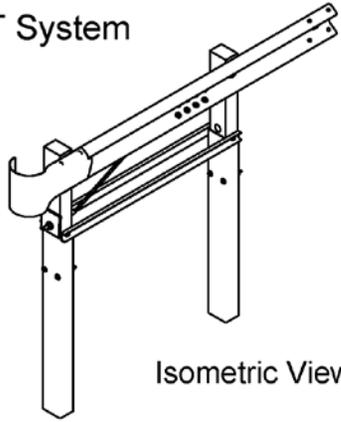
	Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division - Proving Ground	
	Timber Blockout, for W-section Post	
Drawn by GES	Scale 1:3	2019-07-03
Sheet 1 of 1		

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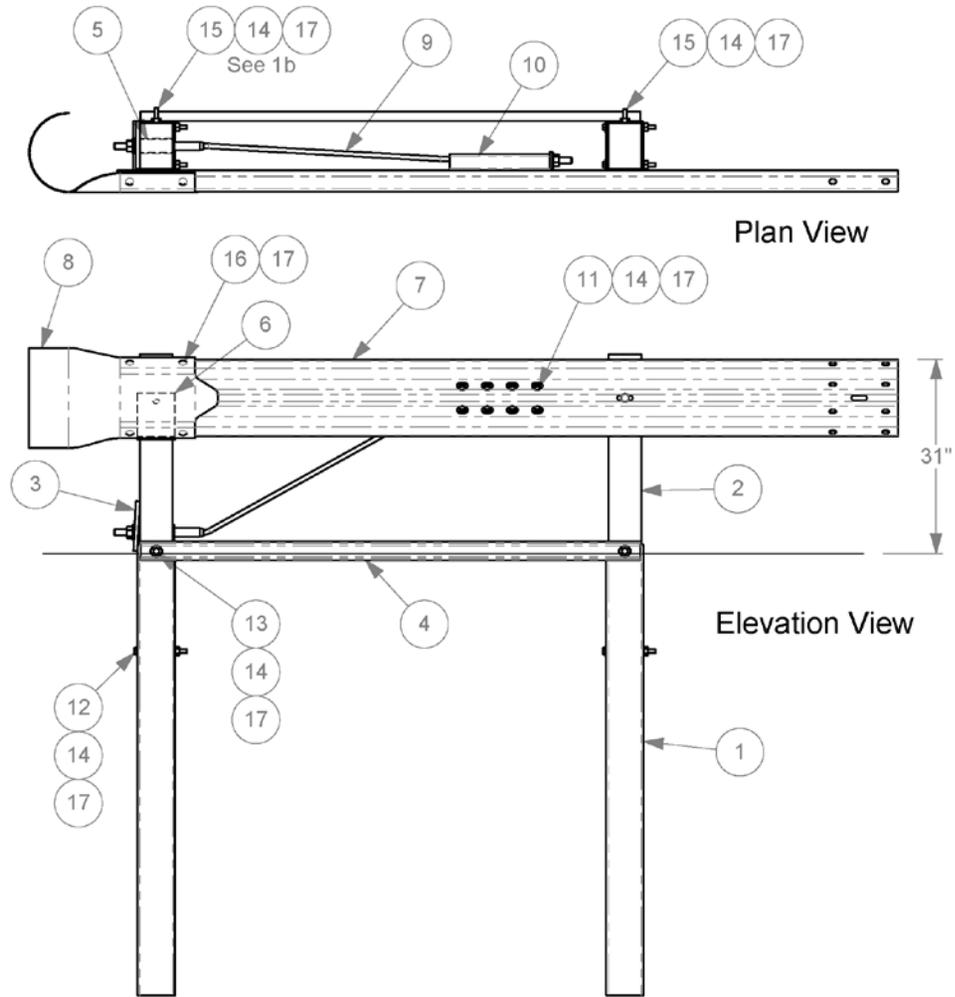


T:\Drawing Department\Solidwork s\Standard Parts\Guardrail Parts and Subs\Guardrail Drawings\Guardrail Bolt

DAT System



#	Part Name	Qty.
1	Foundation Tube	2
2	Terminal Timber Post	2
3	BCT Bearing Plate	1
4	DAT Strut	2
5	BCT Post Sleeve	1
6	Shelf Angle Bracket	1
7	DAT Terminal Rail	1
8	W-beam End Section	1
9	Anchor Cable Assembly	1
10	Guardrail Anchor Bracket	1
11	Bolt, 5/8 x 2" hex	8
12	Bolt, 5/8 x 8" hex	4
13	Bolt, 5/8 x 10" hex	2
14	Washer, 5/8 F844	16
15	10" Guardrail Bolt	2
16	1-1/4" Guardrail Bolt	4
17	Recessed Guardrail Nut	20



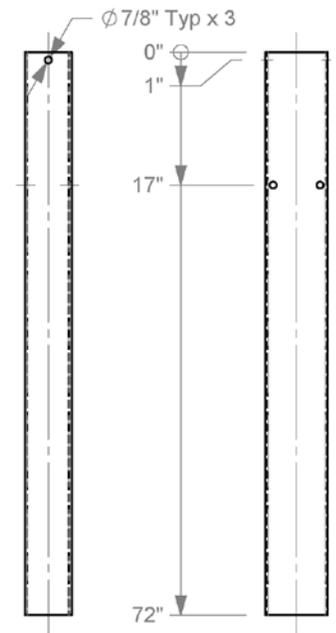
1a. All bolts are ASTM A307.
1b. Hardware secures Shelf Angle Bracket to Post. Rail is supported by Shelf Angle Bracket and does not attach directly to Post.



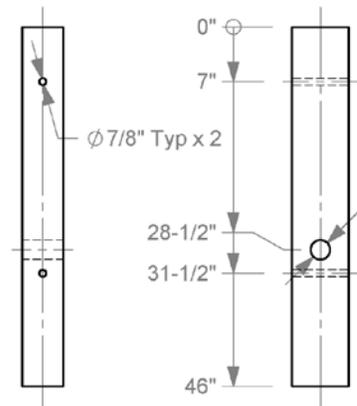
Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division - Proving Ground

DAT (Downstream Anchor Terminal)		2019-07-26
Drawn by GES	Scale 1:25	Sheet 1 of 3

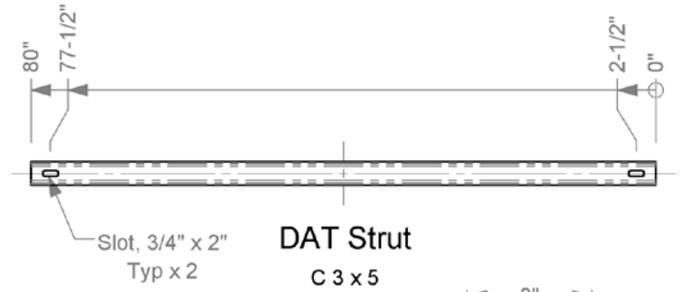
DAT Parts sheet 1



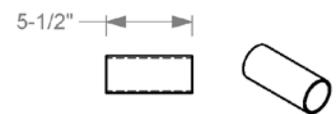
Foundation Tube
HSS 8" x 6" x 1/8"



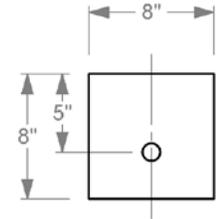
Terminal Timber Post
5-1/4" x 7-1/4"



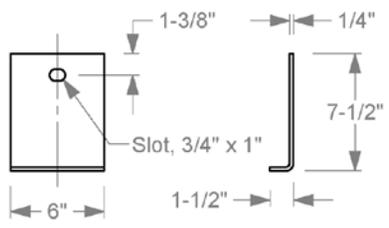
DAT Strut
C 3 x 5



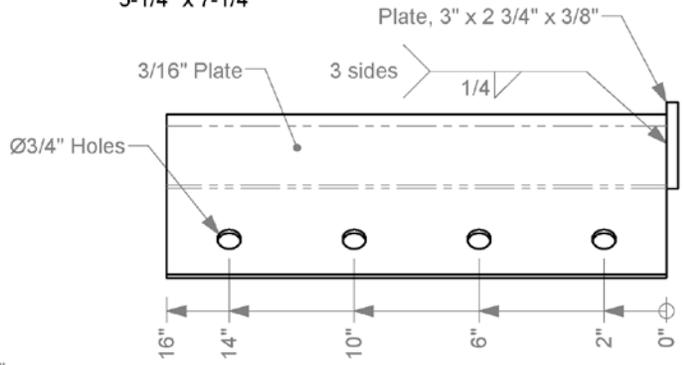
BCT Post Sleeve
2" schedule 40 Pipe - Scale 1:10



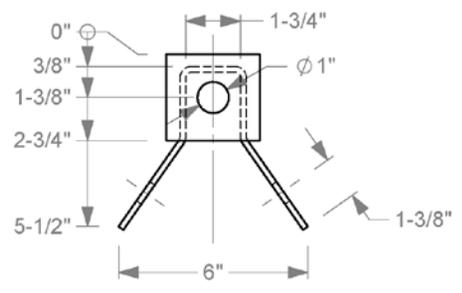
BCT Bearing Plate
5/8" Plate - Scale 1:10



Shelf Angle Bracket
Scale 1:10



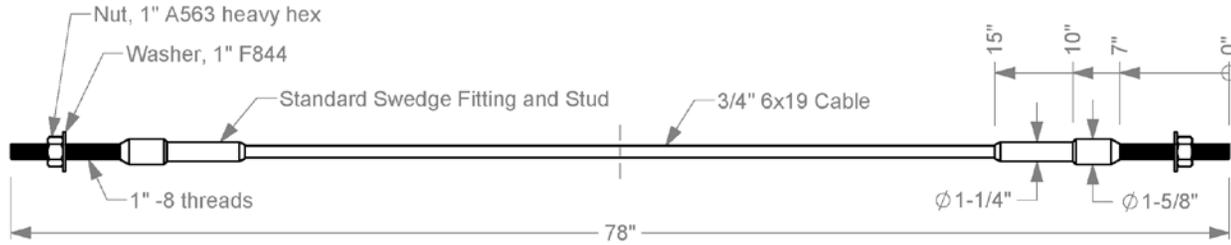
Guardrail Anchor Bracket
Scale 1:5



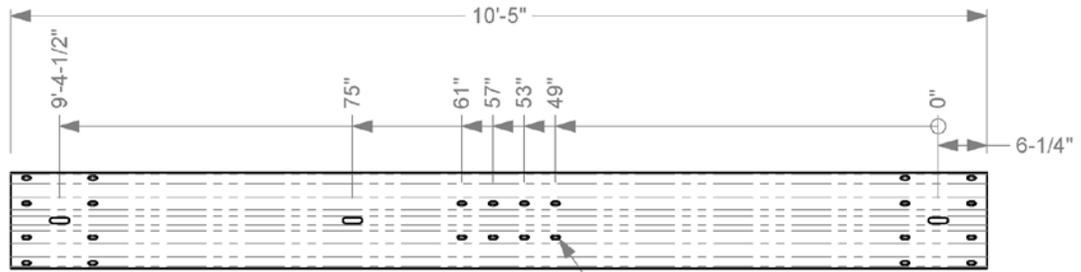
		Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division - Proving Ground	
DAT (Downstream Anchor Terminal)		2019-07-26	
Drawn by GES	Scale 1:20	Sheet 2 of 3	

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DAT Parts sheet 2

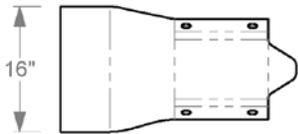
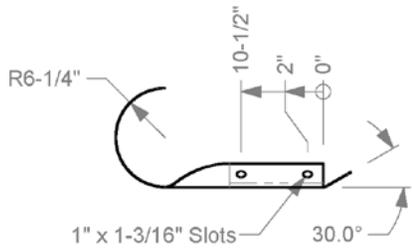


Anchor Cable Assembly



DAT Terminal Rail

Scale 1:20 - See 4-space W-beam Guardrail drawing for cross-section and other dimensions.



W-beam End Section
12 gauge steel - Scale 1:20



Roadside Safety and Physical Security Division - Proving Ground

DAT (Downstream Anchor Terminal)		2019-07-26
Drawn by GES	Scale 1:10	Sheet 3 of 3

APPENDIX B. SUPPORTING CERTIFICATION DOCUMENTS

CERTIFIED MATERIAL TEST REPORT FOR ASTM A307, GRADE A - MACHINE BOLTS

FACTORY: HANGZHOU WESTLAKE FASTENER FACTORY
ADDRESS: KANG QIAO HANGZHOU CHINA

DATE: 2008.05.10

MFG LOT NUMBER: 07XH1133-6

CUSTOMER: PFC

PO NUMBER: PO# 17110807

SAMPE SIZE: ACC.TO ASME B18.18.2M-93

SIZE: 5/8-11X6-1/2HDG

QNTY: 2,520MPCS

PART NO: 00024-3061-024

HEADMARKS: 307A PLUS MFG. I. D. 307A+WL

STEEL PROPERTIES:

STEEL GRADE: Q235A

HEAT NUMBER: 9908020013

CHEMISTRY SPEC:	C%*100	M%*100	P%*1000	S%*1000
	0.29max	1.20max	0.04max	0.15max
TEST:	0.18	0.45	0.015	0.036

DIMENSIONAL INSPECTIONS CHARACTERISTICS		SPECIFICATION: ASME B18.2.1-96			
	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.	
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
VISUAL	ASTM F788-02	PASSED	100	0	
THREAD	ASME B1.1-02 2A	PASSED	32	0	
WIDTH FLATS	23.82-23.02	23.60-23.25	8	0	
WIDTH A/C	27.50-26.24	27.30-26.55	8	0	
HEAD HEIGHT	11.27-9.61	11.10-9.85	8	0	
BODY DIA	15.87-15.68	15.80-15.68	8	0	
THREAD LENGTH	44.45	46.20	8	0	
LENGTH	168.65-160.53	166.00-162.00	8	0	

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES:		SPECIFICATION: ASTM A307-00 GR-A			
CHARACTERISTICS	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
CORE HARDNESS:	ASTM E18-02	69-100HRB	71-83HRB	8	0
WEDGE TENSILE:	ASTM F606-02	MIN 60 Ksi	Min 67si	4	0
*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****
HOT DIP GALVANIZED	ASTM A153-00	MIN 0.0021"IN	MIN 0.0022 IN	5	0

ALL TESTS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHODS PRESCRIBED IN THE APPLICABLE ASTM SPECIFICATION WE CERTIFY THAT THIS DATA IS A TRUE REPRESENTATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MATERIAL SUPPLIER AND OUR TESTING LABORATORY

WU XIAO LI
(SIGNATURE OF Q. A. LAB MGR)
(NAME OF MANUFACTURER)

Tuttle International Co., Ltd.
Room 902, Tower D, He Zhong Building, You Yi North Road,
Hexi Dist, Tianjin 300204 China PR.

Report of Chemical and Physical Properties

COUNTRY OF ORIGIN :CHINA

CUSTOMER'S NAME :BRIGHTON-BEST INTERNATIONAL(TAIWAN) INC.

MANUFACTURER ID: T633

DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL AND SPECIFICATIONS:

PO. NO.: C05355

- PART NO.: 357044
- QUANTITY (PCs): 84000 DATE of MFG.: 6/30/2014
- DESCRIPTION: 3/8" ASTM F436 HARDENER WASHER HDG
 - ◆ MANUFACTURER'S INSIGNIA: F436&D1VA
 - LOT NUMBER: 0535501

Nominal Dimensions

SPECIFICATION :F436 -11

Unit: mm

Part No.	ID MIN	ID MAX	OD MIN	OD MAX	THICKNESS MIN	THICKNESS MAX
357044	10.32	11.09	19.87	21.43	1.30	2.03

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

HEAT NO. 13402637-2

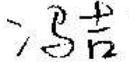
C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cr	Cu	Ni	B
.44	.53	.015	.012	.21	.060	.03	.02	

3.0mm(-.02/+ .10) THICKNESS OF STEEL METAL USED FOR THIS SIZE WASHER.

SPECIFICATION AND GRADE OF MATERIAL 45
 SPECIFICATION

TEST ITEM	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT
HARDNESS (HRC)	26--45	30--32
PLATING THICKNESS(μ) ASTMF 2329-11	43.2	52--57

QUALITY MANAGER
 Jikan Feng



SUPER CHENG INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.

CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION ISO 9001

15 WEI-SWEI W.ROAD KANGSHAN 82005. TAIWAN,R.O.C. REGISTRATION NO:
TEL:(886-7)6225326 FAX:(886-7)6215377;6230904 7M4Y038-00

ISSUE DATE : 2007/7/31

CUSTOMER : PORTEOUS FASTENER COMPANY

PART NO. : 00200-2600-024

SAMPLING PLAN : MIL-105D S2

Mfg.LOT NO : 0706FHNC0003

P.O. NUMBER : 17052903

QUANTITY SHIPPED : 48000 PCS

COMMODITY : FIN HEX NUT

SIZE: 3/8-16 HDG O/S 0.017

MECHANICAL SPEC : ASTM A563 GRADE A

DIMENSIONS SPEC : ANSI/ASME B18.2.2

HEAT NO. : 320612003

DIMENSION IN INCH

ITEM	SPECIFICATION	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
APPEARANCE	ASTM F812	GOOD	V	
THREAD	GO/NO GO GAGE	OK	V	
W.A.F.	0.562 ~ 0.551	0.560 ~ 0.557	V	
W.A.C.	0.650 ~ 0.628	0.638 ~ 0.635	V	
THICKNESS	0.337 ~ 0.320	0.334 ~ 0.330	V	
HARDNESS	MAX 107 HRB	93.0 ~ 89.0 HRB	V	
PROOF LOAD	MIN 68000 PSI	PASS	V	

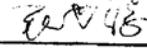
ALL TESTS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHODS PRESCRIBED IN APPLICABLE ASTM & SAE SPECIFICATION. WE CERTIFY THAT THIS DATA IS THE A TRUE REPRESENTATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MATERIAL SUPPLIER AND OUR TESTING LABORATORY.


AUTHORIZED SIGNATURE

		邢台钢铁有限责任公司 XINGTAI IRON AND STEEL CORP., LTD. 工厂检验证书 MILL'S TEST CERTIFICATE						地址: 河北省邢台市钢铁南路226号 A D D: 226 Gangtie Road, Xingtai, Hebei, China	
		ADDRESSED: TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN							
QUALITY:	SWRCH10A	DESCRIPT. OF GOODS:					PRIME STEEL WIRE ROD		
批号 HEAT NO	直径 (MM) SIZE	ACTUAL CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (%)						MECHANICAL PROPERTIES	
		C	Mn	Si	S	P	Al	抗拉Rm T.S(MPa)	面缩 RA(%)
320612413	13	0.10	0.43	0.04	0.006	0.006	0.049		
320612414	13	0.11	0.42	0.04	0.008	0.006	0.053		
320612415	13	0.11	0.42	0.04	0.007	0.004	0.033		
320612416	13	0.12	0.42	0.04	0.008	0.004	0.055		
320612417	13	0.10	0.41	0.04	0.006	0.004	0.030		
320612418	13	0.10	0.41	0.04	0.007	0.010	0.050		
320611995	14	0.11	0.42	0.04	0.014	0.010	0.073		
320611997	14	0.12	0.42	0.04	0.007	0.009	0.070		
320611998	14	0.10	0.42	0.04	0.009	0.010	0.061		
320611999	14	0.12	0.42	0.04	0.008	0.007	0.058		
320612000	14	0.12	0.43	0.05	0.008	0.008	0.062		
320612001	14	0.12	0.42	0.04	0.006	0.010	0.048		
320612002	14	0.10	0.42	0.06	0.008	0.010	0.058		
320612003 ✓	14	0.12	0.42	0.07	0.005	0.010	0.070		
320612004	14	0.12	0.43	0.06	0.004	0.012	0.042		
备注 REMARK	1、质量证明书复印件不具有同等法律效力 THE COPY OF THE INSPECTION CERTIFICATE IS INEFFECTIVE LEGALLY. 2、热轧交货 DELIVERY AFTER HOT ROLLING 3、DEC=DECARBURIZATION C.H.T=COLD HEADING TEST G.S=GRAIN SIZE Y.S=YIELD STRENGTH T.S=TENSILE STRENGTH E.L=ELONGATION R.A=REDUCTION OF AREA C.B.T=COLD BEND TEST C.H.T=COLD HEADING TEST						MANUFACTURER: XINGTAI IRON AND STEEL CORP., LTD. SIGNED BY		

兆豐國際商業銀行
 唐山分行
 7019-05

兆豐國際商業銀行
 唐山分行
 00148
 Mega Bank Tang Shan Branch



 Manager

HANGZHOU SPRING WASHER CO., LTD
QUALITY TEST CERTIFICATE OF SPRING LOCK WASHER

Customer: ASME B 18.21.1-1999 Contract No.: _____
 Standard: _____ Invoice No.: 06SHD330
 Order No.: PO 16072544

Chemical Composition (%)		C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	Ni	Cu
		0.65	0.22	0.53	0.01	0.002	0.003	0.002	0.002
Heat No.		07771002069							
Specification		3/8" HDG							
Quantity		252M							
Lot No.		0608250							
Part No.		00350-2600-024							
Testing Item	Ac/n	Result	Reject	Result	Result	Reject	Result	Reject	Result
Inside Diameter	2/100	9.88-10.18	9.89-10.10	0					
Outside Diameter	0/8	Max17.97	Max17.95	0					
Width	1/32	Min3.67	Min3.68	0					
Thickness	1/32	2.48-2.84	2.50-2.80	0					
Height	/								
Section	/								
Surface Defects	2/100	None	None	0					
Hardness	0/4	HRC38-46	HRC40-43	0					
Springing	/								
Toughness	0/8	Qualified	Qualified	0					
General: The spring lock washers are conformed with the standard of ASME B 18.21.1-99. QUALIFIED.									

Inspector: Lijia Quality Inspection Chief [Signature] Date: 2007.04.26

ZHEJIANG LAIBAO PRECISION TECHNOLOGY CO.,LTD
NO.668 DONGHAI ROAD,XITANGQIAO TOWN,HAIYAN,ZHEJIANG,CHINA
TEL: +86-573-86813788 FAX:+86-573-86811201

QUALITY CERTIFICATE

Customer Name :	BRIGHTON - BEST INTERNATIONAL (TAIWAN), INC.		Country of origin:	China							
INV.NO.:	BBT1101	QUANTITY:	0.540 MPcs								
P.O.NO.:	U28734	TEST DATE:	08.20.2015								
S/C NO.:	BB115191	ON BOARD:	08.27.2015								
PART NO.:	495129	SIZE:	3/4-10×5-1/2								
LOT NO.:	1507007601	DESCRIPTION:	HEX HEAD BOLTS UNC HDG								
PRODUCTION DATE:	08.16,2015										
Size: ASME B18.2.1 2012											
Material and Mechanical properties: ASTM A307-2014 GRA											
Zinc Coatings: ASTM F2329-05											
1.Chemical Composition Of Material (%)											
STEEL GRADE /HEAT NO:	DIA. (mm)	C	SI	Mn	P	S	Cr	B	NI	Al	Mo
Q195/180848	20	0.07	0.11	0.33	0.025	0.029					
2.Dimension											
INSPECTION ITEM		SPECIFICATION				RESULT					
Head Marking		LB307A				LB307A					
Width A/F (inch)		1.088-1.125				1.101-1.113					
Width A/C (inch)		1.240-1.299				1.250-1.261					
Head Height (inch)		0.455-0.524				0.462-0.489					
Body Dia (inch)		0.729-0.768				0.737-0.746					
Total Length (inch)		5.400-5.600				5.465-5.512					
Thread Length (inch)		NOM 1.750				1.761-1.774					
Major Dia (inch)		0.7353-0.7500				0.742-0.745					
GO Ring Gauge		THE NUT OF UNC 3/4-10 ⁺ 0.025 2B				OK					
NO GO Ring Gauge		UNC 3/4-10 2A				OK					
Tensile Strength (Psi)		MIN 60000				82145-85201					
Hardness (HRB)		69-100				82-85					
Visual		OK				OK					
Salt Spray Test		/				/					
Zinc Thickness (µm)		MIN 53				59.2-60.1					

We hereby certify that the material described herein has been manufactured and tested with satisfactory results in accordance with the requirement of the above material/dimensional specifications.



**CERTIFIED MATERIAL TEST REPORT
FOR ASTM A307, GRADE A - MACHINE BOLTS**

FACTORY: NINGBO YONGGANG FASTENER CO., LTD. DATE: 2009-2-26
 ADDRESS: NINGBO MEIXU INDUSTRIAL PARK, ZHEJIANG, CHINA LOT NUMBER: 2008NY-511
 CUSTOMER: IFI & MORGAN LTD. PO NUMBER: 18100302

SAMPE SIZE: ACC. TO ASME B18.18.2M - 93
 SIZE: 3/4-10x6 HDG QNTY: 2160pcs PART NO: 00024-3260-024
 HEADMARKS: 307A PLUS NY

STEEL PROPERTIES:
 STEEL GRADE: SG195 HEAT NUMBER: 0740010334

CHEMISTRY SPEC:	C %*100	Mn%*100	P %*1000	S %*1000
	0.29max	1.20 max	0.04max	0.15max
TEST:	0.090	0.390	0.009	0.013
	0.090	0.390	0.009	0.013

DIMENSIONAL INSPECTIONS		SPECIFICATION: ASME B18.2.1 - 96		
CHARACTERISTICS	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
VISUAL	ASTM F788-02	PASSED	100	0
THREAD	ASME B1.1-02 2A	PASSED	32	0
WIDTH FLATS	27.64-28.57	27.75-28.40	8	0
WIDTH A/C	31.50-32.99	31.85-32.75	8	0
HEAD HEIGHT	11.56-13.30	11.70-13.21	8	0
BODY DIA.	19.05max	18.98-19.05	8	0
THREAD LENGTH	41.95-46.95	42.38-46.75	8	0
LENGTH	149.90-154.90	150.36-154.67	8	0

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES:		SPECIFICATION: ASTM A307-00 GR-A			
CHARACTERISTICS	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
CORE HARDNESS :	ASTM E18-02	69-100HRB	75-85	8	0
WEDGE TENSILE:	ASTM F606-02	Min 60000 PSI	61200-65000	4	0

ALL TESTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHODS PRESCRIBED IN THE APPLICABLE ASTM SPECIFICATION. WE CERTIFY THAT THIS DATA IS A TRUE REPRESENTATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MATERIAL SUPPLIER AND OUR TESTING LABORATORY.


 (SIGNATURE OF Q.A. LAB MGR.)

 (NAME OF MANUFACTURER)

HAIYAN DAYU FASTENERS CO.,LTD
NO.8 XITANG INDUSTRY ZONE, HAIYAN, ZHEJIANG ,CHINA
TEL: +86-573-86813788 FAX:+86-573-86811201

QUALITY CERTIFICATE

INV.NO.:	BBT038	QUANTITY:	4.32 MPcs								
P.O.NO.:	U06225	TEST DATE:	12.01,2011								
S/C NO.:	BBI066	ON BOARD:	12.08,2011								
PART NO.:	495131	SIZE:	3/4-10×6-1/2								
LOT NO.:	11102000	DESCRIPTION:	HEX BOLTS UNC HDG								
PRODUCTION DATE:	10.17,2011										
Size: ASME B18.2.1 2010											
Material and Mechanical properties: ASTM A307-2010 GR.A											
Zinc Coatings: ASTM F2329 2005											
1.Chemical Composition Of Material (%)											
STEEL GRADE /HEAT NO:	DIA. (mm)	C	Si	Mn	P	S	Cr	B	Ni	Al	Mo
Q195/184927	20	0.09	0.12	0.32	0.027	0.016					
2.Dimension											
INSPECTION ITEM				SPECIFICATION				RESULT			
Head Marking				LB307A				LB307A			
Width A/F (inch)				1.088-1.125				1.108-1.118			
Width A/C (inch)				1.240-1.299				1.261-1.269			
Head Height (inch)				0.455-0.524				0.475-0.486			
Body Dia (inch)				0.729-0.768				0.734-0.736			
Total Length (inch)				6.320-6.640				6.385-6.419			
Thread Length (inch)				NOM 2.000				2.106-2.125			
Major Dia (inch)				0.7353-0.7500				0.747-0.748			
GO Ring Gauge				THE NUT OF UNC 3/4-10 ²⁴⁰ 2B				OK			
NO GO Ring Gauge				UNC 3/4-10 2A				OK			
Tensile Strength (Psi)				MIN 60000				81218-84118			
Hardness (HRB)				69-100				83-84			
Visual				OK				OK			
Salt Spray Test				/				/			
Zinc Thickness (µm)				MIN 54				58-62			

We hereby certify that the material described herein has been manufactured and tested with satisfactory results in accordance with the requirement of the above material/dimensional specifications.

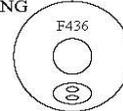
QIN YUE ZHU 公司

HEXICO ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.

NO.355-3,SEC. 3,CHUNG SHAN ROAD,KAU-JEN,TAINAN,TAIWAN,R.O.C.
 TEL : 886 - 6 - 2390616 FAX : 886 - 6 - 2308947

INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

MARKING



CUSTOMER PORTEOUS FASTENER CO.
 PART NAME ASTM F436 - 09 TYPE 1 WASHERS (HOT DIP GALV. PER ASTM A153)
 SIZE 3/4 " DATE April 08, 2011
 PART NO. W2A6C6000S6JV REPORT NO. 1000408-02
 CUST. PART NO. 00385-3200-024 SHIPPING NO. _____
 MATERIAL / DIA. 10B20 / 23 mm ORDER NO. 10122251
 HEAT(COIL) NO. 3B143 LOT NO. 022C6PF41
 LOT QTY 72,000 PCS DOCUMENT NO. 9709015
 STANDARD OF SAMPLING SCHEME ANSI / ASME B18.18.2 M

DIMENSIONS IN inch

INSPECTION ITEM	SPECIFICATION	INSPECTION RESULTS		REMARKS	
		MIN.	MAX.		
1	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	1.4360 - 1.5000	1.4547	1.4681	
2	INSIDE DIAMETER	0.8130 - 0.8450	0.8311	0.8354	
3	THICKNESS	0.1220 - 0.1770	0.1311	0.1394	
4	HARDNESS	HRC 26 - 45	26.1	27.0	
5	COATING	HOT DIP GALV. 43 μm	46.0	75.6	
6	APPEARANCE	VISUAL	OK		

HOT DIP GALV. 43 μm	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SAMPLE SIZE : 10 PCS	49.1	58.2	62.0	75.6	71.4	49.2	51.4	56.9	66.7	46.0

INSPECTED BY Yu Tain Lin

CERTIFIED BY Jing Yeh Tsao



**GEM-YEAR TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION**



TESTING CERT 1292-01
MECHANICAL TESTING

MANUFACTURER: GEM-YEAR INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
ADDRESS: NO.8 GEM-YEAR
ROAD, E.D.Z., JIASHAN, ZHEJIANG, P.R. CHINA

Tel: (0573)84185001(48Lines)
Fax: (0573)84184488 84184567
DATE: 2010/04/20

PURCHASER: PORTEOUS FASTENER COMPANY.
PO. NUMBER: 19121403
COMMODITY: FINISHED HEX NUT ASTM A563 GR-A
SIZE: 3/4-10 NC O/T 0.51MM
LOT NO: 1N1010097
SHIP QUANTITY: 54,000 PCS
HEADMARKS:

PACKING NO: GEM100223004
INVOICE NO: GEM/PFC-100416 DAL
PART NO: 00200-3200-024
SAMPLING PLAN: ASME B18.18.2
HEAT NO: 330906305
MATERIAL: 1010A
FINISH: HOT DIP GALVANIZED PER ASTM
A153/ASTM F2329

PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION OF CHEMISTRY:

Chemistry	Al%	C%	Mn%	P%	S%	Si%
Spec.: MIN	0.0200	0.0800	0.3000			
MAX		0.1300	0.6000	0.0300	0.0350	0.1000
Test Value	0.0540	0.0900	0.4000	0.0120	0.0090	0.0400

DIMENSIONAL INSPECTIONS: ACCORDING TO ASME/ANSI B18.2.2

TEST DATE: 2010/02/04

SAMPLED BY: YAN WANG

SAMPLING DATE: 2010/02/04

INSPECTIONS ITEM	SAMPLE	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
WIDTH ACROSS CORNERS	32 PCS	MIL-STD-120	31.520-32.970 MM	32.200-32.230 MM	32	0
HEIGHT	32 PCS	MIL-STD-120	15.690-16.280 MM	16.100-16.120 MM	32	0
WIDTH ACROSS FLATS	32 PCS	MIL-STD-120	27.640-28.580 MM	28.000-28.020 MM	32	0
SURFACE DISCONTINUITIES	100 PCS	ASTM F812		PASSED	100	0
THREAD	32 PCS	MIL-STD-120	bolt	PASSED	32	0

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES: ACCORDING TO ASTM A563-2007

TEST DATE: 2010/03/31

SAMPLED BY: FEISHENG YU

SAMPLING DATE: 2010/03/28

INSPECTIONS ITEM	SAMPLE	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
CORE HARDNESS	29 PCS	ASTM F606/F606M	68-107 HRB	81 HRB	29	0
PROOF LOAD	15 PCS	ASTM F606/F606M	Min. 22,720 LBF	OK	15	0

ALL TESTS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHODS PRESCRIBED IN THE APPLICABLE ASTM/SAE/ASME/MIL-STD-120 SPECIFICATION. WE CERTIFY THAT THIS DATA IS A TRUE REPRESENTATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MATERIAL SUPPLIER AND OUR TESTING LABORATORY.

THIS CERTIFIED MATERIAL TEST REPORT APPLIES TO THE SAMPLES TESTED AND IT CANNOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL.

SIGNATURE: _____



GEM-YEAR TESTING LABORATORY
CERTIFICATE OF INSPECTION

MANUFACTURER : GEM-YEAR INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
 ADDRESS : NO.8 GEM-YEAR
 ROAD,E.D.Z.,JIASHAN,ZHEJIANG,P.R.CHINA

Tel: (0573)84185001(48Lines)
 Fax: (0573)84184488 84184567
 DATE : 2010/09/28

PURCHASER : PORTEOUS FASTENER COMPANY.
 P.O. NUMBER : 10061504
 COMMODITY : HEX MACHINE BOLT GR-A
 SIZE : 5/8-11X2 NC
 LOT NO : 1B1071195
 SHIP QUANTITY : 9,000 PCS
 HEADMARKS : CYI & 307A

PACKING NO : GEM100902008
 INVOICE NO : GEM/PFC-100928 SEA
 PART NO : 00024-3024-024
 SAMPLING PLAN : ASME B18.18.2
 HEAT NO : 10302438-3
 MATERIAL : X1008A
 FINISH : HOT DIP GALVANIZED PER ASTM
 A153/ASTM F2329

PERCENTAGE COMPOSITION OF CHEMISTRY :

Chemistry	Al%	C%	Mn%	P%	S%	Si%
Spec. : MIN.	0.0200					
MAX.		0.1000	0.6000	0.0300	0.0350	0.1000
Test Value	0.0410	0.0700	0.3100	0.0080	0.0030	0.0400

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES : ACCORDING TO ASTM A 307A-2007

TEST DATE : 2010/09/08

SAMPLED BY : GAO MINGHUA

SAMPLING DATE : 2010/09/05

INSPECTIONS ITEM	SAMPLE	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
CORE HARDNESS	22 PCS	ASTM F606/F606M	69-100 HRB	75 HRB	22	0
TENSILE STRENGTH	15 PCS	ASTM F606/F606M	Min. 60 KSI	73 KSI	15	0

ALL TESTS ARE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHODS PRESCRIBED IN THE APPLICABLE ASTM/SAE/ASME/MIL-STD-120 SPECIFICATION. WE CERTIFY THAT THIS DATA IS A TRUE REPRESENTATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MATERIAL SUPPLIER AND OUR TESTING LABORATORY.

THIS CERTIFIED MATERIAL TEST REPORT APPLIES TO THE SAMPLES TESTED AND IT CANNOT BE REPRODUCED EXCEPT IN FULL.

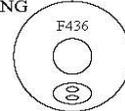
SIGNATURE : _____

HEXICO ENTERPRISE CO., LTD.

NO.355-3,SEC. 3,CHUNG SHAN ROAD,KAU-JEN,TAINAN,TAIWAN,R.O.C.
 TEL : 886 - 6 - 2390616 FAX : 886 - 6 - 2308947

INSPECTION CERTIFICATE

MARKING



CUSTOMER PORTEOUS FASTENER CO.
 PART NAME ASTM F436 - 09 TYPE 1 WASHERS (HOT DIP GALV. PER ASTM A153)
 SIZE 5/8 " DATE April 01, 2011
 PART NO. W2A6C5000S6JV REPORT NO. 1000401-01
 CUST. PART NO. 00385-3000-024 SHIPPING NO. _____
 MATERIAL / DIA. 10B20 / 20 mm ORDER NO. 10122251
 HEAT(COIL) NO. 1Q961 LOT NO. 022C5PF41
 LOT QTY 72,000 PCS DOCUMENT NO. 9802003
 STANDARD OF SAMPLING SCHEME ANSI / ASME B18.18.2 M

DIMENSIONS IN inch

INSPECTION ITEM	SPECIFICATION	INSPECTION RESULTS		REMARKS	
		MIN.	MAX.		
1	OUTSIDE DIAMETER	1.2810 - 1.3450	1.2909	1.3181	
2	INSIDE DIAMETER	0.6880 - 0.7200	0.7134	0.7197	
3	THICKNESS	0.1220 - 0.1770	0.1264	0.1421	
4	HARDNESS	HRC 26 - 45	26.5	31.4	
5	COATING	HOT DIP GALV. 43 μm	46.6	104.0	
6	APPEARANCE	VISUAL	OK		

HOT DIP GALV. 43 μm	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
SAMPLE SIZE : 10 PCS	46.6	50.6	99.2	84.7	81.6	104.0	101.0	88.3	65.1	70.9

INSPECTED BY Yu Tain Lin

CERTIFIED BY Jing Yeh Tsao

**CERTIFIED MATERIAL TEST REPORT
FOR ASTM A307, GRADE A - HEX BOLTS**

FACTORY: ZHEJIANG GOLDEN AUTOMOTIVE FASTENER CO.LTD
ADDRESS: XITANG QIAO HAIYAN ZHEJIANG CHINA

DATE: JUN.12,2016

MFG LOT NUMBER: 0400009

CUSTOMER: BRINGTON-BEST INTERNATIONAL(TAIWAN)INC.

PO NUMBER: U34597

SAMPLE SIZE: ACC. TO ASME B18 . 18 -2011 Categories 2

SIZE: 3/8-16X5-1/2" HDG QTY: 4200 PCS

PART NO: 495044

HEADMARKS: 307A + NDF

STEEL PROPERTIES:

STEEL GRADE: 1008

HEAT NUMBER: 4-B 4214197

CHEMISTRY SPEC:

C %	Mn%	P %	S %
0.29 max	1.20 max	0.04max	0.15max
0.06	0.28	0.019	0.015

TEST:

DIMENSIONAL INSPECTIONS

SPECIFICATION: ASME B18.2.1-2012

CHARACTERISTICS	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
APPEARANCE	ASTM F788/F788M-13	PASSED	100	0
THREAD	ANSI B1.1-08 2A	PASSED	32	0
WIDTH FLATS	0.562"-0.544"	0.546"-0.558"	8	0
WIDTH A/C	0.650"-0.620"	0.635"-0.645"	8	0
HEAD HEIGHT	0.268"-0.226"	0.235"-0.252"	8	0
BODY DIA.	0.388"-0.360"	0.362"-0.368"	8	0
THREAD LENGTH	MIN1.00"	1.02"-1.05"	8	0
LENGTH	5.56"-5.40"	5.43"-5.45"	8	0

MECHANICAL PROPERTIES:

SPECIFICATION: ASTM A307-2014 GR-A

CHARACTERISTICS	TEST METHOD	SPECIFIED	ACTUAL RESULT	ACC.	REJ.
CORE HARDNESS :	ASTM E18-14a	69-100 HRB	82-85 HRB	8	0
WEDGE TENSILE :	ASTM F606-14	MIN 60KSI	75-80 KSI	4	0
HOT DIP GALVANZED	ASTM F2329-13	Min 0.0017"	0.0024"-0.0026"	5	0

ALL TESTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE METHODS PRESCRIBED IN THE APPLICABLE ASTM SPECIFICATION. WE CERTIFY THAT THIS DATA IS A TRUE REPRESENTATION OF INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MATERIAL SUPPLIER AND OUR LABORATORY.
All parts meet the requirements of FQA and records of compliance are on file.
Maker's ISO#CN11/20818



(SIGNATURE OF Q.A. LAB MGR.)
(ZHEJIANG GOLDEN AUTOMOTIVE FASTENER CO.LTD)



CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

Cert Number 44303-13 4/3/2020
Test Reference 59176

TRIPLE-S STEEL SUPPLY CO.
 6000 JENSEN DRIVE
 HOUSTON, TX 77026

Issued from
 BESHERT STEEL PROCESSING
 JOINT VENTURE OF
 STEEL WAREHOUSE CO. &
 TRIPLE S STEEL HOLDINGS INC.
 15335 JACINTO PORT BOULEVARD
 HOUSTON, TX 77015

Sold To: TRIPLE-S STEEL SUPPLY CO., 6000 JENSEN DRIVE, HOUSTON, TX 77026
Ship To: TRIPLE-S STEEL, 6000 JENSEN DRIVE, HOUSTON, TX 77026

Customer 100200/0 **Your Order** HOU-189140 (3/30/2020)
Our Order 22068-13-1 **Packing List** 44303-1 (4/3/2020)

Product Information
Heat 005821 **Tag** 26545E **Pcs** 24 **LBS** 9,805

TEMPERED LEVELED PLATE A36/SA36
 0.2500" x 48" x 120"

Part PL38TML1448120
Conform To ASTM-A36-246-.258 4/27/2013

Chemical Composition

C.E.: 0.3443

D.I.: 0

C	Mn	Si	P	S	Cr	NI	Mo
0.202	0.83	0.01	0.012	0.002	0.01	0.007	0.002
Cu	Al	N	V	Ti	Cb	CbV	
0.014	0.033	0.0042	0.001	0.001	0.00	0.001	

Physical Tests

YIELD - H (T)	TENSILE - H (T)	ELONGATION - H (T)	YIELD - M (T)
46.1 KSI	68.1 KSI	29.6 %	45.5 KSI
TENSILE - M (T)	ELONGATION - M (T)		
66.8 KSI	29.8 %		

Product of Coil
Country of Origin: Melted in Brazil
Manufactured in USA

4/3/2020 08:04 AM 2

**LAND 15'
 NUCOR STEEL - BERKELEY
 1455 Hagan Avenue
 Huger, SC 29450
 Phone: (843) 336-6000

CERTIFIED MILL TEST REPORT

7/01/20 18:04:50
 100% EAF MELTED AND MANUFACTURED IN THE USA

Structural sections produced by Nucor-Berkeley are cast and hot rolled to a fully killed and fine grain practice. Mercury not intentionally added at any point during manufacturing.

Sold To: TRIPLE S STEEL COMPANY
 6000 JENSEN DR
 PO BOX 21119
 HOUSTON, TX 77226

Ship To: TRIPLE S STEEL COMPANY
 6000 JENSEN DR
 PO BOX 21119
 HOUSTON, TX 77226

Customer #.: 997 - 1
 Customer PO: HOU-190155
 B.O.L. #...: 1489436
 MOS: T

SPECIFICATIONS: Tested in accordance with ASTM specification A6/A6M-19 and A370. Quality Manual Rev #12 (8-27-19).
 AASHTO : m270-345M270-50-19
 ASME : SA-36 13
 ASTM : A992-11(15)/A36-19/A529-19-50/A5725018T1/A7093618/A7095018
 CSA : G40.21-44w/G40.21-50w/G40.2150WM

Description Part #	Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW	Yield/ Tensile Ratio	Yield (PSI)	Tensile (PSI)	Elong (MPa)	C Cr	Mn Mo Ti	P Sn	S B	Si V N	Cu Nb *****	Ni Nb *****	CE1 CE2 Pcm
W12x19 040' 00.00" W310X28.3 012.1920m	2004760 A992-11(15)	.84	59600 411	70800 488	29.00	.07 .04	.88 .01	.008 .0080	.028 .0001	.24 .004	.14 .029	.03 3.54	.24 .2837 .1326
8 Pc(s) 6,080 lbs Customer PO: HOU-190155 BoL#: 1489436													
W6X20 040' 00.00" W150X29.8 012.1920m	2007773 A992-11(15)	.82	62100 428	75800 523	24.00	.08 .08	1.06 .01	.008 .0095	.024 .0002	.25 .002	.24 .028	.06 5.05	.29 .3362 .1549
18 Pc(s) 14,400 lbs Customer PO: HOU-190155 BoL#: 1489436													
W6X25 040' 00.00" W150X37.1 012.1920m	2007788 A992-11(15)	.78	60900 420	78000 538	22.00	.07 .08	1.07 .01	.009 .0100	.013 .0002	.23 .002	.23 .031	.06 4.94	.28 .3272 .1459
20 Pc(s) 20,000 lbs Customer PO: HOU-190155 BoL#: 1489436													

Elongation based on 8" (20.32cm) gauge length. 'No Weld Repair' was performed. "All mechanical testing is performed by the Quality testing lab, which is independent of the production departments"
 CI = 26.01Cu+3.88Ni+1.20Cr+1.49Si+17.28P-(7.29Cu*Ni)-(9.10Ni*P)-33.39(Cu*Cu)
 Pcm = C+(Si/30)+(Mn/20)+(Cu/20)+(Ni/60)+(Cr/20)+(Mo/15)+(V/10)+5B
 CE1= C+(Mn/6)+((Cr+Mo+V)/5)+((Ni+Cu)/15)
 CE2 = C+((Mn+Si)/6)+((Cr+Mo+V+Cb)/5)+((Ni+Cu)/15)

I hereby certify that the contents of this report are accurate and correct. All test results and operations performed by the material manufacturer are in compliance with material specifications, and when designated by the Purchaser, meet applicable specifications.

Bruce A. Work
 Metallurgist/
 Quality Control

**LAND 15,
 NUCOR STEEL - BERKELEY
 1455 Hagan Avenue
 Huger, SC 29450
 Phone: (843) 336-6000

CERTIFIED MILL TEST REPORT

7/01/20 18:04:50
 100% EAF MELTED AND MANUFACTURED IN THE USA

Structural sections produced by Nucor-Berkeley are cast and hot rolled to a fully killed and fine grain practice. Mercury not intentionally added at any point during manufacturing.

Sold To: TRIPLE S STEEL COMPANY
 6000 JENSEN DR
 PO BOX 21119
 HOUSTON, TX 77226

Ship To: TRIPLE S STEEL COMPANY
 6000 JENSEN DR
 PO BOX 21119
 HOUSTON, TX 77226

Customer #.: 997 - 1
 Customer PO: HOU-190155
 B.o.L. #...: 1489436
 MOS: T

SPECIFICATIONS: Tested in accordance with ASTM specification A6/A6M-19 and A370. Quality Manual Rev #12 (8-27-19).
 AASHTO : m270-345M270-50-19
 ASME : SA-36 13
 ASTM : A992-11(15)/A36-19/A529-19-50/A5725018T1/A7093618/A7095018
 CSA : G40.21-44w/G40.21-50w/G40.2150WM

Description Part #	Heat# Grade(s) Test/Heat JW	Yield/ Tensile Ratio	Yield (PSI) (MPa)	Tensile (PSI) (MPa)	Elong %	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	CE1
						Cr *****	Mo Ti	Sn *****	B *****	V N	Nb *****	CI *****	CE2 Pcm
W6X25	2007786	.81	61300	75500	23.00	.07	1.03	.008	.022	.26	.23	.06	.28
040' 00.00"	A992-11(15)		423	521		.08	.01	.0095	.0002	.002	.032		.3302
W150X37.1		.80	59300	73700	24.00		.001			.0069		4.97	.1491
012.1920m			409	508	7 Pc(s)		7,000 lbs						

Customer PO: HOU-190155 BoL#: 1489436

4 Heat(s) for this MTR.

Elongation based on 8" (20.32cm) gauge length. 'No Weld Repair' was performed.
 CI = 26.01Cu+3.88Ni+1.20Cr+1.49Si+17.28P-(7.29Cu*Ni)-(9.10Ni*P)-33.39(Cu*Cu)
 Pcm = C+(Si/30)+(Mn/20)+(Cu/20)+(Ni/60)+(Cr/20)+(Mo/15)+(V/10)+5B
 CE1 = C+(Mn/6)+((Cr+Mo+V)/5)+((Ni+Cu)/15)

"All mechanical testing is performed by the Quality testing lab, which is independent of the production departments"
 CE2 = C+(Mn+Si)/6+((Cr+Mo+V+Cb)/5)+((Ni+Cu)/15)

I hereby certify that the contents of this report are accurate and correct. All test results and operations performed by the material manufacturer are in compliance with material specifications, and when designated by the Purchaser, meet applicable specifications.
 **END

Bruce A. Work
 Metallurgist
 Quality Control



CMC STEEL ALABAMA
101 S 50TH STREET
BIRMINGHAM AL 35212-3525

1SERIES-BPS®

CERTIFIED MILL TEST REPORT
For additional copies call
800-637-3227

We hereby certify that the test results presented here
are accurate and conform to the reported grade specification

Marcus W. McCluney
Signature

Marcus W. McCluney - CMC Steel AL
Quality Assurance Manager

HEAT NO.: 1066214 SECTION: ANG 5 X 5x1/2 40'0" A36/52950 GRADE: ASTM A36-19/A529-14 Gr 50 ROLL DATE: 05/13/2020 MELT DATE: 05/06/2020 Cert. No.: 83120220 / 066214B693	S Intsel Steel Distributors LP O L 11310 W Little York Rd D Houston TX US 77041-4917 T 7139379500 O 7136977335	S Intsel Steel Distributors LP H I 11310 W Little York Rd P Houston TX US 77041-4917 T 7139379500 O 7136977335	Delivery#: 83120220 BOL#: 73632492 CUST PO#: WLY-24914 CUST P/N: DLVRY LBS / HEAT: 29160.000 LB DLVRY PCS / HEAT: 45 EA
---	--	--	--

Characteristic	Value	Characteristic	Value	Characteristic	Value
C	0.16%	Elongation test 1	24%		The Following are the Certifications represented by this MTR: *Material is fully killed *100% melted and rolled in the USA *EN10204:2004 3.1 compliant *Contains no weld repair *Contains no Mercury contamination *Manufactured in accordance with the latest version of the plant quality manual *Meets the "Buy America" requirements of 23 CFR635.410, 49 CFR 661 *Warning: This product can expose you to chemicals which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov
Mn	0.78%	Elongation Gage Lgth test 1	8IN		
P	0.012%	Yield to tensile ratio test1	0.71		
S	0.020%	Yield Strength test 2	55.5ksi		
Si	0.17%	Tensile Strength test 2	79.2ksi		
Cu	0.38%	Elongation test 2	25%		
Cr	0.15%	Elongation Gage Lgth test 2	8IN		
Ni	0.17%	Yield to tensile ratio test2	0.70		
Mo	0.063%				
V	0.004%				
Cb	0.013%				
Sn	0.014%				
B	0.0002%				
Ti	0.001%				
N	0.0102%				
Carbon Eq A6	0.37%	Yield Strength test 1	55.8ksi		
Carbon Eq A529	0.40%	Tensile Strength test 1	78.5ksi		

REMARKS : HOT ROLLED CARBON STEEL
ALSO MEETS ASTM GRADE A36 REV 08, A572-50, A709-36, A709-50, A992, AASHTO GRADE M270-36, M270-50, CSA G40.21-04 GRADE 44W, 50W, ASME SA-36 2008A ADDEND A.

Atlas Tube Corp. Chicago
 1855 East 122nd Street
 Chicago Illinois USA
 60633
 Tel: 773-646-4500
 Fax: 773-646-6128



REF.B/L: 80953811
 Date: 05/28/2020
 Customer: 192

MATERIAL TEST REPORT

Sold To
 Triple S Steel Supply
 PO Box 21119
 HOUSTON TX 77026
 USA

Shipped To
 Intsel Steel Distributors
 11310 West Little York
 HOUSTON TX 77041
 USA

Material:	12.0x12.0x250x40"10"0(2x2).													Material No:	120120250		Made in:	USA	
Sales Order:	1511242													Purchase Order:	WLY-24700		Melted in:	USA	
Heat No	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Al	Cu	Cb	Mo	Ni	Cr	V	Ti	B	N	Ca			
12018040	0.170	0.740	0.014	0.001	0.040	0.028	0.080	0.001	0.010	0.040	0.060	0.002	0.002	0.0000	0.0060	0.0020			
Bundle No	PCs	Yield	Tensile	Eln.2in	Certification	CE: 0.32													
M901147005	4	051167 Psi	068242 Psi	34 %	ASTM A500-18 GRADE B&C														
Heat	MILL	Mill Location	Method	Recycled Content	Post Consumer	Pre-Consumer (Post Industrial)	% Harvested	Within Miles of Location											
12018040	SDI	Butler,IN	EAF	89.00%	80.00%	9.00 %	99%	500											
Material Note:																			
Sales Or. Note:																			

Material:	5.0x4.0x250x40"0"0(4x3).													Material No:	500402504000		Made in:	USA	
Sales Order:	1521364													Purchase Order:	WLY-24808		Melted in:	USA	
Heat No	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Al	Cu	Cb	Mo	Ni	Cr	V	Ti	B	N	Ca			
T85152	0.200	0.780	0.011	0.007	0.013	0.039	0.020	0.004	0.007	0.010	0.040	0.001	0.001	0.0001	0.0050	0.0000			
Bundle No	PCs	Yield	Tensile	Eln.2in	Certification	CE: 0.34													
M800949735	12	056331 Psi	075165 Psi	32 %	ASTM A500-18 GRADE B&C														
Heat	MILL	Mill Location	Method	Recycled Content	Post Consumer	Pre-Consumer (Post Industrial)	% Harvested	Within Miles of Location											
T85152	USSTEEL	GARY,IN	BOF	36.90%	19.80%	14.40%	100%	500											
Material Note:																			
Sales Or. Note:																			

Authorized by Quality Assurance: *Jean Richard*

The results reported on this report represent the actual attributes of the material furnished and indicate full compliance with all applicable specification and contract requirements. CE calculated using the AWS D1.1 method.



TR No. 0-7019-R1

91

2021-02-03



CERTIFICATE OF TESTING IPSCO TUBULARS INC

Certificate Number: **365273-1**
Tuesday, June 9, 2020, 3:10:58 PM

Bill of Lading: **64998**

Size: 4.000 X 3.000 in	Gage: 0.250 in	Grade: A500B	Mill Order No: 98174-07	Customer PO: WLY-24864
Specification: ASTM A500-18		Customer: INTSEL STEEL DISTRIBUTORS		Pieces: 12 Length: 40.00 (ft)
PRODUCT MEETS SPECIFICATION REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADES B AND C.				

Heat	Product ID	Test Type			Orientation				Width (in)		YS (psi)		TS (psi)		Elong%(2 in)		Y/T	
		Wgt (%)	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Cu	Ni	Cr	Mo	Sn	Al	V	Cb	Ti	B	CEQ
1297013	G-972C 1490795/	HEAT QUALIFIER			PIPE LPA				1.507		68000		73300		35.0		0.93	
Heat:		0.21	0.78	0.009	0.002	0.02	0.06	0.03	0.04	0.010	0.003	0.030	0.003	0.000	0.001	0.0000	0.36	

TPA - Transverse Pipe Axis
180° of Weld
LPA - Longitudinal Pipe Axis
90° of Weld
TWA - Transverse Weld Axis
FST - Full Section Testing
FBN - Full Body Normalized
Q&T - Quenched and Tempered
SR - Stress Relieved
form CRTR3001

Melted and Manufactured in the USA
EN 10204:2004 TYPE 3.1 CERT
No Weld Repair Performed On This Product

We certify that the product described above has been manufactured, sampled, inspected, and tested in accordance to the referenced specification. The product has been found to be in compliance with all requirements.

Joseph A Casey
QA Coordinator

Tuesday, June 9, 2020, 3:11:32 PM

MILL ADDRESS - 1201-R ST., GENEVA, NE 68361 | PHONE: (402) 759-4401

Atlas Tube Canada
 200 Clark St.
 Harrow Ontario Canada
 N0R 1G0
 Tel: 519-738-3541
 Fax: 519-738-3537



REF. B/L: 80947699
 Date: 04/21/2020
 Customer: 1746

MATERIAL TEST REPORT

Sold To
 Service Steel Warehouse Co. L.P.
 PO Box 9607
 HOUSTON TX 77213
 USA

Shipped To
 Service Steel Warehouse Co., L.P.
 8415 Clinton Drive
 HOUSTON TX 77029
 USA

Material:	5.0x4.0x250x48'0"0(3x3).		Material No:	500402504800		Made in:	Canada									
Sales Order:	1509929		Purchase Order:	SSW111808		Melted in:	Canada									
Heat No	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Al	Cu	Cb	Mo	Ni	Cr	V	Ti	B	N	Ca
796873	0.190	0.820	0.011	0.007	0.018	0.057	0.032	0.005	0.003	0.010	0.034	0.002	0.002	0.0002	0.0030	0.0002
<u>Bundle No</u>	<u>PCs</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Tensile</u>	<u>Eln.Zin</u>	<u>Certification</u>		CE: 0.34									
M101976258	9	059433 Psi	071028 Psi	32.8 %	ASTM A500-18 GRADE B&C											
<u>Heat</u>	<u>MILL</u>	<u>MILL Location</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Recycled Content</u>	<u>Post Consumer</u>	<u>Pre-Consumer (Post Industrial)</u>	<u>% Harvested</u>	<u>Within Miles of Location</u>								
796873	STELCO	Nanticoke,ON	BOF	36.90%	19.80%	14.40%	100%	1000								
Material Note:																
Sales Or. Note:																

Material:	8.0x8.0x500x48'0"0(2x2).		Material No:	800805004800		Made in:	Canada									
Sales Order:	1510221		Purchase Order:	SSW111808		Melted in:	Canada									
Heat No	C	Mn	P	S	Si	Al	Cu	Cb	Mo	Ni	Cr	V	Ti	B	N	Ca
796965	0.190	0.800	0.009	0.009	0.014	0.036	0.061	0.004	0.008	0.029	0.056	0.002	0.002	0.0002	0.0040	0.0002
<u>Bundle No</u>	<u>PCs</u>	<u>Yield</u>	<u>Tensile</u>	<u>Eln.Zin</u>	<u>Certification</u>		CE: 0.34									
M201432243	4	059342 Psi	068356 Psi	36.0 %	ASTM A500-18 GRADE B&C											
<u>Heat</u>	<u>MILL</u>	<u>MILL Location</u>	<u>Method</u>	<u>Recycled Content</u>	<u>Post Consumer</u>	<u>Pre-Consumer (Post Industrial)</u>	<u>% Harvested</u>	<u>Within Miles of Location</u>								
796965	STELCO	Nanticoke,ON	BOF	36.90%	19.80%	14.40%	100%	1000								
Material Note:																
Sales Or. Note:																

Authorized by Quality Assurance: *Jason Richard*

The results reported on this report represent the actual attributes of the material furnished and indicate full compliance with all applicable specification and contract requirements. CE calculated using the AWS D1.1 method.



Date: 7/17/2020 To: CUSTOM FABRICATORS & REPAIRS SO#: A619356 Ln#: 1 PO#: PO-00399 Part: T0500402548* Qty: 2
 Heat#: 796873* Tag: C02071520 Page: 2 of 5

23Jan20 1:48 TEST CERTIFICATE No: CHI 241525

NUCOR TUBULAR PRODUCTS INC. P/O No SSW110608
6226 W. 74TH STREET Rel
CHICAGO, IL 60638 S/O No CHI 300023-001
Tel: 708-496-0380 Fax: 708-563-1950 B/L No CHI 180587-001 Shp 23Jan20
Inv No Inv

Sold To: (2734) Ship To: (1)
SERVICE STEEL WAREHOUSE CO., L.P. SERVICE STEEL WAREHOUSE CO.
PO BOX 9607 8415 CLINTON DRIVE
HOUSTON, TX 77213 HOUSTON, TX 77029

Tel: 713-675-2631 Fax: 713 672-7559

CERTIFICATE of ANALYSIS and TESTS

Cert. No: CHI 241525
16Jan20

Part No
TUBING A500 GRADE B(C)
5" X 4" X 1/4" X 40'

Pcs Wgt
16 8,902

* DOMESTIC STEEL M&M *

Heat Number Tag No
C92384 564038

Pcs Wgt
16 8,902

YLD=63791/TEN=67647/ELG=32.08

Heat Number
C92384

*** Chemical Analysis ***
C=0.0500 Mn=0.3900 P=0.0090 S=0.0030 Si=0.0300 Al=0.0300
Cu=0.1800 Cr=0.0800 Mo=0.0200 V=0.0030 Ni=0.0900 Nb=0.0120
Sn=0.0080 N=0.0072 B=0.0001 Ti=0.0020 Ca=0.0020
MELTED AND MANUFACTURED IN THE USA

WE PROUDLY MANUFACTURE ALL OUR PRODUCTS IN THE USA
NUCOR TUBULAR PRODUCTS ARE MANUFACTURED, TESTED
AND INSPECTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM STANDARDS.
MATERIAL IDENTIFIED AS A500 GRADE B(C) MEETS BOTH
ASTM A500 GRADE B AND A500 GRADE C SPECIFICATIONS.

CURRENT STANDARDS:

A252-10
A500/A500M-18
A513/A513M-15
ASTM A53/A53M-12 | ASME SA-53/SA-53M-13
A847/A847M-14
A1085/A1085M-15
IN COMPLIANCE WITH EN 10204 SECTION 4.1
INSPECTION CERTIFICATE TYPE 3.1

Table C.1. Summary of Strong Soil Test Results for Establishing Installation Procedure.

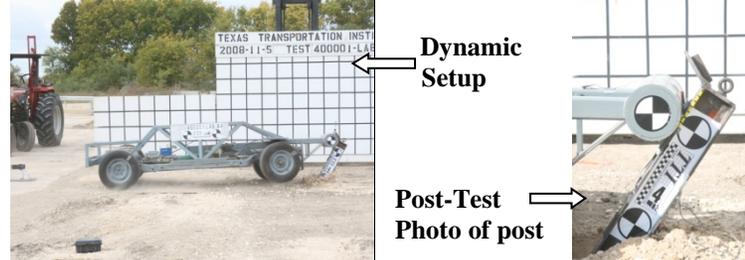
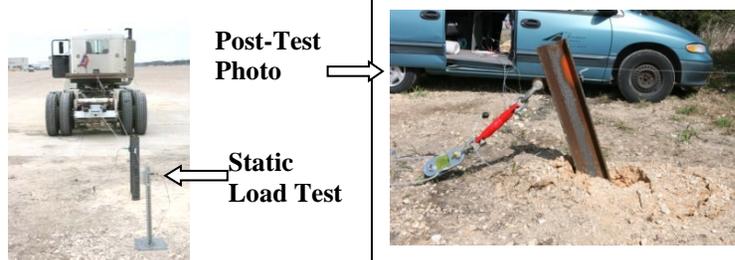
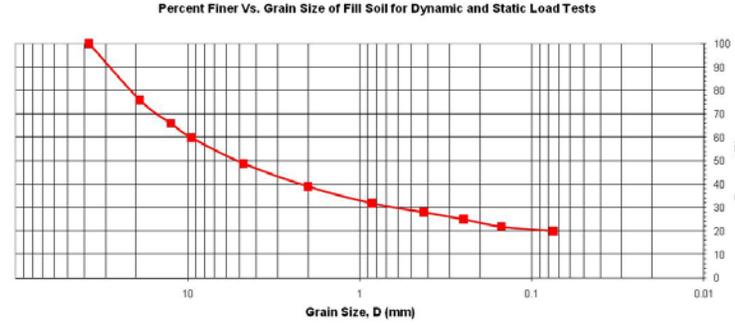
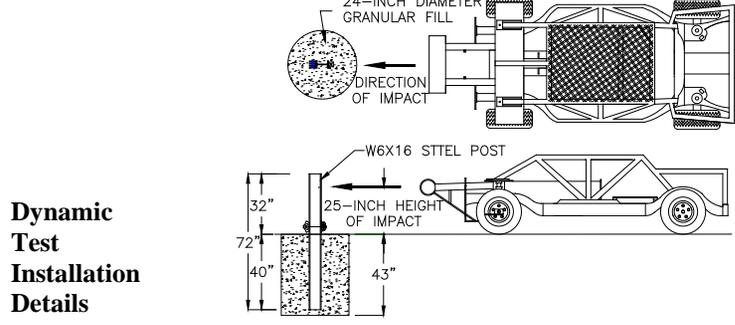
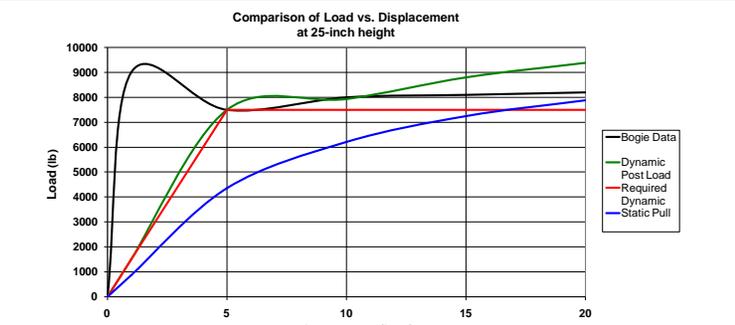
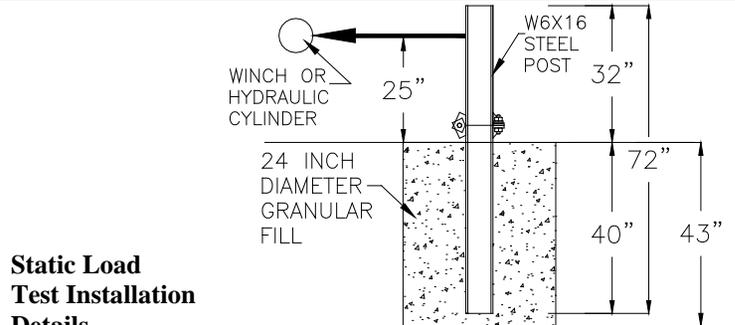
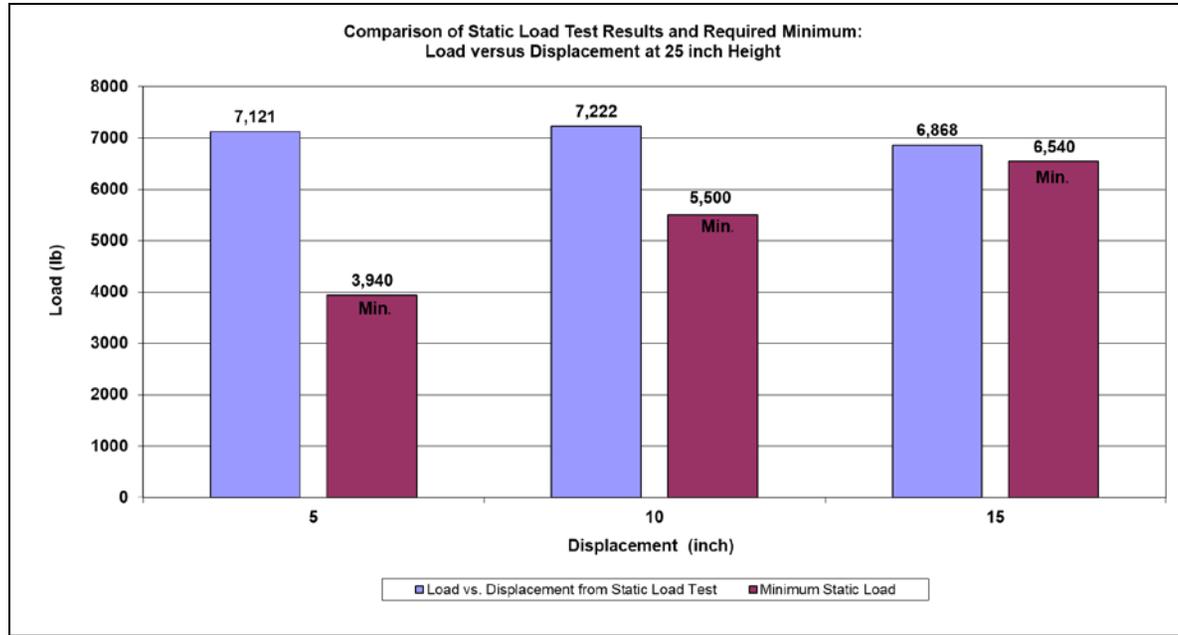
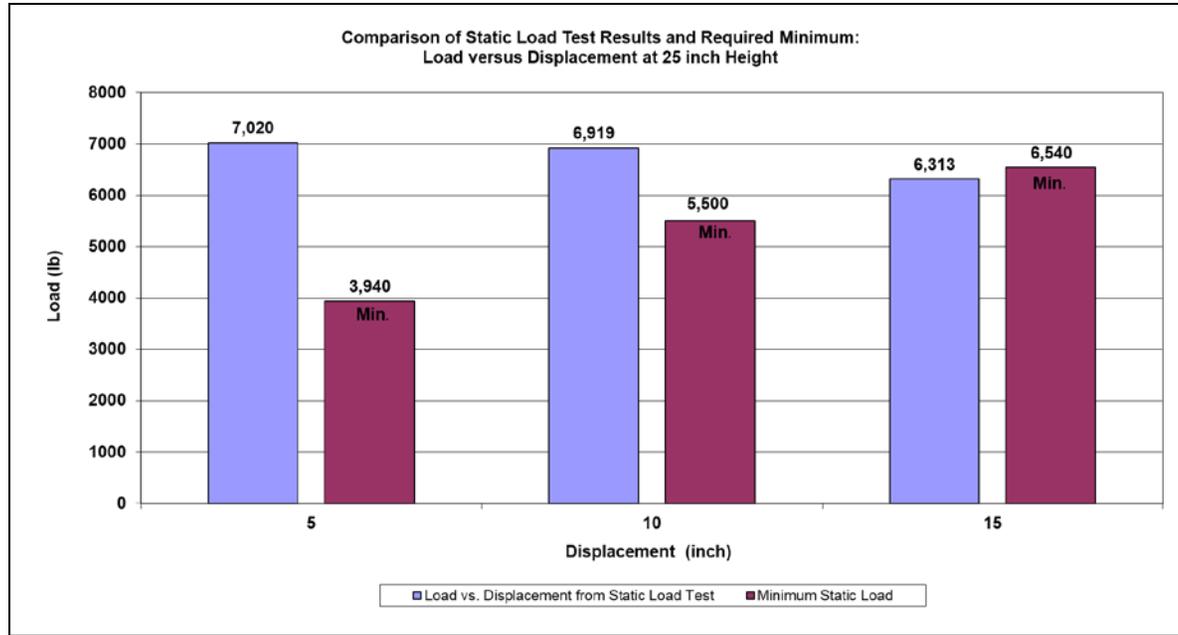
 <p>Dynamic Setup</p> <p>Post-Test Photo of post</p>	 <p>Post-Test Photo</p> <p>Static Load Test</p>
 <p>Percent Finer Vs. Grain Size of Fill Soil for Dynamic and Static Load Tests</p>	 <p>Dynamic Test Installation Details</p>
 <p>Comparison of Load vs. Displacement at 25-inch height</p>	 <p>Static Load Test Installation Details</p>
<p>Date</p> <p>Test Facility and Site Location</p> <p>In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)</p> <p>Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and sieve analysis</p> <p>Description of Fill Placement Procedure</p> <p>Bogie Weight</p> <p>Impact Velocity</p>	<p>2008-11-05</p> <p>TTI Proving Ground, 3100 SH 47, Bryan, TX 77807</p> <p>Sandy gravel with silty fines</p> <p>AASHTO M147 Grade B Soil-Aggregate (see sieve analysis above)</p> <p>6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor</p> <p>5009 lb</p> <p>20.5 mph</p>

Table C.2. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 440190-01-1.



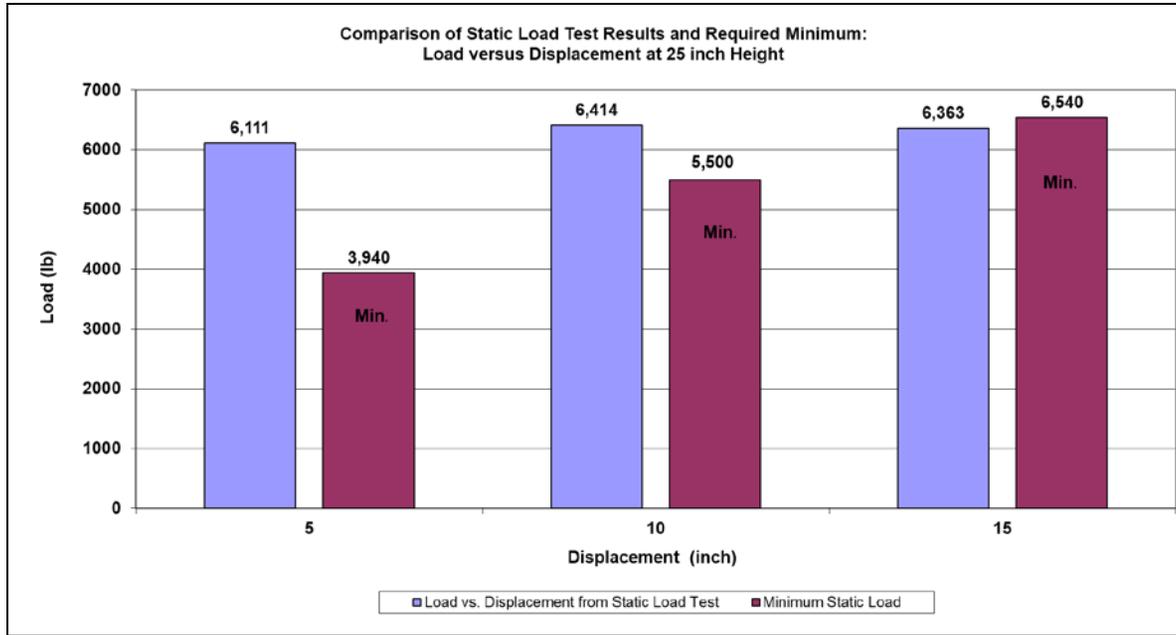
Date	<u>2020-09-30 for Test No. 440190-01-1</u>
Test Facility and Site Location	<u>TTI Proving Ground—3100 SH 47, Bryan, Tx</u>
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	<u>Sandy gravel with silty fines</u>
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and Sieve Analysis	<u>AASHTO M147 Grade B Soil-Aggregate</u>
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	<u>6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor</u>

Table C.3. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 440190-01-3.



Date	<u>2020-10-15 for Test No. 440190-01-3</u>
Test Facility and Site Location	<u>TTI Proving Ground—3100 SH 47, Bryan, Tx</u>
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	<u>Sandy gravel with silty fines</u>
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and Sieve Analysis .	<u>AASHTO M147 Grade B Soil-Aggregate</u>
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	<u>6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor</u>

Table C.4. Test Day Static Soil Strength Documentation for Test No. 440190-01-2.



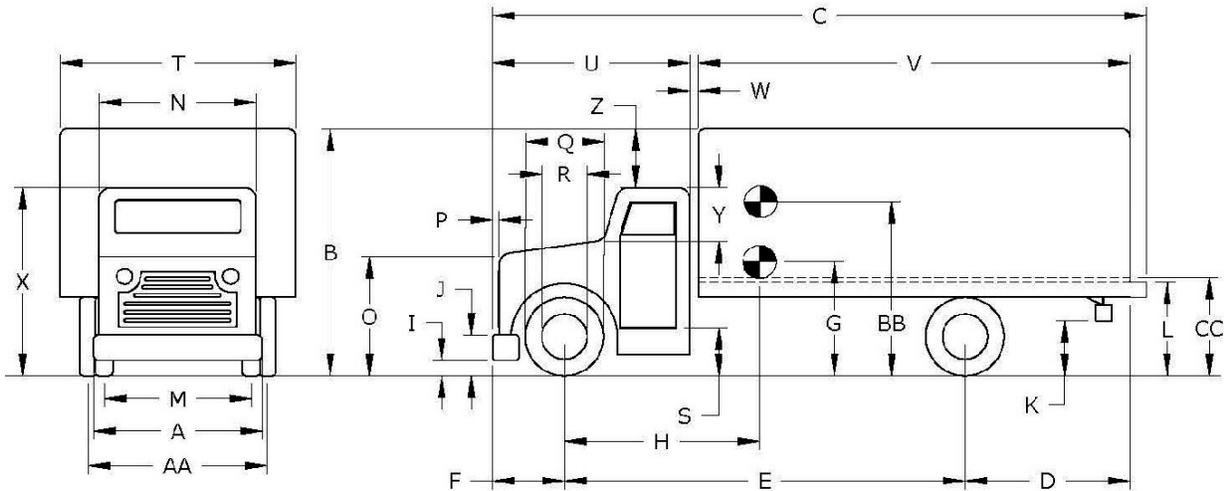
Date	<u>2020-10-20 for Test No. 440190-2</u>
Test Facility and Site Location	<u>TTI Proving Ground—3100 SH 47, Bryan, Tx</u>
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D2487)	<u>Sandy gravel with silty fines</u>
Fill Material Description (ASTM D2487) and Sieve Analysis .	<u>AASHTO M147 Grade B Soil-Aggregate</u>
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	<u>6-inch lifts tamped with a pneumatic compactor</u>

APPENDIX D. MASH TEST 4-12 (CRASH TEST NO. 440190-01-1)

D.1. VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

Table D.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 440190-01-1.

Date: <u>2020-9-30</u>	Test No.: <u>440190-01-1</u>	VIN No.: <u>3HAMMAANXCL148133</u>	
Year: <u>2012</u>	Make: <u>INTERNATIONAL</u>	Model: <u>4300</u>	
Odometer: <u>163956</u>	Tire Size Front: <u>275/80R22.5</u>	Tire Size Rear: <u>275/80R22.5</u>	



Vehicle Geometry:		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> inches	or	<input type="checkbox"/> mm				
A	Front Bumper Width:	<u>92.50</u>	K	Rear Bumper Bottom:		U	Cab Length:	<u>106.00</u>
B	Overall Height:	<u>134.00</u>	L	Rear Frame Top:	<u>38.00</u>	V	Trailer/Box Length:	<u>223.00</u>
C	Overall Length:	<u>329.70</u>	M	Front Track Width:	<u>80.00</u>	W	Gap Width:	<u>1.25</u>
D	Rear Overhang:	<u>83.00</u>	N	Roof Width:	<u>71.00</u>	X	Overall Front Height:	<u>98.50</u>
E	Wheel Base:	<u>206.70</u>	O	Hood Height:	<u>58.50</u>	Y	Roof-Hood Distance:	<u>30.00</u>
F	Front Overhang:	<u>40.00</u>	P	Bumper Extension:		Z	Roof-Box Height Difference:	<u>35.50</u>
G	C.G. Height:		Q	Front Tire Width:	<u>39.00</u>	AA	Rear Track Width:	<u>73.00</u>
H	C.G. Horizontal Dist. w/Ballast:	<u>125.50</u>	R	Front Wheel Width:	<u>23.50</u>	BB	Ballast Center of Mass:	<u>62.80</u>
I	Front Bumper Bottom:	<u>18.25</u>	S	Bottom Door Height:	<u>37.00</u>	CC	Cargo Bed Height:	<u>51.00</u>
J	Front Bumper Top:	<u>33.25</u>	T	Overall Width:	<u>96.00</u>			
Allowable Range: C = 394 inches max.; E = 240 inches max.; CC = 49 ±2 inches; BB = 63 ±2 inches above ground;								
	Wheel Center Height Front	<u>19.00</u>		Wheel Well Clearance (Front)	<u>9.00</u>		Bottom Frame Height (Front)	<u>25.50</u>
	Wheel Center Height Rear	<u>19.00</u>		Wheel Well Clearance (Rear)	<u>3.00</u>		Bottom Frame Height (Rear)	<u>27.50</u>

Table D.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 440190-01-1 (Continued).

Date: 2020-9-30 Test No.: 440190-01-1 VIN No.: 3HAMMAANXCL148133
 Year: 2012 Make: INTERNATIONAL Model: 4300

WEIGHTS (<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> lb or <input type="checkbox"/> kg)	CURB	TEST INERTIAL
W _{front axle}	<u>7240</u>	<u>8750</u>
W _{rear axle}	<u>6220</u>	<u>13540</u>
W _{TOTAL}	<u>13460</u>	<u>22290</u>

Allowable Range for CURB = 13,200 ±2200 lb | Allowable Range for TIM = 22,046 ±660 lb

Ballast: 8830 (lb or kg) (as-needed)
 (See MASH Section 4.2.1.2 for recommended ballasting)

Mass Distribution
 (lb or kg): LF: 4310 RF: 4440 LR: 6960 RR: 6580

Engine Type: DT Accelerometer Locations (inches or mm)
 Engine Size: 466 x¹ y z²

Transmission Type: Front: _____
 Auto or Manual Center: 125.50 0 50.00
 FWD RWD 4WD Rear: 255.00 0 50.00

Describe any damage to the vehicle prior to test: None

Other notes to include ballast type, dimensions, mass, location, center of mass, and method of attachment:

Two blocks 30 inches high x 60 inches wide x 30 inches long
Centered in middle of cargo bed
62.8 inches from ground to center of block
Tied down with four 5/16-inch cables per block

Performed by: SCD Date: 2020-9-30

¹ Referenced to the front axle
² Above ground

D.2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS



0.000 s



0.250 s



0.500 s



0.750 s



Figure D.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-1 (Overhead and Frontal Views).



1.000 s



1.250 s



1.500 s



1.750 s



Figure D.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-1 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



1.000 s



0.250 s



1.250 s



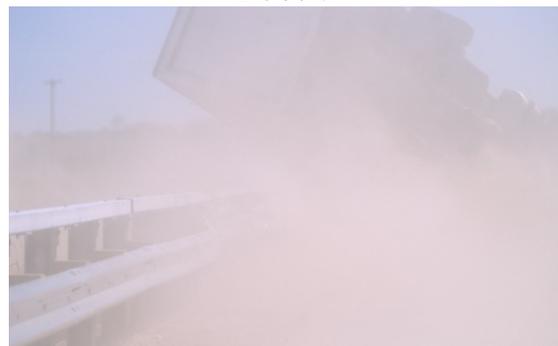
0.500 s



1.500 s

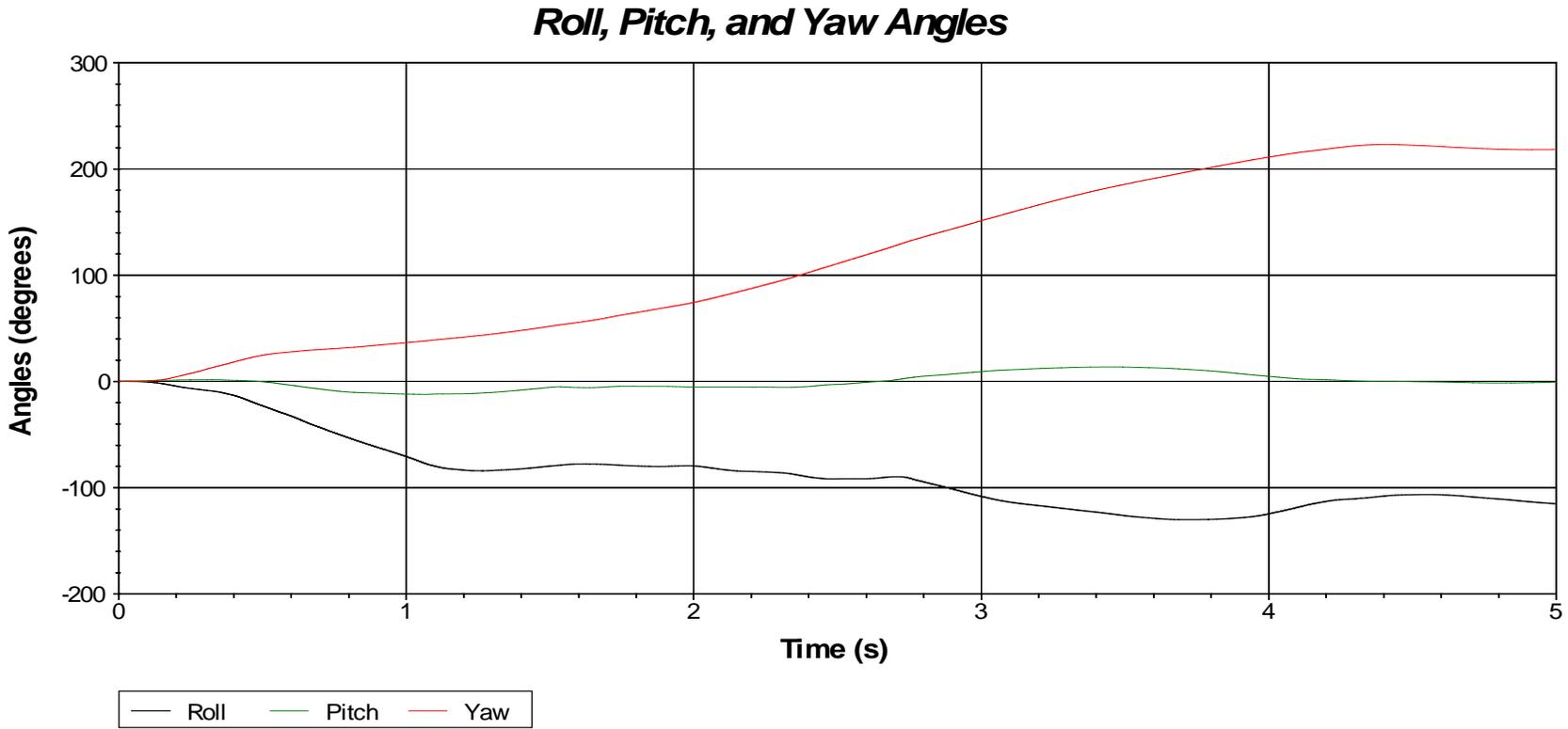


0.750 s



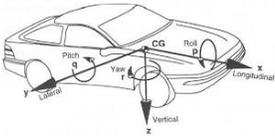
1.750 s

Figure D.2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-1 (Rear View).



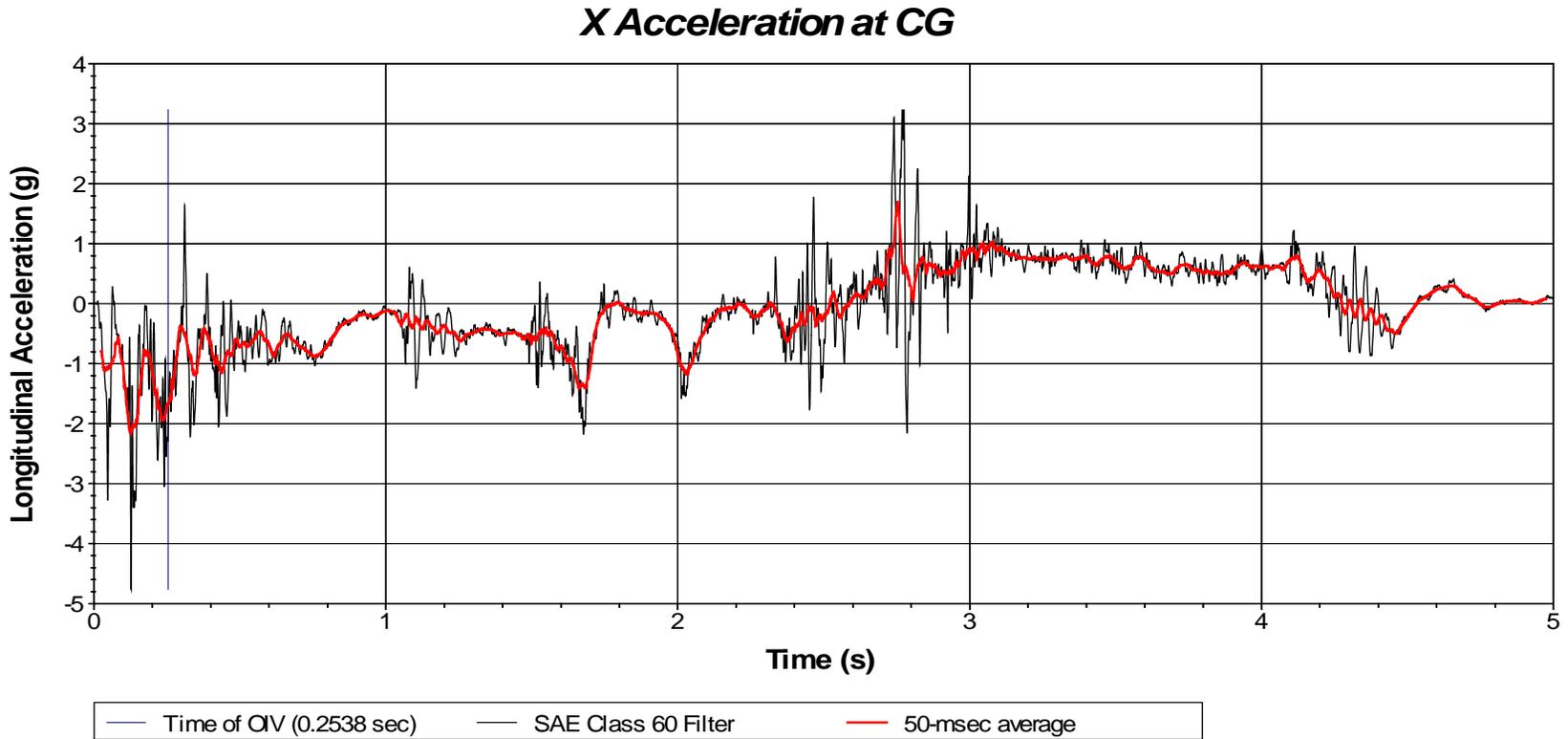
Axes are vehicle-fixed.
Sequence for determining orientation:

1. Yaw.
2. Pitch.
3. Roll.



Test Number: 440190-01-1
 Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-12
 Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2012 International 4300 Single Unit Truck
 Inertial Mass: 22,290 lb
 Gross Mass: 22,290 lb
 Impact Speed: 58.6 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 15.0°

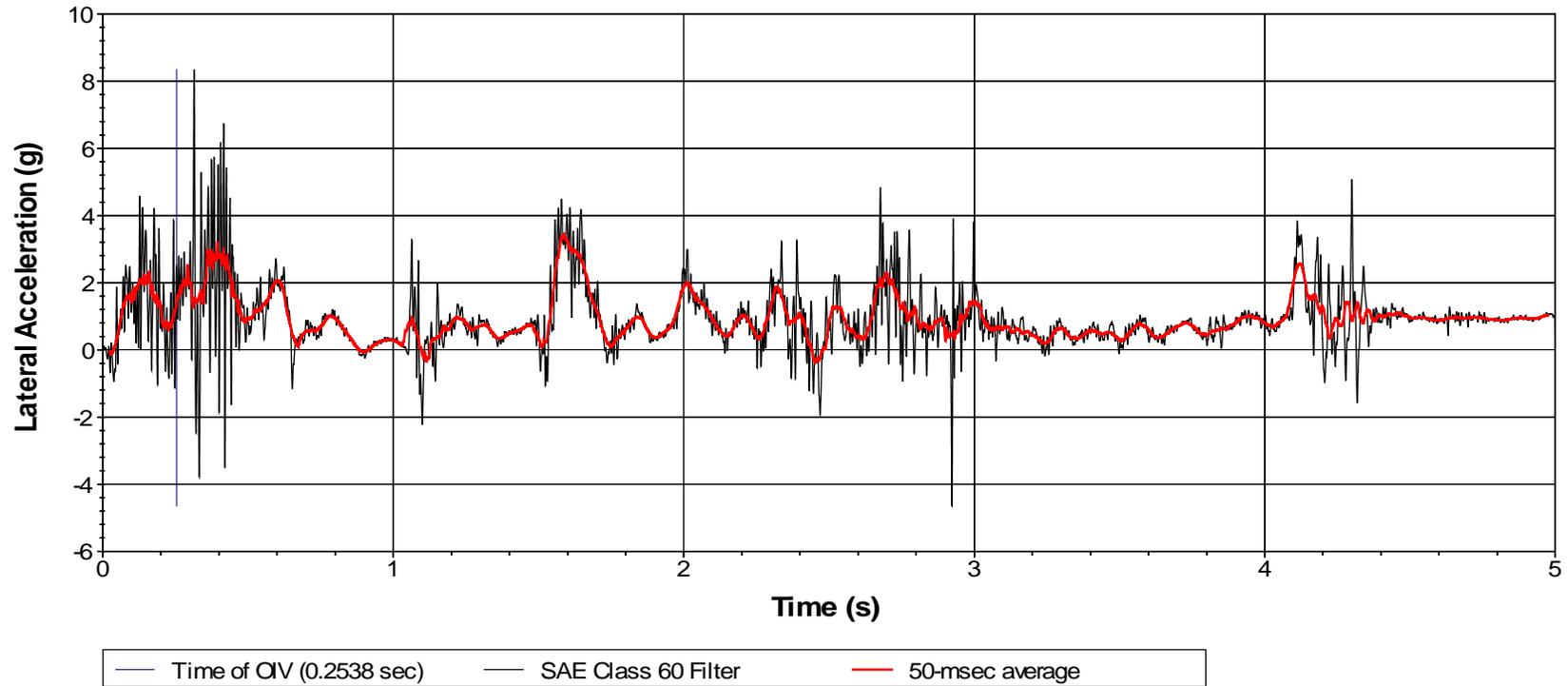
Figure D.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 440190-01-1.



Test Number: 440190-01-1
 Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-12
 Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2012 International 4300 Single Unit Truck
 Inertial Mass: 22,290 lb
 Gross Mass: 22,290 lb
 Impact Speed: 58.6 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 15.0°

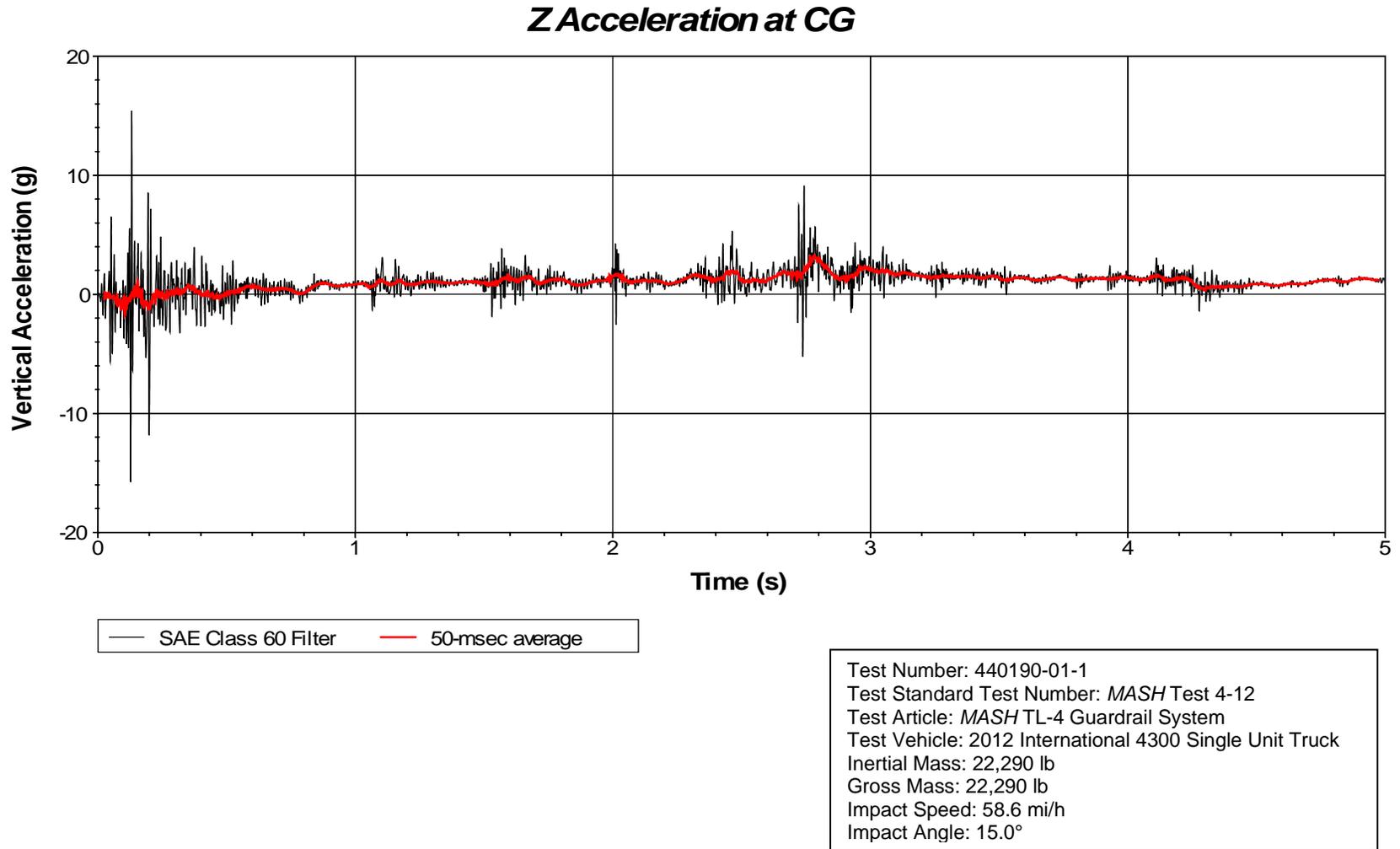
**Figure D.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-1
(Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).**

Y Acceleration at CG



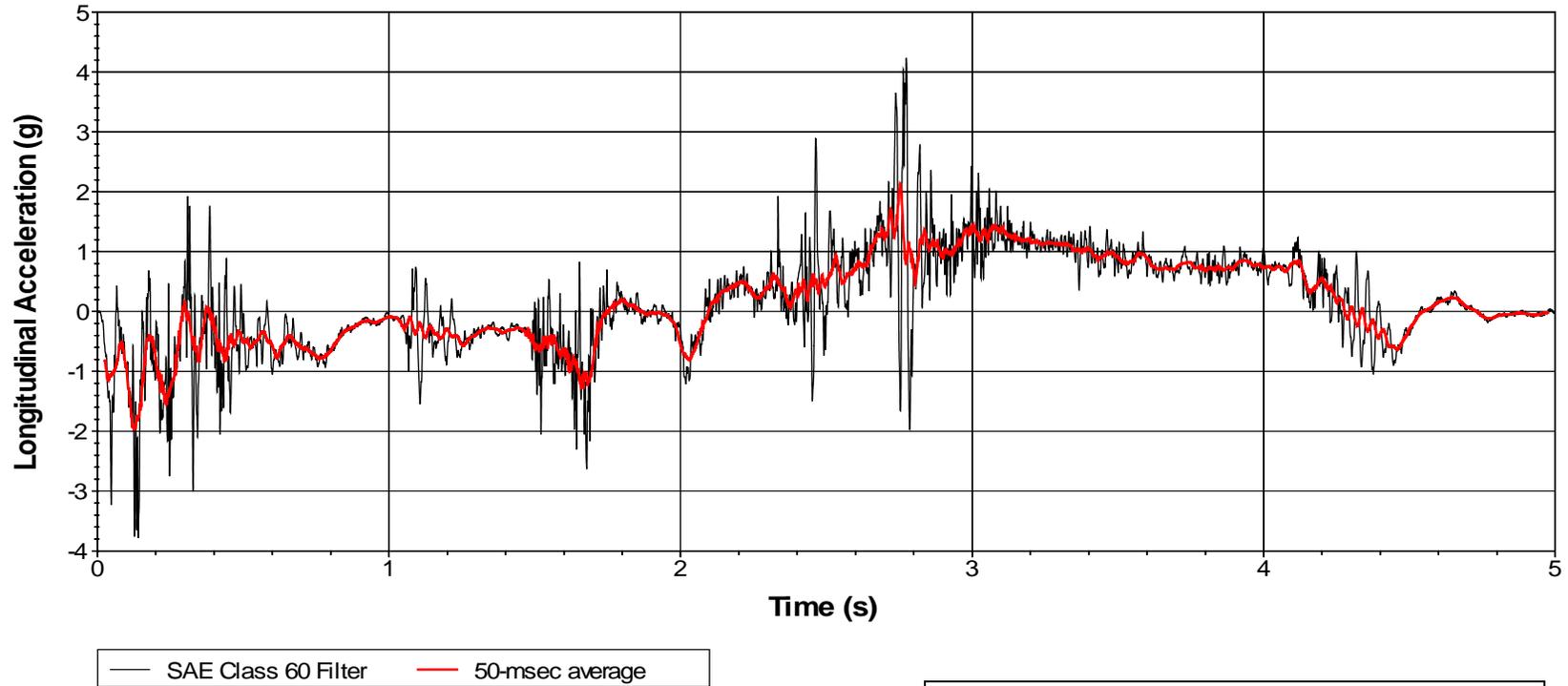
Test Number: 440190-01-1
 Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-12
 Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2012 International 4300 Single Unit Truck
 Inertial Mass: 22,290 lb
 Gross Mass: 22,290 lb
 Impact Speed: 58.6 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 15.0°

Figure D.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



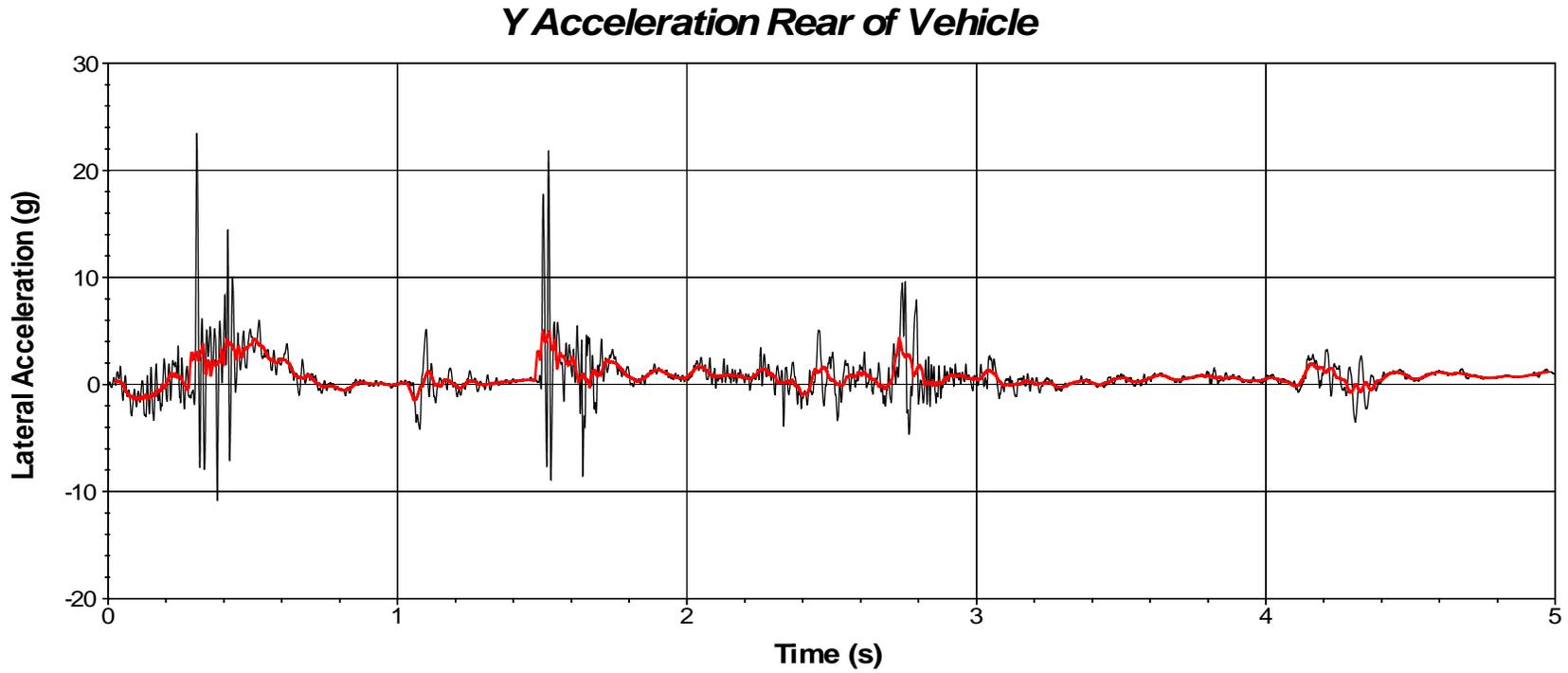
**Figure D.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-1
(Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).**

X Acceleration Rear of Vehicle



Test Number: 440190-01-1
 Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-12
 Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2012 International 4300 Single Unit Truck
 Inertial Mass: 22,290 lb
 Gross Mass: 22,290 lb
 Impact Speed: 58.6 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 15.0°

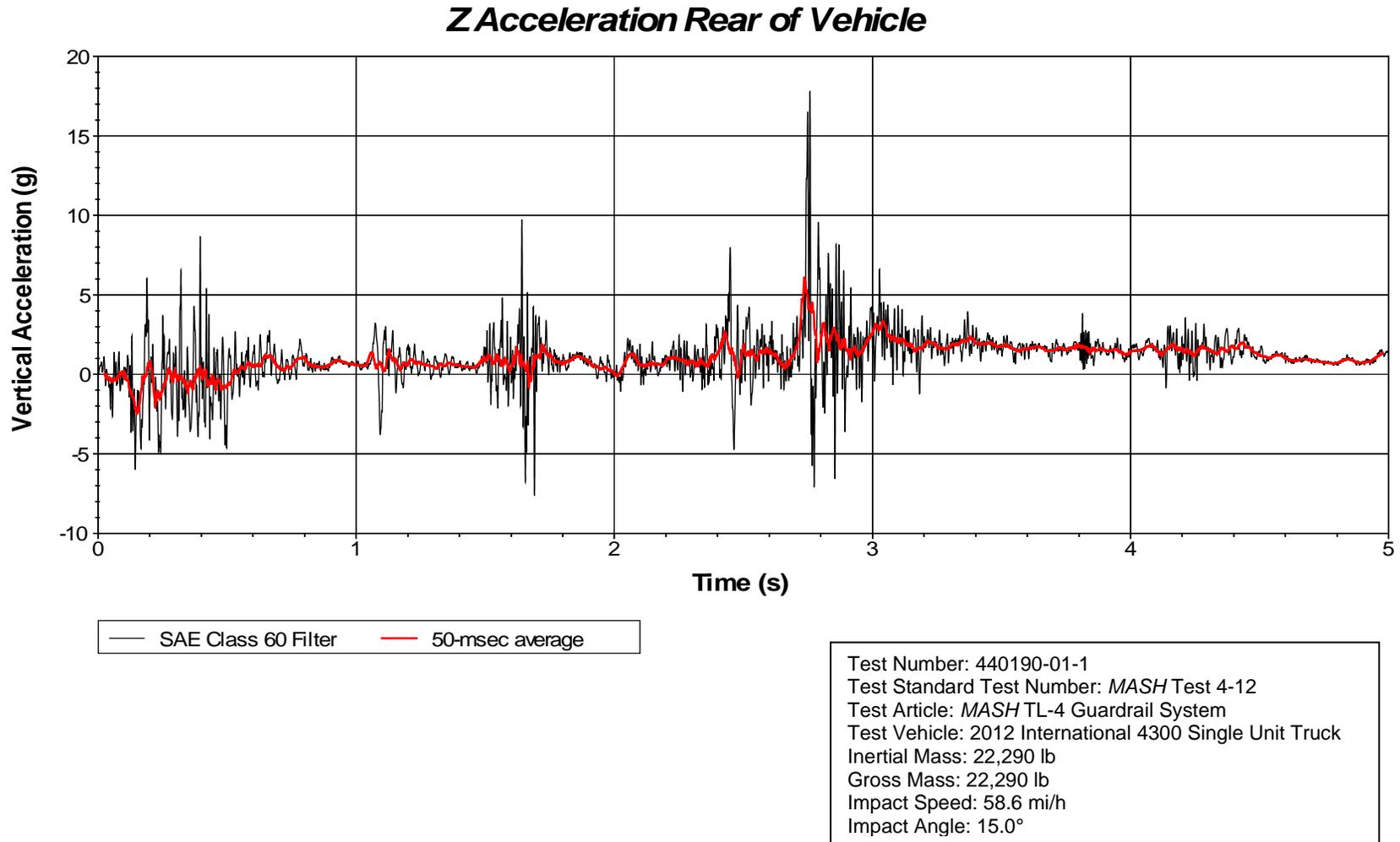
Figure D.7. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-1 (Accelerometer Located at Rear of Vehicle).



— SAE Class 60 Filter — 50-msec average

Test Number: 440190-01-1
 Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-12
 Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2012 International 4300 Single Unit Truck
 Inertial Mass: 22,290 lb
 Gross Mass: 22,290 lb
 Impact Speed: 58.6 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 15.0°

**Figure D.8. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-1
(Accelerometer Located at Rear of Vehicle).**



**Figure D.9. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-1
 (Accelerometer Located at Rear of Vehicle).**

APPENDIX E. MASH TEST 4-10 (CRASH TEST NO. 440190-01-3)

E.1. VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

Table E.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 440190-01-3.

Date: 2020-10-15 Test No.: 440190-01-3 VIN No.: 3N1CN7AP4FL903320
 Year: 2015 Make: NISSAN Model: VERSA
 Tire Inflation Pressure: 36 PSI Odometer: 135324 Tire Size: P185/65R15

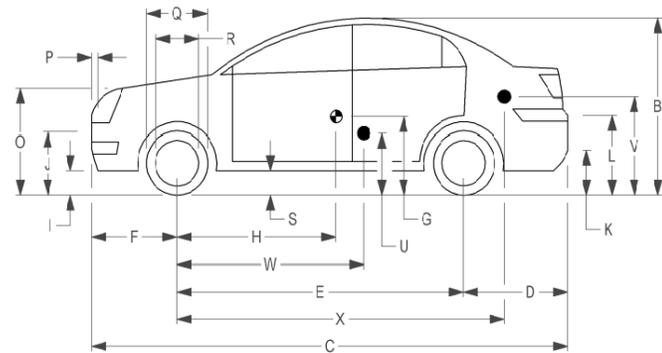
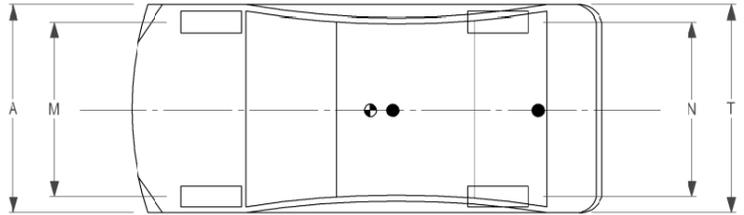
Describe any damage to the vehicle prior to test: None

• Denotes accelerometer location.

NOTES: None

Engine Type: 4 CYL
 Engine CID: 1.6 L
 Transmission Type:
 Auto or Manual
 FWD RWD 4WD
 Optional Equipment:
None

Dummy Data:
 Type: 50th Percentile Male
 Mass: 165 lb
 Seat Position: IMPACT SIDE



Geometry: inches

A <u>66.70</u>	F <u>32.50</u>	K <u>12.50</u>	P <u>4.50</u>	U <u>15.50</u>
B <u>59.60</u>	G _____	L <u>26.00</u>	Q <u>24.00</u>	V <u>21.25</u>
C <u>175.40</u>	H <u>41.07</u>	M <u>58.30</u>	R <u>16.25</u>	W <u>41.00</u>
D <u>40.50</u>	I <u>7.00</u>	N <u>58.50</u>	S <u>7.50</u>	X <u>79.75</u>
E <u>102.40</u>	J <u>22.25</u>	O <u>30.50</u>	T <u>64.50</u>	
Wheel Center Ht Front <u>11.50</u>	Wheel Center Ht Rear <u>11.50</u>	W-H <u>-0.07</u>		

RANGE LIMIT: A = 65 ±3 inches; C = 169 ±8 inches; E = 98 ±5 inches; F = 35 ±4 inches; H = 39 ±4 inches; O (Top of Radiator Support) = 28 ±4 inches
 (M+N)/2 = 59 ±2 inches; W-H < 2 inches or use MASH Paragraph A4.3.2

GVWR Ratings:	Mass: lb	Curb	Test Inertial	Gross Static
Front <u>1750</u>	M _{front} <u>1453</u>	<u>1453</u>	<u>1454</u>	<u>1539</u>
Back <u>1687</u>	M _{rear} <u>967</u>	<u>967</u>	<u>974</u>	<u>1054</u>
Total <u>3389</u>	M _{Total} <u>2420</u>	<u>2420</u>	<u>2428</u>	<u>2593</u>

Allowable TIM = 2420 lb ±55 lb | Allowable GSM = 2585 lb ± 55 lb

Mass Distribution:

lb LF: 762 RF: 692 LR: 468 RR: 506

Table E.2. Exterior Crush Measurements for Test No. 440190-01-3.

Date: 2020-10-15 Test No.: 440190-01-3 VIN No.: 3N1CN7AP4FL903320
 Year: 2015 Make: NISSAN Model: VERSA

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete When Applicable	
End Damage	Side Damage
Undeformed end width _____ Corner shift: A1 _____ A2 _____ End shift at frame (CDC) (check one) < 4 inches _____ ≥ 4 inches _____	Bowing: B1 _____ X1 _____ B2 _____ X2 _____ Bowing constant $\frac{X1 + X2}{2} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Note: Measure C₁ to C₆ from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts – Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Direct Damage		Field L**	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	±D
		Width*** (CDC)	Max**** Crush								
1	Front plane at bmp ht	18	12	24	-	-	-	-	-	-	-16
2	Side plane at bmp ht	18	10	48	-	-	-	-	-	-	55
	Measurements recorded										
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> inches or <input type="checkbox"/> mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

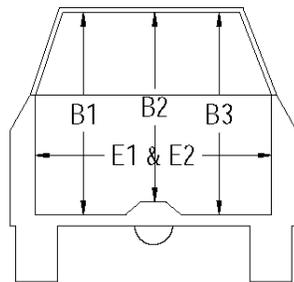
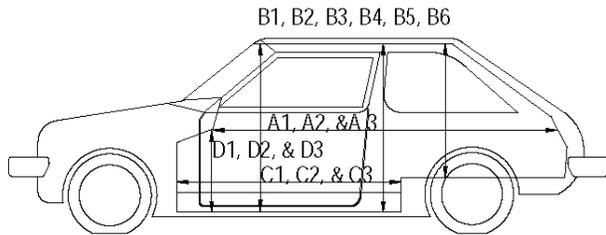
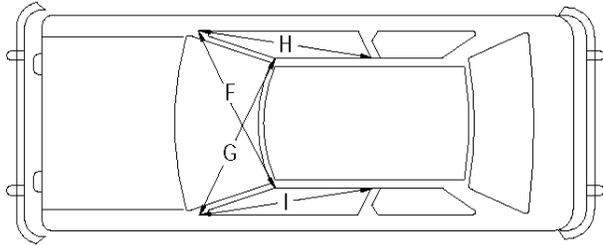
**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

Table E.3. Occupant Compartment Measurements for Test No. 440190-01-3.

Date: 2020-10-15 Test No.: 440190-01-3 VIN No.: 3N1CN7AP4FL903320
 Year: 2015 Make: NISSAN Model: VERSA



OCCUPANT COMPARTMENT DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT

	Before	After (inches)	Differ.
A1	75.00	75.00	0.00
A2	74.00	74.00	0.00
A3	74.00	74.00	0.00
B1	43.00	43.00	0.00
B2	37.00	37.00	0.00
B3	43.00	43.00	0.00
B4	46.50	46.50	0.00
B5	42.50	42.50	0.00
B6	46.50	46.50	0.00
C1	26.00	26.00	0.00
C2	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	26.00	26.00	0.00
D1	12.50	12.50	0.00
D2	0.00	0.00	0.00
D3	10.00	10.00	0.00
E1	48.00	45.25	-2.75
E2	48.75	50.75	2.00
F	47.50	47.50	0.00
G	47.50	47.50	0.00
H	39.00	39.00	0.00
I	39.00	39.00	0.00
J*	48.50	44.50	-4.00

*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kick panel to passenger's side kick panel.

E.2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS

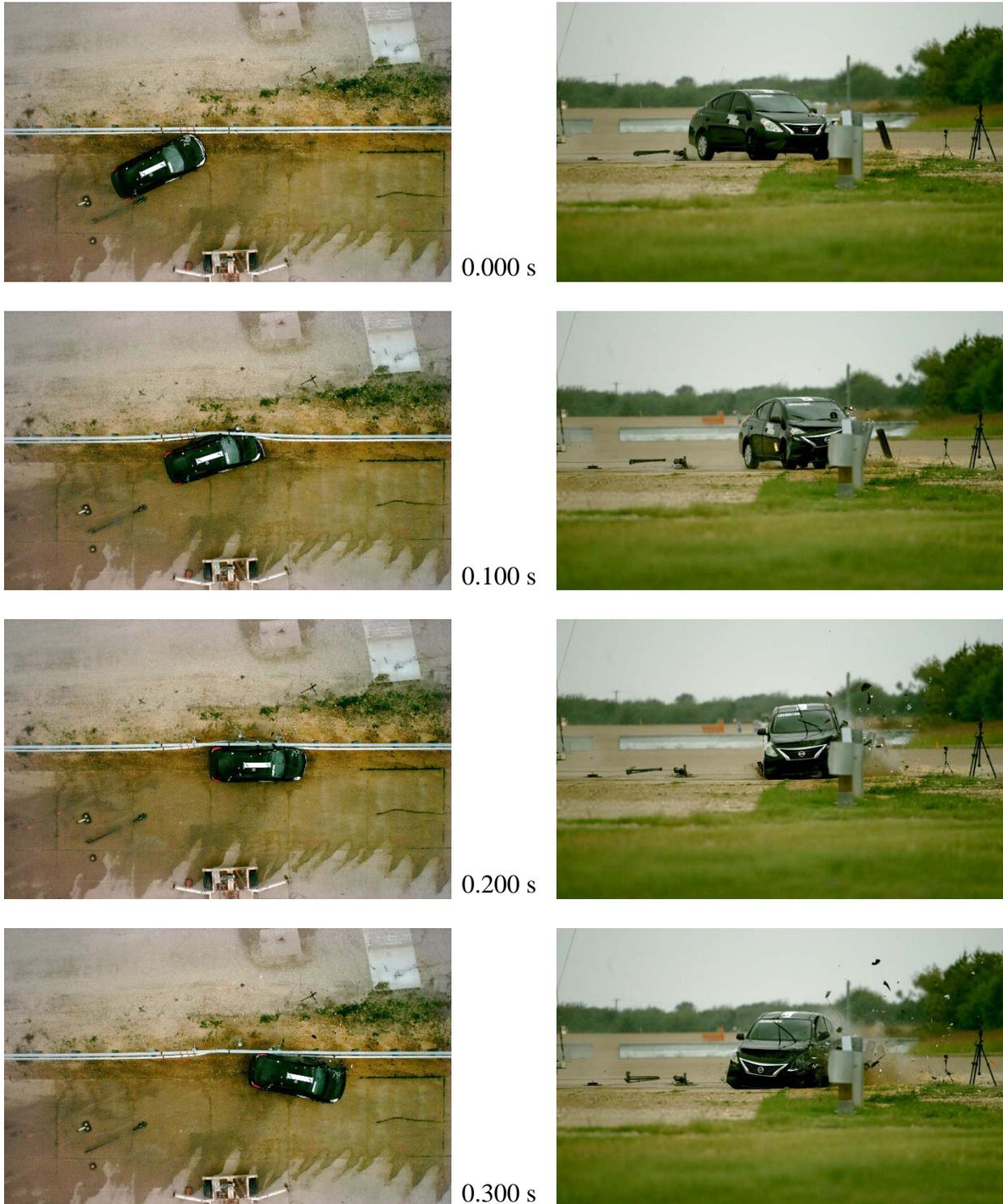


Figure E.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-3 (Overhead and Frontal Views).



0.400 s



0.500 s



0.600 s



0.700 s



Figure E.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-3 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



0.400 s



0.100 s



0.500 s



0.200 s



0.600 s



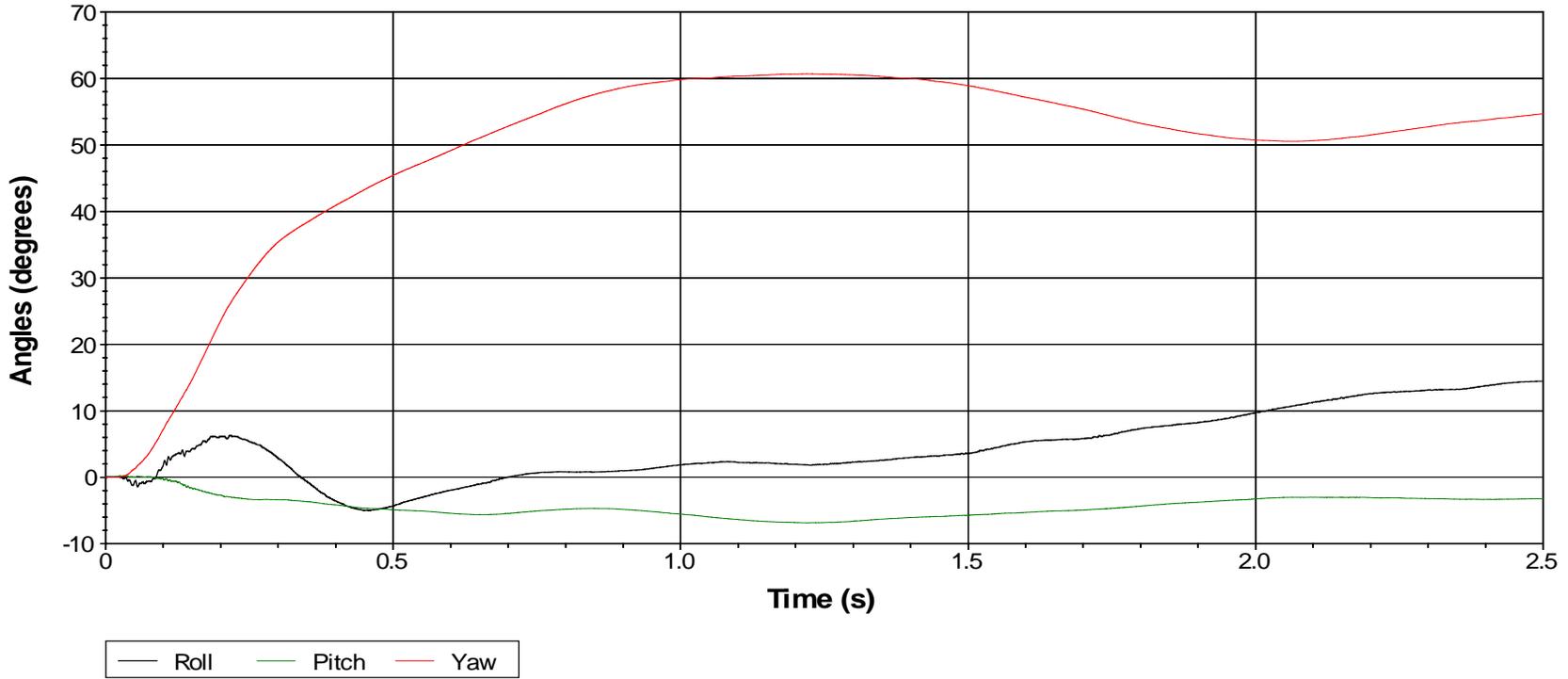
0.300 s



0.700 s

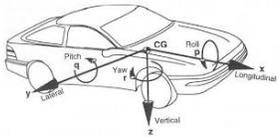
Figure E.2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-3 (Rear View).

Roll, Pitch and Yaw Angles



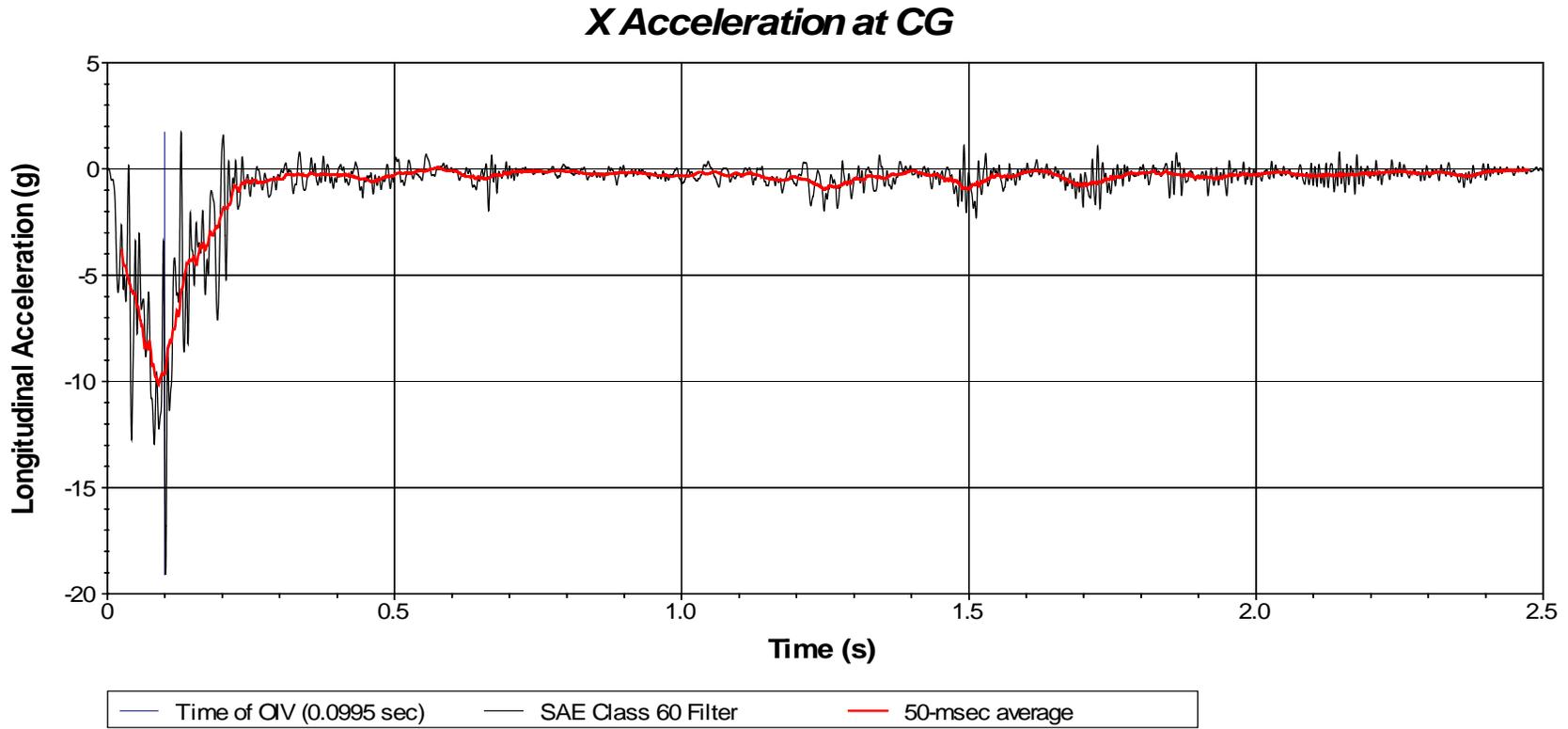
Axes are vehicle-fixed.
Sequence for determining orientation:

1. Yaw.
2. Pitch.
3. Roll.



Test Number: 440190-01-3
 Test Standard Test Number: MASH Test 4-10
 Test Article: MASH TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2015 Nissan Versa
 Inertial Mass: 2428 lb
 Gross Mass: 2593 lb
 Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 25.3°

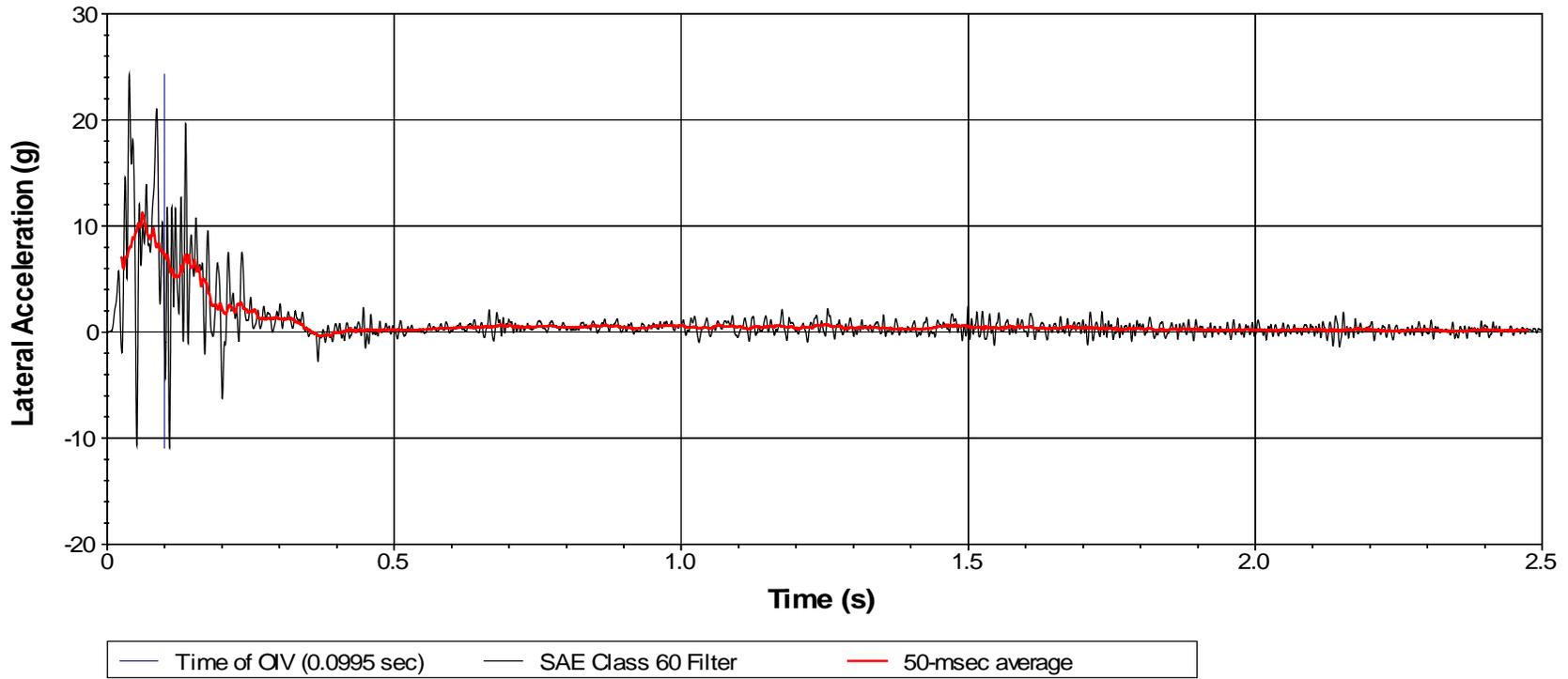
Figure E.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 440190-01-3.



Test Number: 440190-01-3
Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-10
Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
Test Vehicle: 2015 Nissan Versa
Inertial Mass: 2428 lb
Gross Mass: 2593 lb
Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
Impact Angle: 25.3°

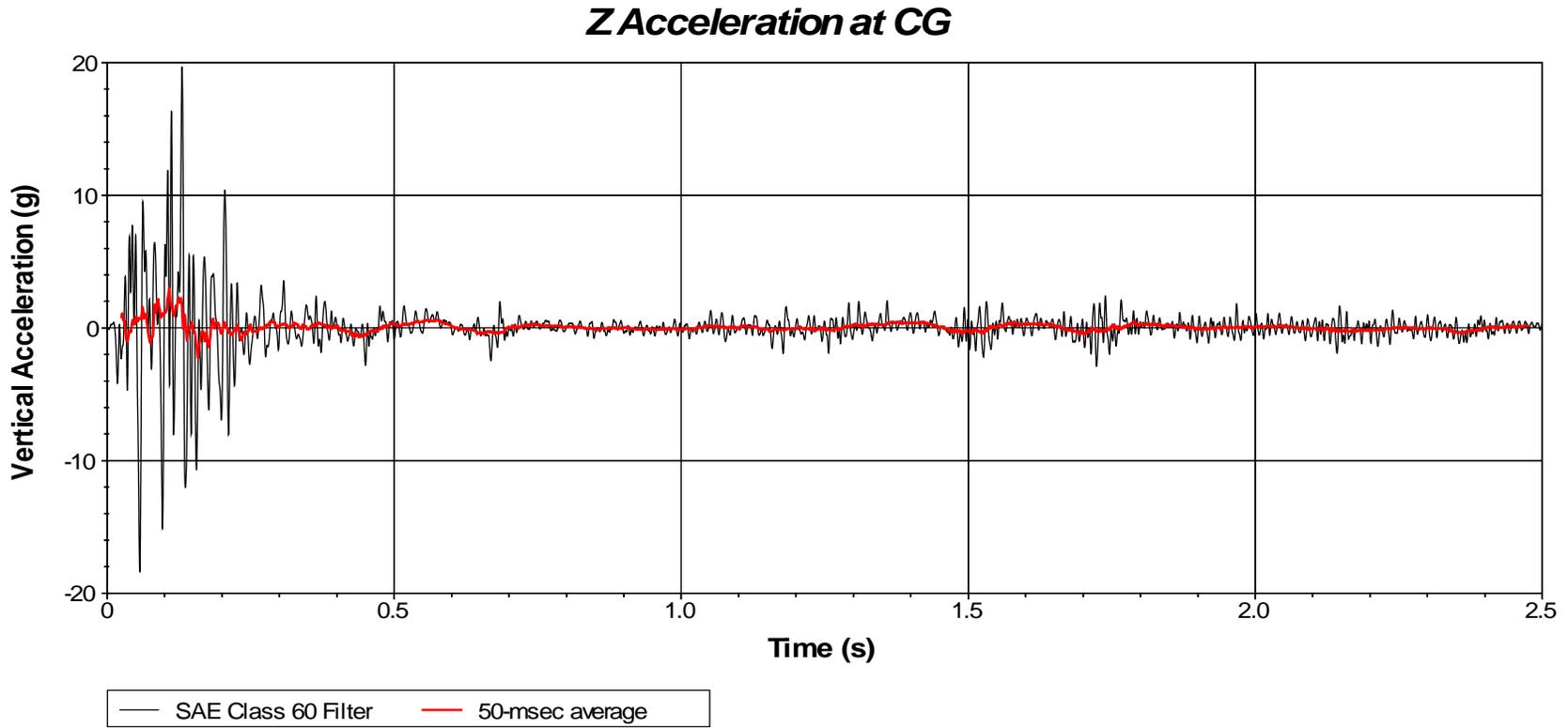
**Figure E.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-3
(Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).**

Y Acceleration at CG



Test Number: 440190-01-3
Test Standard Test Number: MASH Test 4-10
Test Article: MASH TL-4 Guardrail System
Test Vehicle: 2015 Nissan Versa
Inertial Mass: 2428 lb
Gross Mass: 2593 lb
Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
Impact Angle: 25.3°

Figure E.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-3 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



Test Number: 440190-01-3
Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-10
Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
Test Vehicle: 2015 Nissan Versa
Inertial Mass: 2428 lb
Gross Mass: 2593 lb
Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
Impact Angle: 25.3°

**Figure E.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-3
(Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).**

APPENDIX F. MASH TEST 4-11 (CRASH TEST NO. 440190-01-2)

F.1. VEHICLE PROPERTIES AND INFORMATION

Table F.1. Vehicle Properties for Test No. 440190-01-2.

Date: 2020-10-20 Test No.: 440191-01-2 VIN No.: 1C6RR6FT5GS382081
 Year: 2016 Make: RAM Model: 1500
 Tire Size: 265/70 R 17 Tire Inflation Pressure: 35 psi
 Tread Type: Highway Odometer: 106996
 Note any damage to the vehicle prior to test: None

• Denotes accelerometer location.

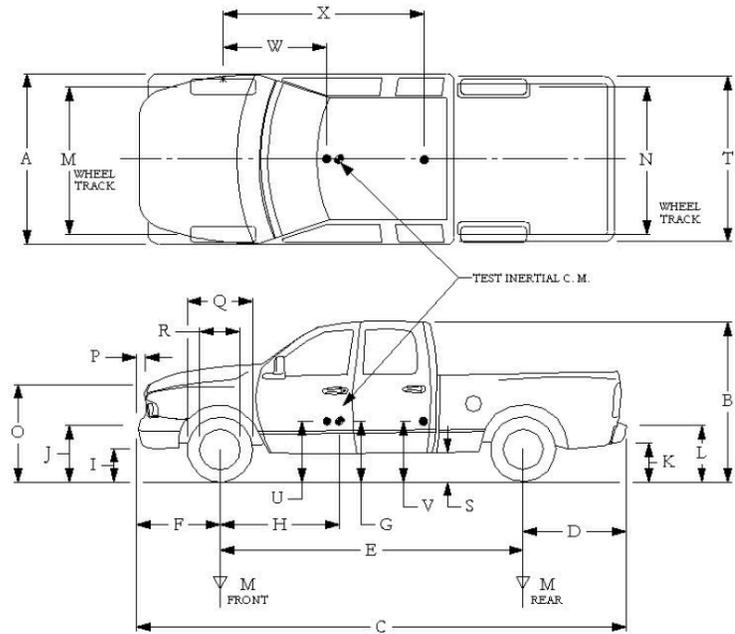
NOTES: None

Engine Type: V-8
 Engine CID: 5.7 L

Transmission Type:
 Auto or Manual
 FWD RWD 4WD

Optional Equipment:
None

Dummy Data:
 Type: 50th percentile male
 Mass: 165 lb
 Seat Position: IMPACT SIDE



Geometry: inches

A	<u>78.50</u>	F	<u>40.00</u>	K	<u>20.00</u>	P	<u>3.00</u>	U	<u>26.75</u>
B	<u>74.00</u>	G	<u>28.00</u>	L	<u>30.00</u>	Q	<u>30.50</u>	V	<u>30.25</u>
C	<u>227.50</u>	H	<u>60.59</u>	M	<u>68.50</u>	R	<u>18.00</u>	W	<u>60.60</u>
D	<u>44.00</u>	I	<u>11.75</u>	N	<u>68.00</u>	S	<u>13.00</u>	X	<u>79.00</u>
E	<u>140.50</u>	J	<u>27.00</u>	O	<u>46.00</u>	T	<u>77.00</u>		
Wheel Center Height Front	<u>14.75</u>	Wheel Well Clearance (Front)	<u>6.00</u>	Bottom Frame Height - Front	<u>12.50</u>				
Wheel Center Height Rear	<u>14.75</u>	Wheel Well Clearance (Rear)	<u>9.25</u>	Bottom Frame Height - Rear	<u>22.50</u>				

RANGE LIMIT: A=78 ±2 inches; C=237 ±13 inches; E=148 ±12 inches; F=39 ±3 inches; G = > 28 inches; H = 63 ±4 inches; O=43 ±4 inches; (M+N)/2=67 ±1.5 inches

GWWR Ratings:		Mass: lb	Curb	Test Inertial	Gross Static
Front	<u>3700</u>	M _{front}	<u>2971</u>	<u>2885</u>	<u>2970</u>
Back	<u>3900</u>	M _{rear}	<u>2071</u>	<u>2188</u>	<u>2268</u>
Total	<u>6700</u>	M _{Total}	<u>5042</u>	<u>5073</u>	<u>5238</u>

(Allowable Range for TIM and GSM = 5000 lb ±110 lb)

Mass Distribution:
 lb LF: 1438 RF: 1447 LR: 1128 RR: 1060

**Table F.2. Measurements of Vehicle Vertical Center of Gravity for
Test No. 440190-01-2.**

Date: 2020-10-20 Test No.: 440191-01-2 VIN: 1C6RR6FT5GS382081
 Year: 2016 Make: RAM Model: 1500
 Body Style: Quad Cab Mileage: 106996
 Engine: 5.7 L V-8 Transmission: Automatic
 Fuel Level: Empty Ballast: 130 (440 lb max)
 Tire Pressure: Front: 35 psi Rear: 35 psi Size: 265/70 R 17

Measured Vehicle Weights: (lb)			
LF:	1438	RF:	1447
Front Axle:		2885	
LR:	1128	RR:	1060
Rear Axle:		2188	
Left:	2566	Right:	2507
Total:		5073	
5000 ±110 lb allowed			
Wheel Base:	140.50 inches	Track: F:	68.50 inches
148 ±12 inches allowed		R:	68.00 inches
Track = (F+R)/2 = 67 ±1.5 inches allowed			
Center of Gravity, SAE J874 Suspension Method			
X:	60.60 inches	Rear of Front Axle	(63 ±4 inches allowed)
Y:	-0.40 inches	Left - Right +	of Vehicle Centerline
Z:	28 inches	Above Ground	(minumum 28.0 inches allowed)

Hood Height: 46.00 inches Front Bumper Height: 27.00 inches
 43 ±4 inches allowed

Front Overhang: 40.00 inches Rear Bumper Height: 30.00 inches
 39 ±3 inches allowed

Overall Length: 227.50 inches
 237 ±13 inches allowed

Table F.3. Exterior Crush Measurements for Test No. 440190-01-2.

Date: 2020-10-20 Test No.: 440191-01-2 VIN No.: 1C6RR6FT5GS382081
 Year: 2016 Make: RAM Model: 1500

VEHICLE CRUSH MEASUREMENT SHEET¹

Complete When Applicable	
End Damage	Side Damage
Undeformed end width _____	Bowing: B1 _____ X1 _____
Corner shift: A1 _____	B2 _____ X2 _____
A2 _____	
End shift at frame (CDC)	Bowing constant
(check one)	$\frac{X1 + X2}{2} =$ _____
< 4 inches _____	
≥ 4 inches _____	

Note: Measure C₁ to C₆ from Driver to Passenger Side in Front or Rear Impacts – Rear to Front in Side Impacts.

Specific Impact Number	Plane* of C-Measurements	Direct Damage		Field L***	C ₁	C ₂	C ₃	C ₄	C ₅	C ₆	±D
		Width** (CDC)	Max**** Crush								
1	Front plane at bmp ht	15	11	30	-	-	-	-	-	-	-8
2	Side plane at bmp ht	15	9.5	62	-	-	-	-	-	-	74
	Measurements recorded										
	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> inches or <input type="checkbox"/> mm										

¹Table taken from National Accident Sampling System (NASS).

*Identify the plane at which the C-measurements are taken (e.g., at bumper, above bumper, at sill, above sill, at beltline, etc.) or label adjustments (e.g., free space).

Free space value is defined as the distance between the baseline and the original body contour taken at the individual C locations. This may include the following: bumper lead, bumper taper, side protrusion, side taper, etc. Record the value for each C-measurement and maximum crush.

**Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the beginning or end of the direct damage width and field L (e.g., side damage with respect to undamaged axle).

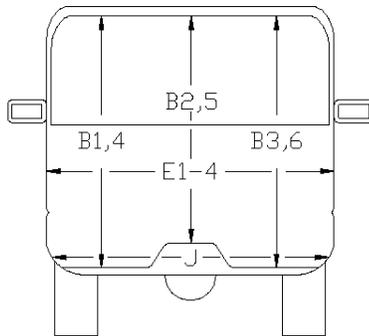
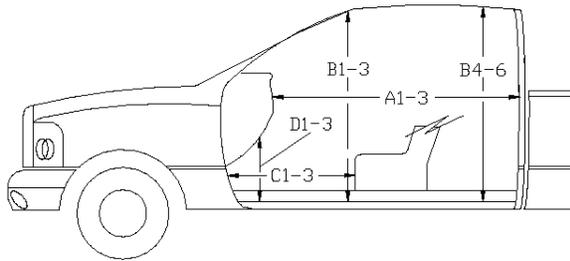
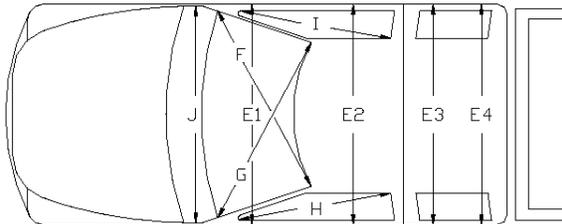
***Measure and document on the vehicle diagram the location of the maximum crush.

Note: Use as many lines/columns as necessary to describe each damage profile.

Table F.4. Occupant Compartment Measurements for Test No. 440190-01-2.

Date:	2020-10-20	Test No.:	440191-01-2	VIN No.:	1C6RR6FT5GS382081
Year:	2016	Make:	RAM	Model:	1500

OCCUPANT COMPARTMENT DEFORMATION MEASUREMENT



	Before	After (inches)	Differ.
A1	65.00	65.00	0.00
A2	63.00	63.00	0.00
A3	65.50	65.50	0.00
B1	45.00	45.00	0.00
B2	38.00	38.00	0.00
B3	45.00	45.00	0.00
B4	39.50	39.50	0.00
B5	43.00	43.00	0.00
B6	39.50	39.50	0.00
C1	26.00	25.50	-0.50
C2	0.00	0.00	0.00
C3	26.00	26.00	0.00
D1	11.00	11.00	0.00
D2	0.00	0.00	0.00
D3	11.50	11.50	0.00
E1	58.50	58.50	0.00
E2	63.50	64.00	0.50
E3	63.50	63.50	0.00
E4	63.50	63.50	0.00
F	59.00	59.00	0.00
G	59.00	59.00	0.00
H	37.50	37.50	0.00
I	37.50	37.50	0.00
J*	25.00	24.50	-0.50

*Lateral area across the cab from driver's side kickpanel to passenger's side kickpanel.

F.2. SEQUENTIAL PHOTOGRAPHS



0.000 s



0.100 s



0.200 s



0.300 s



Figure F.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views).



0.400 s



0.500 s



0.600 s



0.700 s



Figure F.1. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-2 (Overhead and Frontal Views) (Continued).



0.000 s



0.400 s



0.100 s



0.500 s



0.200 s



0.600 s

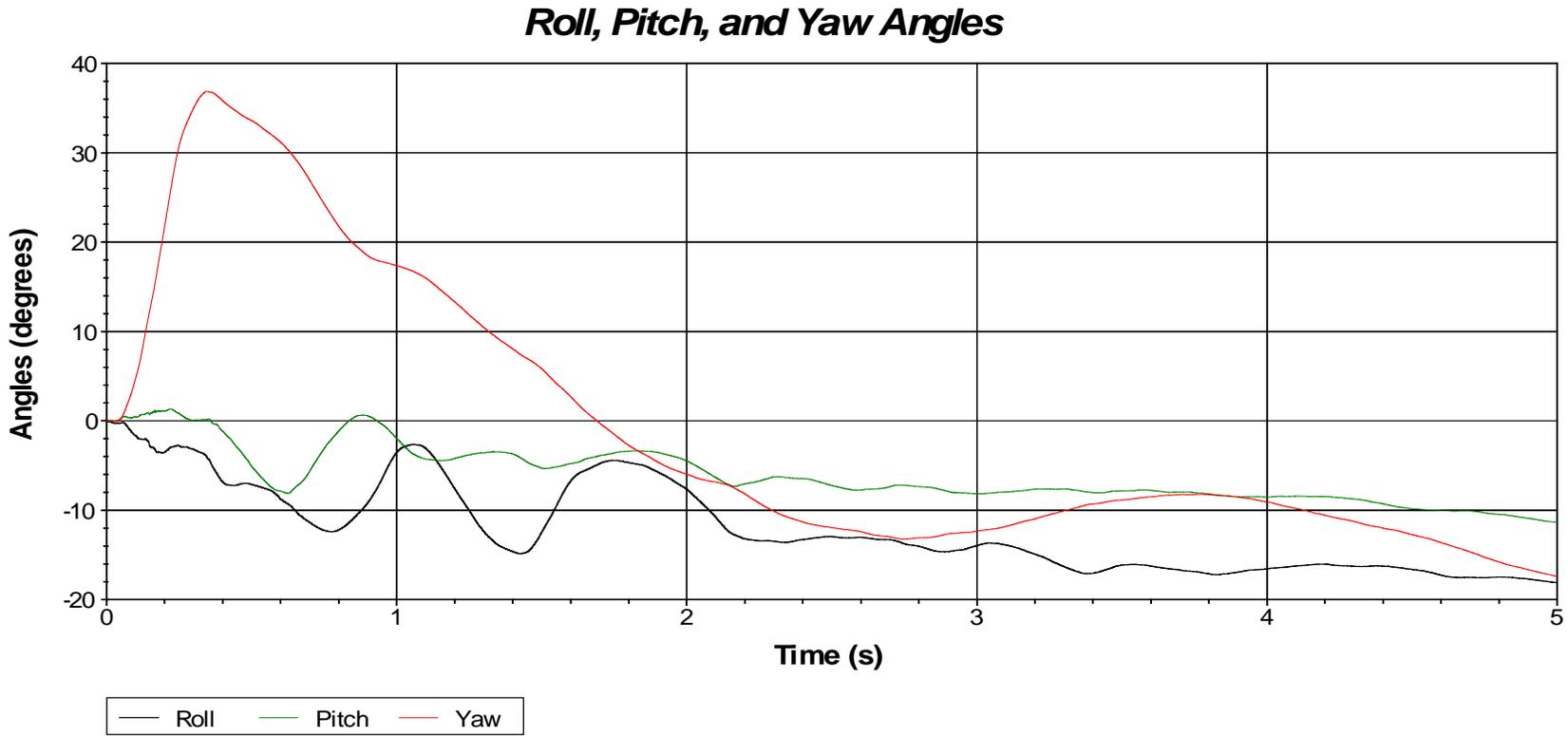


0.300 s



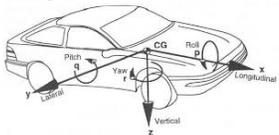
0.700 s

Figure F.2. Sequential Photographs for Test No. 440190-01-2 (Rear View).



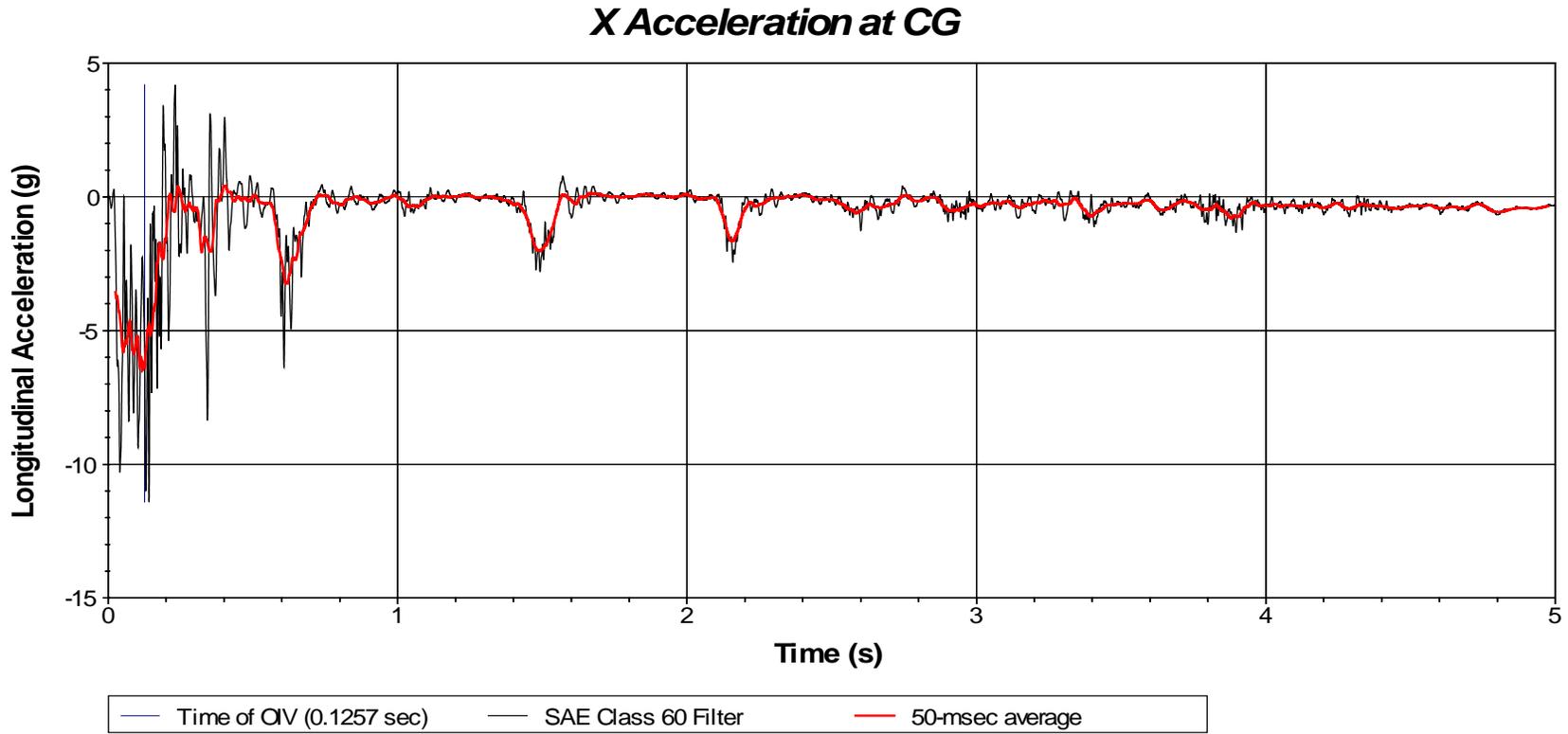
Axes are vehicle-fixed.
 Sequence for determining orientation:

1. Yaw.
2. Pitch.
3. Roll.



Test Number: 440190-01-2
 Test Standard Test Number: MASH Test 4-11
 Test Article: MASH TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2016 RAM 1500 Pickup
 Inertial Mass: 5073 lb
 Gross Mass: 5238 lb
 Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 25.0°

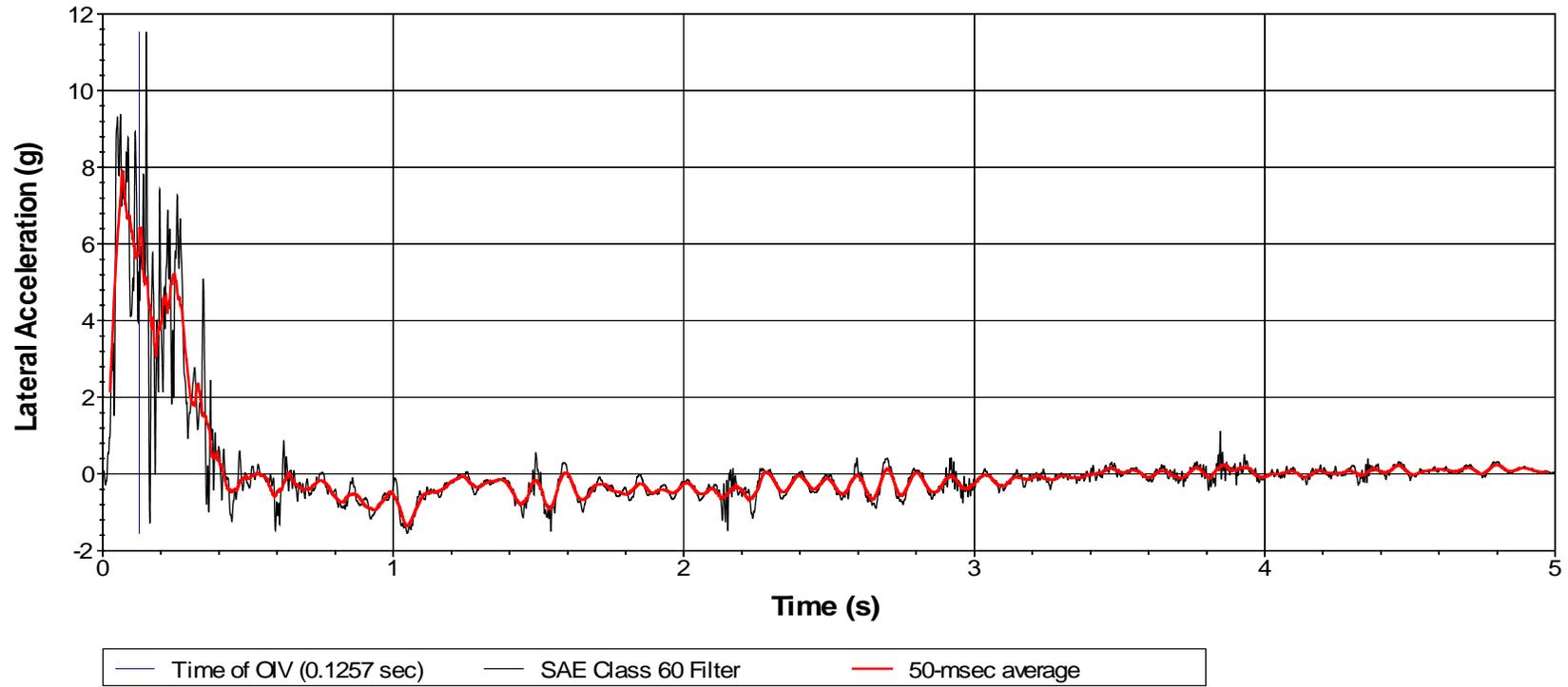
Figure F.3. Vehicle Angular Displacements for Test No. 440190-01-2.



Test Number: 440190-01-2
 Test Standard Test Number: *MASH* Test 4-11
 Test Article: *MASH* TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2016 RAM 1500 Pickup
 Inertial Mass: 5073 lb
 Gross Mass: 5238 lb
 Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 25.0°

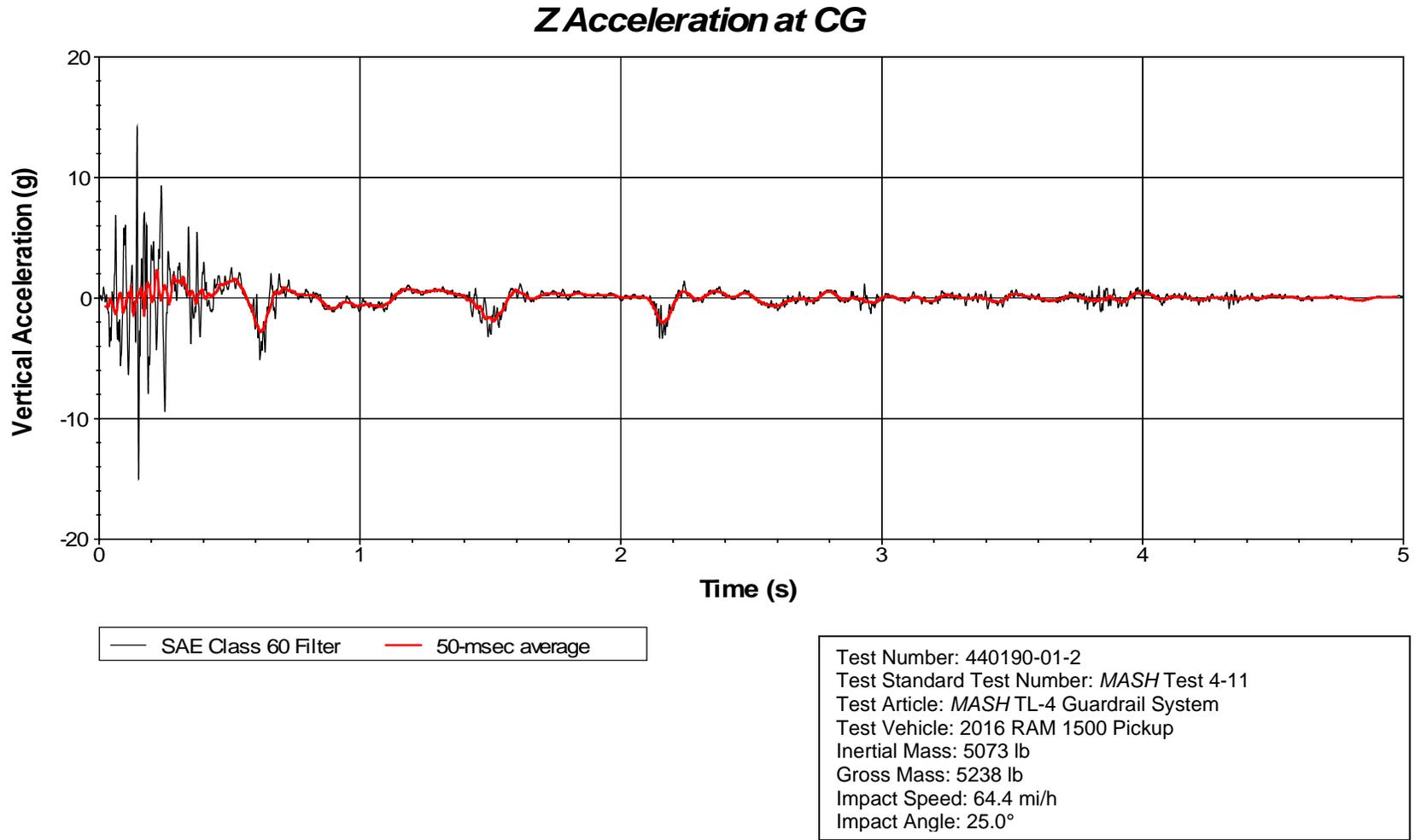
**Figure F.4. Vehicle Longitudinal Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-2
(Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).**

Y Acceleration at CG



Test Number: 440190-01-2
 Test Standard Test Number: MASH Test 4-11
 Test Article: MASH TL-4 Guardrail System
 Test Vehicle: 2016 RAM 1500 Pickup
 Inertial Mass: 5073 lb
 Gross Mass: 5238 lb
 Impact Speed: 64.4 mi/h
 Impact Angle: 25.0°

Figure F.5. Vehicle Lateral Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-2 (Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).



**Figure F.6. Vehicle Vertical Accelerometer Trace for Test No. 440190-01-2
(Accelerometer Located at Center of Gravity).**

APPENDIX G. VALUE OF RESEARCH

The estimated Value of Research (VOR) for this project is summarized in Figure G.1. The economic variables considered in developing the VOR, sources of these variables, and the description of economic based calculations used are described herein.

Data obtained from TxDOT's Crash Records Information System (CRIS) indicates that in years 2018 and 2019, a total of 144 crashes occurred across Texas where the highest crash injury severity was type K, indicating at least one fatality in the crash event. In obtaining the number of crashes, the researchers excluded any crashes that occurred on city roads, or on 'non-roadway' sites. Similarly, the researchers excluded any crashes that occurred on highways with posted speed limits of less than 50 mi/h. The above exclusions were intended to focus on highspeed roads only, which are more likely candidates for *MASH* TL-4 design speeds.

The 144 crashes included all types of 'objects struck' in the crash event. These include many roadway and roadside features such as barriers, other vehicles, work zone devices, etc. For a conservative estimate, the researchers excluded all 'object struck' types except for slopes and embankments. This implied that only those crashes in which the vehicle left the roadway without striking another object were considered. Presence of a barrier in these types of crashes has the possibility of preventing the crash or reducing the injury severity. In the 2018 to 2019 period, the number of type K severity crashes with 'object struck' as ditch and embankment were 32 and 39, respectively. The average annual number of K injury severity crashes for both categories combined was thus 35.5 crashes.

Since this number data does not exclusively include crashes involving *MASH* TL-4 design speed, the researchers used a conservative estimate that only 25% of these crashes can be assumed to be on roadways that qualify to have design speeds of *MASH* TL-4. This reduced the estimated annual crashes to 8.88.

The researchers acknowledged that not all the above crashes can be prevented by placement of a *MASH* TL-4 barrier. Thus, it was conservatively assumed that only 25% of the above crashes can be prevented or have their injury severity reduced by placing a TL-4 barrier. This led to an estimated 2.22 qualified crashes.

The researchers further acknowledged that the newly developed *MASH* TL-4 guardrail would be used in conjunction with other TxDOT concrete barriers. Thus, it was conservatively assumed that only 25% of the above crashes can be prevented by using the new *MASH* TL-4 guardrail. With this assumption, the number of crashes with highest injury severity of K that can be prevented by using the TL-4 guardrail was estimated to be 0.56 per year.

Since fatal crashes can sometimes involve more than one fatality, the total number of fatalities in crashes involving highest injury severity of K is greater than the total number of such crashes. However, for the purposes of conservatism, it was assumed that the number of fatalities involved in the above mentioned 0.56 crashes was the same as the number of crashes. Thus, with the state-wide use of the new guardrail, it was estimated that 0.56 fatalities could be prevented each year.

The researchers acknowledge that crashes typically involve other less severe injury severity types, which also contribute to the economic impact of a crash. However, to remain conservative in the estimate, the research team ignored the less severe injury types.

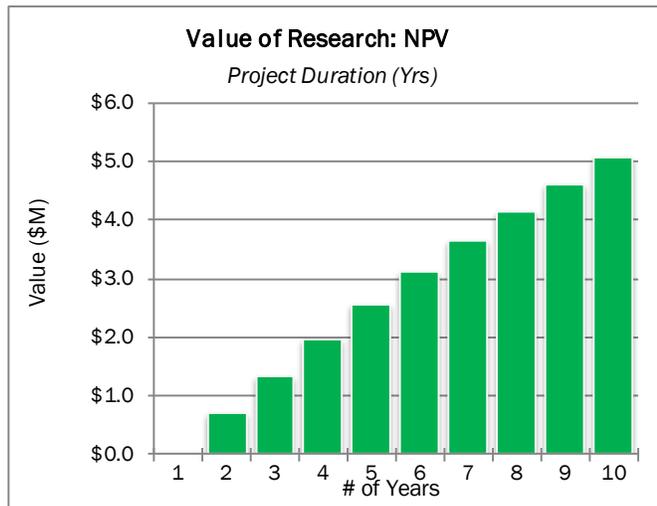
According to NHTSA, each fatality results in an average discounted lifetime economic cost of \$1.4 million, and an average comprehensive cost of \$9.1 million (“The Economic and Societal Impact of Motor Vehicle Crashes,” 2010 (Revised), <http://www-nrd.nhtsa.dot.gov/pubs/812013.pdf>).

For a conservative estimate, the researchers used the discounted economic cost of \$1.4 million to arrive at the annual expected value of this research. With a reduction of 0.56 fatality each year, the annual expected value of this research is \$784,000.

The researchers used a period of 10 years and a discount rate of 5%, which is typical per the TxDOT’s University Handbook, to arrive at the benefit-cost ratio of 18 for this research project. The estimated VOR is presented in Figure G.1.

	Project #	0-7019		
	Project Name:	Development of a MASH Test Level 4 Compliant Guardrail		
	Agency:	TTI	Project Budget	\$ 288,933
	Project Duration (Yrs)	3	Exp. Value (per Yr)	\$ 784,000
Expected Value Duration (Yrs)		10	Discount Rate	5%
Economic Value				
Total Savings:	\$ 7,551,067	Net Present Value (NPV):	\$ 5,077,626	
Payback Period (Yrs):	0.368537	Cost Benefit Ratio (CBR, \$1 : \$___):	\$ 18	

Years	Expected Value
0	-\$722,333
1	\$784,000
2	\$784,000
3	\$784,000
4	\$784,000
5	\$784,000
6	\$784,000
7	\$784,000
8	\$784,000
9	\$784,000
10	\$784,000



Variable Justification

There is a lack of public domain metal guardrail systems that are compliant to the American Association of State Transportation and Highway Officials (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware, Second Edition (MASH) Test Level 4 (TL-4) (1). This test level is used for assessing barriers that are designed to contain passenger as well as freight vehicles. Several corridors in Texas are known to experience a larger percentage of freight and truck traffic. In these corridors, the safety of the motoring public can greatly benefit from the use of a MASH TL 4 compliant metal guardrail system.

Qualitative Value

Benefit Area	Value
Safety	Use of a crashworthy guardrail to shield passenger and freight vehicles on high-speed roads from roadside hazards will improve the safety of the motoring public. It will prevent fatalities and injuries for the citizens of Texas.

Figure G.1 Value of Research for TxDOT Project 0-7019.

